Sitronix Technology Corporation

Parent Company Only Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and Independent Auditors' Report

Sitronix Technology Corporation

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Shareholders Sitronix Technology Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Sitronix Technology Corporation (the Company), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters of the Company's parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 are stated as follows:

Recognition of sales revenue

The Company's main source of revenue comes from the sale of goods, please refer to Notes 4 and 21 for information on the accounting policies of revenue recognition. Such revenue is recognized when the goods are transferred to the customer and the performance obligations are met. The revenue recognition process is that after receiving customers' orders and checking the transaction conditions, the business unit creates a manufacturing notice in the system, and enters into the production schedule after obtaining the approval from the supervisor. As soon as the production is completed, then the production unit would issue packing lists and invoices from the system, and the Company would obtain a signed packing list or the bill of ladings from the shipping companies when those shipping companies pick up the goods, then the system would check the shipping-related information, to generate the sales details. The accounting officers would recognize sales revenue according to the sales details.

We have assessed that the customers of the Company whose revenue significantly changed in 2024 are subject to the risk of validity of revenue recognition. Therefore, in order to confirm the validity of the Company's revenue recognition, we performed the following audit procedures on the sales transactions of these customers:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of the internal controls over revenue recognition, evaluated the design of the key controls, determined that the controls were implemented and tested the operating effectiveness of the controls.
- 2. We sampled and inspected the existence of the original purchase orders for each sale and were approved appropriately.
- 3. We inspected product names and quantities on notifications of manufacturing, invoices and goods receipts. We also inspected and confirmed the amounts were consistent.
- 4. We inspected the reasonableness of the collection of accounts receivable and confirmed the collection amounts, and counterparties were consistent with the revenue recognized.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Ya-Yun Chang and Mei-Chen Tsai.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 6, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2	2024	December 31	, 2023	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
CURRENT ASSETS					CURRENT LIABILITIES
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4, 6 and 29)	\$ 1,511,510	10	\$ 2,959,233	22	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -					(Notes 4, 7 and 29)
current (Notes 4, 7 and 29)	211,814	2	439,660	3	Trade payables (Note 29)
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive					Trade payables to related parties (Notes 29 and 30)
income - current (Notes 4, 8 and 29)	311,348	2	325,565	2	Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees' compensation and
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4, 9, 29 and 31)	2,250,655	15	859,235	6	remuneration of directors (Note 22)
Notes receivable and trade receivables (Notes 4, 10, 21 and 29)	856,442	6	814,119	6	Other payables (Notes 18 and 29)
Trade receivables from related parties (Notes 4, 21, 29 and 30)	41,600	-	28,887	-	Other payables to related parties (Notes 29 and 30)
Other receivables (Notes 4, 10 and 29)	150,698	1	96,253	1	Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 23)
Other receivables from related parties (Notes 4, 29 and 30)	38,382	-	20,616	-	Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4, 14, 27 and 29)
Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 11)	1,114,522	8	919,349	7	Other current liabilities (Notes 18, 21 and 29)
Prepayments (Notes 17 and 30)	85,760	1	73,407	1	
Other current assets (Notes 4, 17 and 29)	18,041		10,686	<u> </u>	Total current liabilities
Total current assets	6,590,772	45	6,547,010	48	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES
					Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 23)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14, 27 and 29)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -					Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 19)
non-current (Notes 4, 7 and 29)	239,264	2	207,746	2	Other non-current liabilities (Notes 4, 18, 27, 29, 30 and 32)
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive					
income - non-current (Notes 4, 8 and 29)	918,286	6	591,989	4	Total non-current liabilities
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (Notes 4, 9 and 29)	-	-	30,870	-	
Investment accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4,					Total liabilities
12, 25, 26 and 30)	5,687,709	39	4,753,834	35	
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 13)	568,447	4	537,565	4	EQUITY (Notes 4, 20 and 26)
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 14)	38,604	-	64,255	-	Share capital
Investment properties (Notes 4 and 15)	372,841	3	379,751	3	Ordinary shares
Intangible assets (Notes 4 and 16)	91,939	1	96,142	1	Capital surplus
Deferred tax assets - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)	2,623	-	5,771	-	Retained earnings
Other non-current assets (Notes 4, 17, 29 and 32)	77,226		448,376	3	Legal reserve
	5 00 < 0 2 0		5 11 4 000	50	Special reserve
Total non-current assets	7,996,939	<u> </u>	7,116,299	52	Unappropriated earnings Total retained earnings
					Other equity
					Exchange differences on translating the financial statement
					of foreign operations
					Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value
					through other comprehensive income
					Total other equity
					Treasury shares
					Total equity
TOTAL	<u>\$ 14,587,711</u>	_100	<u>\$ 13,663,309</u>	100	TOTAL
	ψ 17,507,711	100	<u> </u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

	December 31, 2	024	December 31, 2	2023
	Amount	%	Amount	%
\$	15,813	-	\$ 20,881	-
	1,035,369	7	802,636	6
	411,868	3	353,661	3
	190,561	1	190,388	1
	725,685	5	755,675	6
	14,572	-	8,039	-
	135,460	1	278,226	2
	26,725	-	26,401	-
	78,919	<u> </u>	71,195	1
	2,634,972	18	2,507,102	19
	5,662		18,353	
	12,737	-	39,106	
	14,901	_	26,355	_
	58,478	1	77,205	1
	50,470	<u> </u>		
	91,778	1	161,019	1
	2,726,750	19	2,668,121	20
	1,201,369	8	1,201,369	9
	2,075,699	14	1,839,449	13
	2,351,222	16	2,165,105	16
	76,387	-	288,225	2
	6,076,690	42	5,633,437	41
	8,504,299	58	8,086,767	59
	33,861	-	(2,758)	-
	101,742	1	(73,630)	(1)
	135,603	1	($(\underline{1})$
(56,009)		(56,009)	
	11,860,961	81	10,995,188	80
<u>\$</u>	14,587,711		<u>\$ 13,663,309</u>	<u> 100 </u>

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
NET REVENUE (Notes 4, 21 and 30)	\$ 10,657,884	100	\$ 10,322,545	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 11, 22, 30 and 32)	7,713,631	72	7,390,421	72
GROSS PROFIT	2,944,253	28	2,932,124	28
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 19, 22 and 30) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses	207,489 237,249 <u>1,366,080</u>	2 2 13	179,892 228,622 <u>1,277,701</u>	2 2 12
Total operating expenses	1,810,818	17	1,686,215	16
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 4, 14, 22 and 30)	16,561	<u> </u>	1,486	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	1,149,996	11	1,247,395	12
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 4, 12, 22 and 30)	92.261	1	71.220	1
Interest income Other income	83,261 73,885	1 1	71,320 75,832	1
Other gains and losses	31,787	-	45,662	-
Finance costs	(775)	-	(2,702)	-
Share of profit of subsidiaries	678,953	6	630,613	6
Total non-operating income and expenses	867,111	8	820,725	8
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	2,017,107	19	2,068,120	20
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 23)	168,896	2	209,779	2
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR	1,848,211	17	1,858,341	18
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 4, 19 and 20) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Unrealized (loss) gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	9,227	-	2,764	-
comprehensive income	81,715	1	144,214	1
Share of the other comprehensive (loss) income of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method	87,096	1	65,812 (Co	1 ontinued)

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2024			2023				
	Amount		Amount %		Amount % Amount		Amount	%
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss								
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	\$	36,619	-	(\$	11,944)	-		
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		2,164	-		839	-		
Share of the other comprehensive (loss) income of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method		6,080			6,398			
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year, net of income tax		222,901	2		208,083	2		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$</u>	2,071,112	<u> 19</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,066,424	20		
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 24) Basic Diluted	<u>\$</u> \$	<u> </u>		<u>\$</u> \$	<u> </u>			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

(Concluded)

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

							Other Equity ((Notes 4 and 20)		
	Share Capital (Notes 4 and 20)			Retained Earnings (Note 2	20)	Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other		
	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Amount	Capital Surplus (Notes 20 and 26)	Legal Reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Statements of Foreign Operations	Comprehensive Income	Treasury Share (Note 20)	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023	120,137	\$ 1,201,369	\$ 1,690,740	\$ 1,801,820	\$ 105,464	\$ 6,961,331	\$ 9,186	(\$ 290,948)	(\$ 56,009)	\$ 11,422,953
Appropriation of 2022 earnings										
Legal reserve	-	-	-	363,285	-	(363,285)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	-	-	182,761	$\begin{array}{ccc} (& 182,761) \\ (& 2,643,011) \end{array}$	-	-	-	(2,643,011)
Other changes in capital surplus										
Adjustment of capital surplus due to dividends distributed to subsidiaries	-	-	6,141	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,141
Differences between consideration received and the carrying amount of			100.040					110		100.070
subsidiaries' net assets during actual acquisitions or disposals Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	120,849 21,719	-	-	-	-	113	-	120,962 21,719
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	(58)	-	-
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	1,858,341	-	-	-	1,858,341
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>				2,764	(11,944)	217,263		208,083
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	1,861,105	(11,944)	217,263		2,066,424
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	120,137	1,201,369	1,839,449	2,165,105	288,225	5,633,437	(2,758)	(73,630)	(56,009)	10,995,188
Appropriation of 2023 earnings										
Legal reserve	-	-	-	186,117	-	(186,117)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	-	-	(211,838)	211,838 (1,441,642)	-	-	-	(1,441,642)
Other changes in capital surplus						(1,11,012)				(1,11,012)
Adjustment of capital surplus due to dividends distributed to										
subsidiaries Differences between consideration received and the carrying amount of	-	-	3,349	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,349
subsidiaries' net assets during actual acquisitions or disposals	-	-	15,189	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,189
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	217,712	-	-	-	-	53	-	217,765
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,736	-	(1,736)	-	-
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	-	1,848,211	-	-	-	1,848,211
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024, net of income tax		<u>-</u>			_	9,227	36,619	177,055	<u>-</u>	222,901
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	1,857,438	36,619	177,055		2,071,112
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	120,137	<u>\$ 1,201,369</u>	<u>\$ 2,075,699</u>	<u>\$ 2,351,222</u>	<u>\$ 76,387</u>	<u>\$ 6,076,690</u>	<u>\$ 33,861</u>	<u>\$ 101,742</u>	(<u>\$ 56,009</u>)	<u>\$ 11,860,961</u>
									·	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	2,017,107	\$	2,068,120
Adjustments for:	Ψ	2,017,107	Ψ	2,000,120
Depreciation expense		172,933		148,073
Amortization expense		57,795		41,195
Net gain on fair value changes of financial assets designated as at fair value		51,195		11,195
through profit or loss	(22,439)	(40,892)
Finance costs	(775	(2,702
Interest income	(83,261)	(71,320)
Dividend income	\tilde{c}	22,575)	Č	20,730)
Compensation cost of share-based payment	(-	(3,092
Share of profits of subsidiaries	(678,953)	(630,613)
Net (gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		14,786)	(18
Write-down of inventories recognized (reversed)	(10,500	(90,000)
Impairment loss recognized on prepayment for purchase		10,500	(112,000
Realized gains with subsidiaries	(15,738)	(17,101)
Unrealized net loss on foreign currency exchange	(24,834	C	5,533
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		24,034		5,555
Notes receivable and trade receivables	(11,448)	(212,391)
Receivables from related parties		12,629)	C	5,379
Other receivables	$\left(\right)$	56,098)	(5,677)
		4,513)		56,034)
Other receivables from related parties		. ,	(
Inventories		205,673)		1,374,400
Prepayments Other current eccets		12,353)	(5,357
Other current assets	C	7,355)	(3,769) 252.021
Trade payables		532,322 44,193		352,931 180,148
Payables to related parties	(44,193 46,507)	(
Other payables	(299,370)
Other payables to related parties		6,533	(13,670)
Other current liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities	(7,724	(21,033)
	(2,227)	C	2,272)
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees' compensation and remuneration		172	(195 (09)
of directors		173	(185,608)
Cash generated from operations		1,678,334		2,628,468
Interest received	(86,791	(67,598
Interest paid	(770)	(2,725)
Income tax paid	(322,764)	(551,623)
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,441,591		2,141,718
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				
income	(250,652)	(103,583)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		34,500	,	-
Purchase of financial assets measured at amortized cost	(2,807,811)	(1,447,175)
Proceeds from the return of principle of financial assets at amortized cost	`	1,449,235	`	1,354,027
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(345,526)	(360,997)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	`	546,788	`	291,387
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	(434,266)	(176,845)
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PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2024	2023
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$ 213,572) 14,831	(\$ 145,353)
Increase in refundable deposits Decrease in refundable deposits	(186) 58,791	(1,153) 118,920
(Increase) decrease in other receivables from related parties Acquisition of intangible assets	(12,937 $)($ 53,149 $)$	66,028 (105,561)
Dividends received	563,941	739,841
Net cash (used in) generated from investing activities	(<u>1,450,013</u>)	229,536
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from short-term borrowings Repayments of short-term borrowings Increase in guarantee deposits Decrease in guarantee deposits Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities Cash dividends distributed Disposal of ownership interests subsidiaries (without losing control) Net cash used in financing activities	$\begin{array}{c} 250 \\ (20,288) \\ (26,649) \\ (1,441,642) \\ \underline{20,000} \\ (\underline{1,468,329}) \end{array}$	$(\begin{array}{c} 687,880 \\ (\begin{array}{c} 705,925 \\ 4,827 \\ (\begin{array}{c} 69,458 \\ (\begin{array}{c} 26,669 \\ (\begin{array}{c} 2,643,011 \\ 170,850 \end{array} \end{array}) \\ (\begin{array}{c} 2,581,506 \\ \end{array}) \end{array}$
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	29,028	(<u>2,528</u>)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,447,723)	(212,780)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	2,959,233	3,172,013
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 1,511,510</u>	<u>\$ 2,959,233</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

(Concluded)

NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sitronix Technology Corporation (the Company) was incorporated in Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) in July 1992 and commenced operations in the same year. The principal place of business is located in Tai Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Hsinchu County. The Company operates principally as a designer, manufacturer and supplier of integrated circuits (ICs) and memory chips and focuses on display driver ICs (DDIs) for entry-level mobile phones, industrial displays and automotive systems.

The Company's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) since December 25, 2003.

In order to improve the Company's overall operating performance and market increase competitiveness, the Company reorganized the Group's structure, carried out a professional division of labor and coordinated the allocation of the Group's resources. On March 18, 2021, according to the Business Mergers And Acquisitions Act and the Company Act, the Company's board of directors resolved to spin off the automotive business division to the Company's subsidiary, Forcelead Technology Corp., which issued new ordinary shares as consideration for the transfer. The spin-off completion date is June 1, 2021.

The parent company only financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The parent company only financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors and authorized for issue on March 6, 2025.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Company's accounting policies.

b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2025

	Effective Date
New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Issued by IASB

January 1, 2025 (Note 1)

Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"

Note 1: The Company shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1,2025. Upon initial application of the amendments, the comparison period may not be restated, and the Company recognizes any effect (as an adjustment) to the opening balance of retained earnings or the exchange differences on foreign operations under equity (where applicable) and the related affected assets and liabilities.

As of the date the accompanying parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company has assessed that the application of other standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and financial performance.

c. The IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Issued by IASB (Note 1)
	L 1 000 <i>C</i>
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the	January 1, 2026
Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments"	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Contracts Referencing	January 1, 2026
Nature-dependent Electricity"	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
Comparative Information"	
IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures"	January 1, 2027

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

1) IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"

IFRS 18 will supersede IAS 1" Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes comprise:

- Items of income and expenses included in the statement of profit or loss shall be classified into the operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations categories.
- The statement of profit or loss shall present totals and subtotals for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Provides guidance to enhance the requirements of aggregation and disaggregation: The Company shall identify the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows that arise from individual transactions or other events and shall classify and aggregate them into groups based on shared characteristics, so as to result in the presentation in the primary financial statements of line items that have at least one similar characteristic. The Company shall disaggregate items with dissimilar characteristics in the primary financial statements and in the notes. The Company labels items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative label.
- Disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs): When in public communications outside financial statements and communicating to users of financial statements management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the Company as a whole, the Company shall disclose related information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including the description of such measures, calculations, reconciliations to the subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards and the income tax and non-controlling interests effects of related reconciliation items.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the accompanying parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Company's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Statement of compliance

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

b. Basis of preparation

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value, and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

When preparing the parent company only financial statements, the Company accounted for subsidiaries and associates by using the equity method. In order for the amount of net income, other comprehensive income and equity in the parent company only financial statements to agree with the amount attributable to shareholders of the parent in the consolidated financial statements, the difference in the accounting treatment between the parent company only basis and the consolidated basis are adjusted under the heading of investments accounted for using the equity method, share of profits of subsidiaries and share of other comprehensive income of subsidiary in the parent company only financial statements.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Company does not have the substantial right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Foreign currencies

In preparing the parent company only financial statements transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

e. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, work in progress, finished goods and merchandise, and are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

f. Investments in subsidiaries

The Company uses the equity method to account for its investments in subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled by the Company.

Under the equity method, an investment in a subsidiary is initially recognized at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary after the date of acquisition. Besides, the Company also recognizes the Company's share of the change in other equity of the subsidiary.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the Company losing control of the subsidiary are equity transactions. Any difference between the carrying amount of the subsidiary and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

When the Company's share of losses of a subsidiary exceeds its interest in that subsidiary (which includes any carrying amount of the investment accounted for by the equity method and long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the subsidiary), the Company continues recognizing its share of further losses.

The Company assesses its investment for any impairment by comparing the carrying amount with the estimated recoverable amount as assessed based on the entire financial statements of the invested company. Impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases, the Company recognizes the reversal of the impairment loss; the adjusted post-reversal carrying amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been recognized (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years .

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, it recognizes the investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The difference between the fair value of the retained investment plus any consideration received and the carrying amount of the previous investment at the date when control is lost is recognized as a gain or loss in profit or loss. Besides, the Company accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Profits or losses resulting from downstream transactions are eliminated in full only in the parent company only financial statements. Profits and losses resulting from upstream transactions and transactions between subsidiaries are recognized only in the parent company financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiaries that are not related to the Company.

g. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially stated at cost and subsequently stated at cost less recognized accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Except for freehold land which is not depreciated, the depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

h. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method.

Investment properties is transferred to property, plant and equipment at the carrying amount on the day when the supply for self-use begins.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss.

- i. Intangible assets
 - 1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful life, residual value, and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are measured at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

2) Internally-generated intangible assets - research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

3) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properities and intangible assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a settlement date basis.

a) Measurement category

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost, investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL were financial assets mandatorily measured as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 29.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables measured at amortized cost, time deposits with original maturities of over 3 months, pledged fixed deposits, and refundable deposits) and are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset.

A credit-impaired financial asset is one where the issuer or debtor has experienced significant financial difficulties, defaults, the debtor is likely to file for bankruptcy or other financial reorganization, or the active market for the financial asset has disappeared due to financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include short-term investments or time deposits with original maturities of three months or less, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- i) The debt instrument is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and the selling of such financial assets; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in the carrying amounts of these debt instruments relating to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest income calculated using the effective interest method and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when the investment is disposed of.

iv. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends are recognized in profit and loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, unless they clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment, in which case, they are included in OCI.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables) and, investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI.

The Company always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (i.e. ECLs) for trade receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Company recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of such a financial asset.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another party.

Derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the sum of

consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss, and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. Its carry amounts are calculated based on weighted average by stock types and calculated separately according to the reasons for withdrawal. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

- 3) Financial liabilities
 - a) Subsequent measurement

Except the following situation, all financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method:

i. Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when such financial liabilities are either held for trading or are designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities held for trading are stated at fair value, with any gain or loss arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 29.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

4) Derivative financial instruments

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including cross currency swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship. When the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is positive, the derivative is recognized as a financial asset; when the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is negative, the derivative is recognized as a financial liability.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts that contain financial asset hosts that is within the scope of IFRS 9 "Financial instruments" are not separated; instead, the classification is determined in

accordance with the entire hybrid contract. Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts that are not financial assets that is within the scope of IFRS 9 (e.g. financial liabilities) are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative; their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts; and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

1. Provisions

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the discounted cash flows of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Decommissioning and restoration obligation

Pursuant to the lease agreement, the Company has an obligation, at the end of the respective lease terms, to restore the leased plant assets to their original condition at the time of the lease. Provisions are recognized based on the present value of the best estimate of future outflows of economic benefits that will be required for fulfillment of the restoration obligation stated on the lease contract.

m. Revenue recognition

The Company identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

1) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of integrated circuits. Sales of integrated circuits are recognized as revenue when the goods are delivered to the customer's specific location because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence.

The Company does not recognize revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors because this delivery does not involve a transfer of control.

2) Rendering of services

Service income is recognized when services are provided.

n. Leasing

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contain a lease.

1) The Company as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Company subleases a right-of-use asset, the sublease is classified by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. However, if the head lease is a short-term lease that the Company, as a lessee, has accounted for applying the recognition exemption, the sublease is classified as an operating lease.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

2) The Company as lessee

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the parent company only balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in the lease terms, the Company remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the parent company only balance sheets.

o. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

- p. Employee benefits
 - 1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost) and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities represent the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

q. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

According to the Income Tax Act, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for as income tax in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax credits for purchases of machinery, equipment and technology, research and development expenditures and personnel training expenditures to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred taxes

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Company considers the possible impact of inflation and market rate of interest fluctuations when making its critical significant accounting estimates on cash flow projections, growth rate, discount rate, profitability, etc. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

a. Write-down of inventories

The net realizable value of inventory is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and disposal. The estimation of net realizable value was based on current market conditions and the historical experience with product sales of a similar nature. Changes in market conditions may have a material impact on the estimation of the net realizable value.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

December 31					
2024			2023		
\$	73	\$	66		
186,544		222,896			
1,1	45,772	2,6	660,265		
1	79,121		76,006		
\$ 1,5	511,510	\$ 2,9	959,233		
	\$ 1,1	2024 \$ 73	2024 2 \$ 73 \$ 186,544 2 1,145,772 2,6 179,121 2		

The market rate intervals of cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decem	ber 31
	2024	2023
Time deposits	1.700%~4.430%	0.625%~5.35%
Bonds with repurchase agreements	1.300%~1.600%	1.25%

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31			
		2024		2023
Financial assets at FVTPL - current				
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL				
Derivative financial assets				
Credit linked notes - linked with convertible bonds	\$	55,244	\$	90,358
Foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange				
swap contracts		19,746		27,931
Equity linked notes		-		15,466
				(Continued)

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Non-derivative financial assets Domestic mutual fund investments Convertible bonds Exchangeable bonds Domestic listed shares	\$ 56,785 58,732 20,610 697 \$ 211,814	\$ 214,260 70,409 20,760 476 \$ 439,660	
Financial assets at FVTPL - non-current			
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Derivative financial assets Credit linked notes - linked with convertible bonds Non-derivative financial assets Exchangeable bonds Limited partnership	\$ 85,299 9,580 <u>144,385</u> <u>\$ 239,264</u>	\$ 125,572 <u>82,174</u> <u>\$ 207,746</u>	
Financial liabilities at FVTPL - current			
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Derivative financial liabilities Foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swap contracts	<u>\$ 15,813</u>	<u>\$ 20,881</u> (Concluded)	

At the end of the reporting period, outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swaps not under hedge accounting were as follows:

-	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2024			
Sell forward exchange contracts Buy forward exchange contracts	USD/NTD NTD/USD	2025.01.09~2025.08.06 2025.01.13~2025.08.04	US\$17,000/NT\$541,532 NT\$537,599/US\$17,000
December 31, 2023			
Sell forward exchange contracts Buy forward exchange contracts	USD/NTD NTD/USD	2024.01.04~2024.08.14 2024.01.03~2024.08.16	US\$32,000/NT\$991,994 NT\$1,015,649/US\$33,000

The Company entered into foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swaps contracts to manage exposures to exchange rate fluctuations of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Decem	ıber 31
	2024	2023
Current		
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 311,348	\$ 325,565
Non-current		
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 804,731 113,555 \$ 918,286	\$ 480,571 <u>111,418</u> \$ 591,989
a. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI		
	Decem	ıber 31
	2024	2023
Current		
Domestic investments Listed shares (1) \ (2) and (3) Foreign investments	\$ 300,926	\$ 325,565
Listed shares (1) and (4)	10,422	
	\$ 311,348	\$ 325,565
Non-current		
Domestic investments Unlisted equity investments (1) and (4) Foreign investments	\$ 421,800	\$ 183,694
Unlisted equity investments (1)	382,931	296,877
	\$ 804,731	\$ 480,571

- These investments in equity instruments are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Company's strategy of holding these investments for purposes.
- 2) In order to manage credit concentration risk, the Company sold its ordinary shares of domestic listed companies in 2024 in the amounts of \$34,500 thousand; and transferred a gain of \$103 thousand from other equity to retained earnings.
- 3) In 2024, the Company acquired domestic unlisted equity investments at \$220,000 thousand and acquired the ordinary shares of domestic and foreign listed at \$42,727 thousand, additionally, in 2023, it acquired the ordinary shares of domestic listed companies at \$22,348 thousand.The management designated these investments as at FVTOCI due to their strategic investment purposes.

- 4) Dividends of \$20,775 thousand and \$19,109 thousand were recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024, and 2023, respectively, the amounts related to investments that had been derecognized by the end of the year were \$1,380 thousand and \$0, respectively, while the amounts related to investments still held on December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$19,395 thousand and \$19,109 thousand, respectively.
- b. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

	December 31					
	2024			2023		
Non-Current						
Domestic corporate bonds	\$	49,472	\$	49,738		
Foreign corporate bonds		64,083		61,680		
	\$	113,555	\$	111,418		

- 1) In 2023, the Company purchased foreign corporate bonds for US \$1,000 thousand with a coupon rate of 5.800%.
- 2) In 2023, the Company purchased domestic corporate bonds for \$49,999 thousand with a coupon rate of 1.537%.

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Current				
Domestic investments				
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months (a)	\$ 2,188,000	\$ 829,700		
Pledged fixed deposits (b)	29,811	29,535		
	2,217,811	859,235		
Foreign investments				
Foreign corporate bonds (c)	32,844	-		
	\$ 2,250,655	\$ 859,235		
Non-current				
Foreign investments				
Foreign corporate bonds (c)	\$ -	\$ 30,870		

- a. The interest rates for time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months ranged from 1.440%~1.720% and 1.45%~1.53% per annum as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- b. Refer to Note 31 for information relating to investments in financial assets at amortized cost pledged as security.
- c. In August 2016, the Company purchased the priority unsecured US dollar debt issued by Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited at US \$1,028 thousand, with an expiry date of April 22, 2025 and the coupon rate of 3.375%.

	December 31					
	2024			2023		
Notes receivable						
At amortized cost						
Gross carrying amount	\$	79	\$	-		
Less: Allowance for impairment loss		-		-		
	\$	79	\$	_		
Trade receivables						
At amortized cost						
Gross carrying amount	\$	873,935	\$	831,691		
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(17,572)	(17,572)		
	\$	856,363	\$	814,119		
Other receivables						
Income tax refund receivable	\$	142,687	\$	84,951		
Others		8,011		11,302		
	\$	150,698	\$	96,253		

The credit period of sales of goods was 10~115 days. No interest was charged on trade receivables. The Company adopted a policy of obtaining advance payment or sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Company uses other publicly available financial information or its own historical trading records to rate its major customers. The Company's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the Company annually.

The Company measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to the past default records of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. As the Company's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Company's different customer base.

The Company writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of notes receivable and trade receivables based on the Company's provision matrix:

December 31, 2024

	No	t Past Due		Up to 0 Days	61 to 9	0 Days	Ove	r 90 Days		Total
Expected credit loss rate		0.44%		100%		-		100%		
Gross carrying amount	\$	860,216	\$	9,733	\$	-	\$	4,065	\$	874,014
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	(3,774)	(9,733)		-	(4,065)	(17,572)
Amortized cost	\$	856,442	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	856,442

December 31, 2023

			τ	U p to						
	No	t Past Due	60) Days	61 to 9	90 Days	Ove	r 90 Days		Total
Expected credit loss rate		1.60%		100%		-		100%		
Gross carrying amount	\$	827,333	\$	2	\$	-	\$	4,356	\$	831,691
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	(13,214)	(2)		-	(4,356)	(17,572)
Amortized cost	\$	814,119	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	814,119

The movements of the loss allowance of notes receivable and trade receivables were as follows:

	Years Ende	ed December 31
	2024	2023
Balance at January 1	\$ 17,572	\$ 17,849
Less: amounts written off (b)		(277)
Balance at December 31	\$ 17,572	\$ 17,572

- a. Compared with January 1, 2024, the total carrying amount of notes receivable and trade receivables as of December 31, 2024 increased by a net amount of \$42,323 thousand, and the loss allowance did not change; compared with January 1, 2023, the total carrying amount of notes receivable and trade receivables as of December 31, 2023 increased by a net amount of \$176,236 thousand, and the loss allowance decreased by a net amount of \$277 thousand.
- b. The Company wrote off the related trade receivables of \$277 thousand and the loss allowance of \$277 thousand, due to the bankruptcy declared by the court for one customer in the year ended 2023.

11. INVENTORIES

	December 31					
	2024					
Finished goods Work in progress	\$ 361,073 628,035	\$	196,451 630,206			
Raw materials Merchandise	125,410 4		92,674 18			
	\$ 1,114,522	\$	919,349			

Cost of goods sold is defined as follows:

	Years Ended	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023		
Cost of inventories sold	\$ 7,730,665	\$ 7,401,683 (Continued)		

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Allowance for inventory valuation		
loss (reversal of write-down inventories) (a)	\$ 10,500	(\$ 90,000)
Impairment loss on prepayment		
for purchase	-	112,000
Others	(27,534)	(33,262)
	\$ 7,713,631	\$ 7,390,421
		(Concluded)

a. The reversal of the inventories to net receivable value was due to the circumtances that caused the net realizable value of inventories to be lower than its cost no longer existed.

12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Investments in subsidiaries			
Sensortek Technology Corp.	\$ 1,954,146	\$ 1,959,092	
Forcelead Technology Corp.	1,494,717	1,021,604	
Sitronix Investment Corp.	357,270	280,473	
CELEFIDE CO., LTD.	506,013	449,489	
mCore Technology Corp.	142,516	113,139	
Sync-Tech System Corp.	628,388	359,425	
Sitronix Holding International Ltd.	243,388	217,255	
INFSitronix Technology Corp.	33,926	52,932	
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	34,085	28,514	
HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	154,219	139,304	
ezGreen Inc.	60,220	45,694	
HeFei ezGreen Co., Ltd.	22,879	10,906	
Seer Microelectronics, Inc.	55,942	76,007	
	\$ 5,687,709	\$ 4,753,834	

	Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights December 31		
Name of Subsidiaries			
	2024	2023	
Sensortek Technology Corp.	46.06%	46.06%	
Forcelead Technology Corp.	55.10%	61.01%	
Sitronix Investment Corp.	100.00%	100.00%	
CELEFIDE CO., LTD.	90.00%	90.00%	
mCore Technology Corp.	90.73%	90.73%	
Sync-Tech System Corp.	45.48%	42.19%	
Sitronix Holding International Ltd.	100.00%	100.00%	
INFSitronix Technology Corp.	58.42%	58.42%	
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	100.00%	100.00%	
HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	100.00%	100.00%	
zGreen Inc.	100.00%	100.00%	
HeFei ezGreen Co., Ltd.	100.00%	100.00%	
Seer Microelectronics, Inc.	72.66%	72.66%	

As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, the Company's shareholding ratio of Sensortek Technology Corp. were both 46.06%. Since Sensortek Technology Corp. is a TPEx listed company in the Republic of China, the remaining 53.94% of the shares held are widely dispersed. After considering the absolute number, relative size and distribution of shareholding held by the other shareholders, the Company was judged to have the substantive ability to dominate the relevant activities of Sensortek Technology Corp., therefore, it is classified as a subsidiary.

As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, the Company's shareholding ratio of Sync-Tech System Corp. were 45.48% and 42.19%, respectively and was the largest single shareholder of the latter. After considering the absolute number, relative size and distribution of shareholding held by the other shareholders, the Company was judged to have the substantive ability to dominate the relevant activities of Sync-Tech System Corp., therefore, it is classified as a subsidiary.

In 2023, the Company acquired Seer Microelectronics, Inc. by subscribing to its newly issued shares through capital increase. As a result, the company has accumulated a 72.66% equity stake therefore, it is classified as a subsidiary. For more information, please refer to Note 25.

Please refer to Note 26 for the acquisitions and disposals of investments in subsidiaries.

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Machinery Equipment	Test Equipment	Office Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Reclassification	\$ 67,674 - 22,903	\$ 274,128 11,599 (56) 48,350	\$ 61,004 21,050 (4,669)	\$ 420,212 102,606 (15,954)	\$ 4,665 808 _ _	\$ 827,683 136,063 (20,679) 71,253
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 90,577	\$ 334,021	\$ 77,385	\$ 506,864	\$ 5,473	\$ 1,014,320
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Reclassification	\$ - - -	\$ 113,601 8,253 (56) 5,925	\$ 49,091 8,404 (4,651)	\$ 211,580 97,105 (15,954)	\$ 2,979 478 -	\$ 377,251 114,240 (20,661) 5,925
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ -	\$ 127,723	\$ 52,844	\$ 292,731	\$ 3,457	\$ 476,755
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	\$ 90,577	\$ 206,298	\$ 24,541	\$ 214,133	\$ 2,016	\$ 537,565
	Freehold		Machinery	Test	Office	
Cost	Land	Buildings	<u>Equipment</u>	Equipment	Equipment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals	\$ 90,577 - -	\$ 334,021 784 (157)	\$ 77,385 7,249 (8,706)	\$ 506,864 158,736 (77,383)	\$ 5,473 3,656 (838)	\$ 1,014,320 170,425 (87,084)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 90,577	\$ 334,648	\$ 75,928	\$ 588,217	\$ 8,291	\$ 1,097,661
						(Continued)

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Machinery Equipment	Test Equipment	Office Equipment	Total
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals	\$ - - -	\$ 127,723 8,480 (157)	\$ 52,844 9,824 (8,661)	\$ 292,731 120,563 (77,383)	\$ 3,457 631 (838)	\$ 476,755 139,498 (87,039)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ -	\$ 136,046	\$ 54,007	\$ 335,911	\$ 3,250	\$ 529,214
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	\$ 90,577	\$ 198,602	\$ 21,921	\$ 252,306	\$ 5,041	\$ 568,447 (Concluded)

In 2024 and 2023, the impairment loss was not recognized or reversed.

The Company's property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	
Main buildings	50~51 years
Renovation construction / Lease improvement	5 years
Machinery equipment	3~4 years
Test equipment	3~6 years
Office equipment	5~6 years

14. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Carrying amount			
Buildings Office equipment	\$ 36,809 1,795	\$ 60,550 3,705	
Office equipment	\$ 38,604	\$ 64,255	
	Years Ended	December 31	
	2024	2023	
Additions to right-of-use assets	\$ 874	\$ 3,663	
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets			
Buildings Office equipment	\$ 24,615 1,910	\$ 24,930 1,913	
	\$ 26,525	\$ 26,843	
Income from the subleasing of right-of-use assets (classified under other operating income and expenses)	\$ 1,775	\$ 1,504	

b. Lease liabilities

	Decem	ber 31
	2024	2023
Carrying amount		
Current	\$ 26,725	\$ 26,401
Non-current	\$ 12,737	\$ 39,106

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Buildings	1.345%~2.240%	1.345%	
Office equipment	1.720%~2.115%	1.720%~2.115%	

c. Material lease activities and terms

The Company leases various assets including buildings and office equipment with lease terms between $2\sim5$ years. The leased buildings includes factory and offices, and the leased office equipment includes rental cars. The Company does not have bargain purchase or renewal options to acquire or renew the leases when they expire.

d. Other lease information

Lease arrangements under operating leases for the leasing out of investment properties are set out in Note 15.

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ 3,099	\$ 2,423	
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	\$ 82	\$ 65	
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ 30,543	\$ 30,217	

The Company's leases of certain parking spaces qualify as short-term leases and leases of machinery qualify as low-value asset leases. The Company has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Land	Buildings	Total
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2023 Reclassification	\$ 144,860 (22,903)	\$ 399,527 (48,350)	\$ 544,387 (71,253)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 121,957	\$ 351,177	\$ 473,134
			(Continued)

	Land	Buildings	Total
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ -	\$ 92,318	\$ 92,318
Additions	-	6,990	6,990
Reclassification		(5,925)	(5,925)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ -	\$ 93,383	\$ 93,383
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	\$ 121,957	\$ 257,794	\$ 379,751
Cost			
Balance at January 1 and December 31, 2024	\$ 121,957	\$ 351,177	\$ 473,134
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ -	\$ 93,383	\$ 93,383
Additions	-	6,910	6,910
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ -	\$ 100,293	\$ 100,293
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	\$ 121,957	\$ 250,884	\$ 372,841
			(Concluded)

The above mentioned investment properties were leased out for 1 to 5 years. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the investment properties at the expiry of the lease periods.

The future minimum lease payments of operating lease commitments were as follows:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Year 1	\$ 24,310	\$ 22,579
Year 2	19,938	21,578
Year 3	19,430	19,430
More than 3 years	19,430	38,860
	\$ 83,108	\$102,447

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 50 years.

The determination of fair values of the Company's investment properties was performed by independent qualified professional values of the China Real Estate Appraising Firm using Level 3 inputs. The evaluation is based on the cost method and the weighted average of the income method and the market comparison method. The significant unobservable input used include the discount rate, and the appraised fair values are as follows:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Fair value	\$ 683,928	\$ 636,276

All of the Company's investment properties were held under freehold interests.

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Royalty	Computer Software	Total
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions	\$ 88,164 12,474	\$ 123,182 86,581	\$ 211,346 99,055
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 100,638	\$ 209,763	\$ 310,401
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 85,008	\$ 88,056	\$ 173,064
Amortization expenses	3,028	38,167	41,195
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 88,036	\$ 126,223	\$ 214,259
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	\$ 12,602	\$ 83,540	\$ 96,142
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals	\$ 100,638 15,172 (44)	\$ 209,763 38,420 (34)	\$ 310,401 53,592 (78)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 115,766	\$ 248,149	\$ 363,915
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 88,036	\$ 126,223	\$ 214,259
Additions	7,339	50,456	57,795
Disposals Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>(44)</u> \$ 95,331	(34) \$ 176,645	(78) \$ 271,976
Datance at December 51, 2024	\$ 95,551	φ 170,043	\$ 2/1,9/0
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	\$ 20,435	\$ 71,504	\$ 91,939

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Royalty	2~10 years
Computer software	2~6 years

An analysis of amortization by function:

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses	\$ 3,967 53,828	\$ 4,369 36,826
	\$ 57,795	\$ 41,195

17. OTHER ASSETS

Prepayments 2024 2023 Input tax and offset against business tax Prepaid probe cards Prepayments\$ 58,237 17,276 10,887 10,247 \$ 50,425 17,276 \$ 10,887 10,247 \$ \$ 85,760 \$ 73,407Other current assetsPayments on behalf Provisional payments\$ 10,278 7,362 401 386 \$ 18,041 \$ 10,686		Decem	ıber 31
Input tax and offset against business tax\$ $58,237$ \$ $50,425$ Prepaid probe cards $17,276$ $10,887$ Prepayments $10,247$ $12,095$ \$ $85,760$ \$ $73,407$ Other current assetsPayments on behalf\$ $10,278$ \$ $7,040$ Provisional payments $7,362$ $3,260$ Others 401 386		2024	2023
Prepaid probe cards $17,276$ $10,887$ Prepayments $10,247$ $12,095$ \$ 85,760 \$ 73,407 Other current assets $10,278$ \$ 7,040 Provisional payments $7,362$ $3,260$ Others 401 386	Prepayments		
Prepaid probe cards $17,276$ $10,887$ Prepayments $10,247$ $12,095$ \$ 85,760 \$ 73,407 Other current assets $10,278$ \$ 7,040 Provisional payments $7,362$ $3,260$ Others 401 386	Input tax and offset against business tax	\$ 58,237	\$ 50,425
Prepayments $10,247$ $12,095$ \$ 85,760 \$ 73,407 Other current assets $10,278$ \$ 7,040 Payments on behalf \$ 10,278 \$ 7,040 Provisional payments 7,362 3,260 Others 401 386		17,276	
\$ $$$ $$$ $73,407$ Other current assetsPayments on behalfProvisional payments $$$ $10,278$ $$$ $7,362$ $3,260$ Others		-	
Payments on behalf\$ 10,278\$ 7,040Provisional payments7,3623,260Others401386			
Provisional payments 7,362 3,260 Others 401 386	Other current assets		
Others 401 386	Payments on behalf	\$ 10,278	\$ 7,040
Others 401 386	Provisional payments	7,362	3,260
\$ 18,041 \$ 10,686		401	386
		\$ 18,041	\$ 10,686
Other non-current assets	Other non-current assets		
Prepayments for buildings and equipment \$ 70,826 \$ 15,422	Prepayments for buildings and equipment	\$ 70,826	\$ 15,422
Refundable deposits 6,400 432,954			
\$ 77,226 \$ 448,376	•		

Please refer to Note 32 for details of the contract terms related to the prepayments for buildings and the capacity guarantee agreements.

18. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31	
	2024	2023
<u>Current</u>		
Other payables		
Payables for salaries and bonuses	\$ 470,847	\$ 523,256
Payables for equipment	20,250	7,745
Payables for research	11,265	14,225
Payables for intangible assets	448	-
Others	222,875	210,449
	\$ 725,685	\$ 755,675
Other liabilities		
Contract liabilities	\$ 72,648	\$ 65,193
Others	6,250	5,981
Temporary receipts	21	21
	\$ 78,919	\$ 71,195
<u>Von-current</u>		
Other non-current liabilities		
Guarantee deposits received	\$ 53,003	\$ 72,005
Decommissioning liabilities	5,475	5,200
-	\$ 58,478	\$ 77,205
		-

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Company makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Company in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the 6 months before retirement. The Company contributes amounts equal to 2% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Company has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The amounts based on the actuarial report of the Company's defined benefit plans were as follows:

	Decem	December 31			
	2024	2023			
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 80,297	\$ 93,558 (67,203)			
Fair value of the plan assets Net defined benefit liabilities	(<u>65,396</u>) <u>\$ 14,901</u>	(67,203) \$ 26,355			

Movements in net defined benefit liabilities were as follows:

	of D Be	nt Value efined enefit igation		r Value of Plan Assets]	t Defined Benefit abilities
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 9	94,582	(\$	63,191)	\$	31,391
Net interest expense (income)		1,220	(829)		391
Recognized in profit or loss		1,220	(829)		391
Remeasurement						
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts						
included in net interest)		-	(520)	(520)
Actuarial loss - change in demographic						
assumptions		2		-		2
Actuarial loss - change in financial						
assumptions		774		-		774
Actuarial gain - experience adjustments	(3,020)	_	-	(3,020)
Recognized in other comprehensive income						
(loss)	(2,244)	(520)	(2,764)
Contributions from the employer		-	(2,663)	(2,663)
Balance at December 31, 2023	9	93,558	(67,203)		26,355
					(Continued)

	of	sent Value Defined Benefit Fair Value of bligation the Plan Assets		Net Defined Benefit Liabilities		
Net interest expense (income)	\$	1,050	(\$	749)	\$	301
Recognized in profit or loss		1,050	(749)		301
Remeasurement						
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest)		-	(5,848)	(5,848)
Actuarial gain - change in financial			,			. ,
assumptions	(3,150)		-	(3,150)
Actuarial gain - experience adjustments	(229)		-	(229)
Recognized in other comprehensive income						
(loss)	(3,379)	(5,848)	(9,227)
Contributions from the employer		-	(2,528)	(2,528)
Benefit payments	(10,932)		10,932		_
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$	80,297	(\$	65,396)	\$	14,901
					(Co	oncluded)

An analysis by function of the amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31				
	2024	2023			
Selling and marketing expenses	\$ 38	\$ 47			
General and administrative expenses	73	101			
Research and development expenses	190	243			
	\$ 301	\$ 391			

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Discount rate	1.65%	1.20%	
Expected rate of salary increase	4.00%	4.00%	

If possible reasonable change in each of the significant actuarial assumptions occurs and all other assumptions remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase (decrease) as follows:

December 31			
2024	2023		
(\$ 1,671)	(\$ 1,916)		
\$ 1,727	\$ 1,984		
\$ 1,683	\$ 1,925		
(\$ 1,638)	(\$ 1,870)		
	2024 (\$ 1,671) \$ 1,727 \$ 1,683		

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Expected contributions to the plan for the next year	\$ 2,548	\$ 2,470		
Average duration of the defined benefit obligation	8 years	9 years		

20. EQUITY

a. Share capital

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	200,000	200,000		
Share capital	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000		
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	120,137	120,137		
Shares issued	\$ 1,201,369	\$ 1,201,369		

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

The authorized shares include 20,000 thousand shares reserved for the exercise of employee stock options.

b. Capital surplus

	December 31			
	2024			2023
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)				
Issuance of ordinary shares	\$	401,995	\$	401,995
Conversion of bonds		335,041		335,041
Treasury share transactions		17,604		14,255
Differences between the consideration received and the carrying				
amount of subsidiaries' net assets during actual acquisitions or				
disposals		136,038		120,849
May be used to offset a deficit only (2)				
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries		1,185,021		967,309
	\$	2,075,699	\$	1,839,449

- 1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).
- 2) Such capital surplus arises from the effect of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries resulting from equity transactions other than actual disposals or acquisitions, or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.
- c. Retained earnings and dividends policy

Under the dividends policy as set in the Company's Article of Incorporation (the "Article"), the board of directors is authorized to adopt a special resolution to distribute all or part of the dividends and bonuses in cash, and a report of such distribution should be submitted in the latest shareholders' meeting.

Under the dividends policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be distributed in the following order:

- 1) Utilized for paying taxes.
- 2) Offsetting losses of previous years.
- 3) Setting aside as a legal reserve of 10% of the remaining profit (legal reserve that has reached the company's paid-in capital is not subject to this condition).
- 4) Setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations.
- 5) Any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders.

For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors, refer to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors in Note 22(h).

The distribution of dividends to shareholders of the Company can be made in cash or shares, but the proportion of cash dividends distributed should not be less than 10% of the total dividends distributed. The dividends policy is dependent on the Company's current and future investment environment, capital needs, domestic and international competition and capital budget, etc., taking into account the

interests of shareholders, balance of dividends and long-term financial planning of the Company, the board of directors plans to distribute the case to the shareholders' meeting.

Appropriation of earnings to the legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings for 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31			
		2023	2022	
Legal reserve	\$	186,117	\$	363,285
Special reserve	(\$	211,838)	\$	182,761
Cash dividends	\$	1,441,642	\$	2,643,011
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$	12	\$	22

The above appropriations for cash dividends were resolved by the Company's board of directors on March 7, 2024 and March 16, 2023, respectively; the other proposed appropriations were resolved by the shareholders in their meeting on June 20, 2024 and June 21, 2023, respectively.

The appropriation of earnings for 2024 had been proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 6, 2025. The appropriation and dividends per share were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31, 2024	
Legal reserve	\$	185,917
Special reserve	(\$	76,387)
Cash dividends	\$	1,441,642
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$	12

The aforementioned distribution of cash dividends has been resolved by the board of directors, and the rest has yet to be resolved at the shareholders' meeting to be held on May 29, 2025.

d. Special reserve

	Years Ended D	Years Ended December 31			
	2024	2023			
Balance at January 1 (Reversals) Appropriations in respect of	\$ 288,225	\$ 105,464			
Debits to other equity items	(211,838)	182,761			
Balance at December 31	\$ 76,387	\$ 288,225			

- e. Other equity items
 - 1) Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Balance at January 1 Share from investments accounted for using the equity	(\$ 2,758)	\$ 9,186	
method	36,619	(11,944)	
Balance at December 31	\$ 33,861	(\$ 2,758)	

2) Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Balance at January 1	(\$ 73,630)	(\$ 290,948)	
Recognized for the year			
Unrealized gain (loss) - debt instruments	2,164	839	
Unrealized gain (loss) - equity instruments	81,715	144,214	
Share from investments accounted for using the			
equity method	93,176	72,210	
Cumulative unrealized (gain) loss of equity instruments			
transferred to retained earnings due to disposal	(1,736)	(58)	
Disposal of subsidiaries' partial equity	-	113	
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	53	-	
Balance at December 31	\$ 101,742	(\$ 73,630)	

f. Treasury shares

The Company's shares held by its subsidiary	Number of Shares
Number of shares at January 1 and December 31, 2024	606,000
Number of shares at January 1 and December 31, 2023	606,000

The Company's shares held by its subsidiary at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Number of Shares Held	Carrying Amount/ Carrying Amount Per Share	Market Price/ Market Price Per Share
<u>December 31, 2024</u>			
Sensortek Technology Corp.	606,000	\$128,775/212.5	\$128,775/212.5

Name of Subsidiary	Number of Shares Held	Carrying Amount/ Carrying Amount Per Share	Market Price/ Market Price Per Share
December 31, 2023			
Sensortek Technology Corp.	606,000	\$168,468/278.0	\$168,468/278.0
The subsidiary shareholdings of the Com	any presented in the ta	hla abova raflact th	a actual number of

The subsidiary shareholdings of the Company presented in the table above reflect the actual number of shares held by the subsidiary. The Company's shares held by its subsidiary are treated as treasury shares.

21. REVENUE

a. Disaggregation of revenue

Product		Years Ended December 31			
		024		2023	
Integrated circuits	,	458,057	\$	10,176,433	
Others		199,827		146,112	
	\$ 10,	657,884	\$	10,322,545	
	Yea	ars Ended	Dece	ember 31	
Primary geographical markets	2	024		2023	
Hong Kong	\$7,	769,570	\$	8,052,812	
Vietnam	1,	422,016		988,167	
South Korea		587,876		447,273	
Taiwan		326,322		279,792	
India		262,610		234,887	
Others		289,490		319,614	
	\$ 10,	657,884	\$	10,322,545	

The basis of calculation of the Company's revenue segregated by geographical location is mainly based on the location the goods were shipped as designated by the customers.

b. Contract balances

	Decen	iber 3	1	Ja	nuary 1,
	 2024		2023		2023
Notes receivable and trade receivables (Note 10) Trade receivables from related parties	\$ 856,442	\$	814,119	\$	670,871
(Note 30)	 41,600		28,887		34,294
	\$ 898,042	\$	843,006	\$	705,165
Contract liabilities - current (Note 18) Sales of goods	\$ 72,648	\$	65,193	\$	86,174

Revenue recognized in the current year that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year is as follows:

	Years Ended	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023		
From contract liabilities at the start of the year				
Sales of goods	\$ 63,482	\$ 80,338		

Changes in contract liabilities are mainly due to the timing difference between the satisfaction of performance obligations and customer payment.

22. NET PROFIT

a. Other operating income and expense

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Gain on sublease of right-of-use assets Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$ 1,775 14,786	\$ 1,504 (18)	
	\$ 16,561	\$ 1,486	

b. Interest income

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Financial assets at amortized cost	\$ 71,769	\$ 61,464	
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	3,986	1,757	
Financial asset at FVTPL	6,246	7,645	
Others	1,260	454	
	\$ 83,261	\$ 71,320	

c. Other income

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Rental income	\$ 24,693	\$ 23,294	
Dividend income	22,575	20,730	
Others	26,617	31,808	
	\$ 73,885	\$ 75,832	

d. Other gains and losses

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Net foreign exchange gains	\$ 16,261	\$ 11,760	
Gain on financial assets designated as at FVTPL	22,439	40,892	
		(Continued)	

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Depreciation of investment property Other losses	(\$ 6,910) (3)	(\$ 6,990)
	\$ 31,787	\$ 45,662
		(Concluded)

e. Finance costs

	Years Ended December 31		ber 31	
	2024	1		2023
Interest on loans	\$	-	\$	1,591
Interest on lease liabilities		'13		1,060
Reversal of discounted provisions		5		5
Other interest expenses		57		46
-	\$ 7	75	\$	2,702

f. Depreciation and amortization

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 139,498	\$ 114,240
Investment properties	6,910	6,990
Right-of-use assets	26,525	26,843
Intangible assets	57,795	41,195
	\$ 230,728	\$ 189,268
An analysis of depreciation by function		
Operating expenses	\$ 148,534	\$ 121,460
Operating costs	17,489	19,623
Depreciation of investment property	6,910	6,990
	\$ 172,933	\$ 148,073
An analysis of amortization by function		
Operating expenses	\$ 57,795	\$ 41,195

For information regarding the allocation of intangible asset amortization expense to individual line items, please refer to Note 16.

g. Employee benefits expense

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Short-term benefits	\$ 1,052,757	\$ 1,036,093
Post-employment benefits		
Defined contribution plans	29,072	27,900
Defined benefit plans (Note 19)	301	391
Share-based payments Equity-settled	-	3,092
	\$ 1,082,130	\$ 1,067,476
		(Continued)

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function		
Operating expenses	\$ 1,082,130	\$ 1,067,476
		(Concluded)

h. Employees' compensation and remuneration of directors

According to the articles of incorporation of the Company, the Company accrued employees' compensation and remuneration of directors at rates of no less than 1% and no higher than 25%, and rates of no higher than 3%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, employees' compensation, and remuneration of directors. The employees' compensation and the remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, which were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 6, 2025 and March 7, 2024 respectively, are as follows:

Amount

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
	Cash	Cash
Employees' compensation	\$ 165,705	\$ 165,555
Remuneration of directors	24,856	24,833

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual parent company only financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and the actual amount recognized in the parent company only financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

i. Gains or losses on foreign currency exchange

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024 2023		
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ 181,394 (165,133)	\$ 195,024 (183,264)	
Net benefit	\$ 16,261	\$ 11,760	

23. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Current tax In respect of the current year Income tax on unappropriated earnings Adjustments for prior years	\$ 163,204 22,262 (7,027) 178,439	\$ 182,854 22,189 (5,340) 199,703
Deferred tax In respect of the current year	(9,543)	10,076
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 168,896	\$ 209,779

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expenses is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Profit before tax	\$2,017,107	\$2,068,120
Income tax calculated at the statutory rate	\$ 403,421	\$ 413,624
Deductible expenses in determining taxable income	(145,168)	(108,999)
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	22,262	22,189
Impact of the temporary differences	(41,029)	(11,885)
Effects of investment credits	(63,563)	(99,810)
Adjustments for prior years' tax	(7,027)	(5,340)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 168,896	\$ 209,779

b. Current tax liabilities

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Current tax liabilities		
Income tax payable	\$ 135,460	\$ 278,226

c. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

Year Ended December 31, 2024

Deferred Tax Assets	January 1,	Recognized in	December 31,
	2024	Profit or Loss	2024
Temporary differences	\$ 5,771	(\$ 3,148)	\$ 2,623
Deferred Tax Liabilities	January 1,	Recognized in	December 31,
	2024	Profit or Loss	2024
Temporary differences	\$ 18,353	(\$ 12,691)	\$ 5,662

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Deferred Tax Assets	January 1,	Recognized in	December 31,
	2023	Profit or Loss	2023
Temporary differences	\$ 9,191	(\$ 3,420)	\$ 5,771
Deferred Tax Liabilities	January 1,	Recognized in	December 31,
	2023	Profit or Loss	2023
Temporary differences	\$ 11,697	\$ 6,656	\$ 18,353

d. Deductible temporary differences for which no deferred assets have been recognized in the parent company only balance sheets

	Decem	ber 31
	2024	2023
Deductible temporary differences	\$ 55,236	\$275,439

e. Information on unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no recognized taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries for which no deferred tax liabilities were recognized.

f. Income tax assessments

The Company's tax returns through 2022 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

24. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	Years Ended	December 31
	2024	2023
Basic earnings per share	\$ 15.42	\$ 15.50
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 15.31	\$ 15.39

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share are as follows:

Net Income for the Year

	Years Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Net income for the year	\$1,848,211	\$1,858,341	
Earnings used in the computation of basic earnings per share Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares: Employee s' compensation	\$1,848,211 -	\$1,858,341 -	
Earnings used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	\$1,848,211	\$1,858,341	

Shares	Unit: in thousands of shares Years Ended December 31		
	2024 2023		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of basic earnings per share	119,858	119,858	
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:			
Employees' compensation	880	881	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of diluted earnings per share	120,738	120,739	

Since the Company offered to settle compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares, the Company assumes that the entire amount of the compensation or bonus will be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares were included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

25. ACQUISITION OF INVESTMENT SUBSIDIARIES – ACQUISITION OF CONTROL OVER A BUSINESS

	Principal Activity	Date of Acquisition	Proportion of Voting Equity Interests Acquired (%)	Consideration Transferred
Seer Microelectronics, Inc.	High performance sensor IC with single photon design and applications		56.54	<u>\$ 40,000</u>

Seer Microelectronics, Inc. were acquired on July 5, 2023 in order to continue the expansion of the Company's activities in scale and product mix. For the description of the acquisition of Seer Microelectronics, Inc., please refer to Note 28 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

26. PARTIAL ACQUISITION OR DISPOSAL OF INVESTMENT SUBSIDIARIES - WITHOUT LOSS OF CONTROL

On August 6, 2023, the Company did not participate in the cash capital increase of Seer Microelectronics, Inc. in proportion to its existing ownership, the Company's shareholding percentage increased from 56.54% to 72.66%.

On December 6, 2024, the Company did not participate in the cash capital increase of Forcelead Technology Corp. in proportion to its existing ownership, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 60.28% to 55.10%.

On December 1, 2024, due to the Company sold part of the Forcelead Technology Corp.'s shares, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 60.54% to 60.28%.

Due to the issuance of restricted stock options for employees by Forcelead Technology Corp.'s on October 30,2024, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 61.01% to 60.54%.

On December 14, 2023, due to the Company sold part of the Forcelead Technology Corp.'s shares, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 64.00% to 61.01%.

Due to the distribution of employees' compensation in the form of shares by Forcelead Technology Corp's on July 20, 2023, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 68.76% to 64.00%.

On April 20, 2023, due to the Forcelead Technology Corp.'s employees execute options to issue new shares, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 70.76% to 68.76%.

On November 4, 2024, the Company did not participate in the cash capital increase of Sync-Tech system Corp. in proportion to its existing ownership, the Company's shareholding percentage increased from 41.51% to 45.48%.

Due to the distribution of employees' compensation in the form of shares by Sync-Tech system Corp. on July 21, 2024, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 42.19% to 41.51%.

Due to the distribution of employees' compensation in the form of shares by Sync-Tech system Corp. on July 16, 2023, the Company's shareholding percentage decreased from 42.86% to 42.19%.

The above transactions were accounted for as equity transactions, since the Company did not cease to have control over these subsidiaries. Description of the partial acquisition of subsidiaries, please refer to Note 29 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

27. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Year Ended December 31, 2024

	January 1, 2024	Cash Flows	Foreign Exchange Movement	New Leases	December 31, 2024
Lease liabilities	\$ 65,507 72,005	(\$ 26,649)	\$ -	\$ 604	\$ 39,462
Guarantee deposits received	<u>72,005</u> \$ 137,512	(<u>20,038</u>) (\$ 46,687)	1,036 \$ 1,036	\$ 604	53,003 \$ 92,465

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Non-cash Changes				
			Foreign			
	January 1,		Exchange		December 31,	
	2023	Cash Flows	Movement	New Leases	2023	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 18,119	(\$ 18,045)	(\$ 74)	\$ -	\$ -	
Lease liabilities	88,513	(26,669)	-	3,663	65,507	
Guarantee deposits received	142,563	(64,631)	(5,927)	-	72,005	
-	\$ 249,195	(\$ 109,345)	(\$ 6,001)	\$ 3,663	\$ 137,512	

28. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Company consists of net debt (borrowings offset by cash and cash equivalents) and equity of the Company (comprising issued capital, reserves, retained earnings and other equity).

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements are relatively close to their fair values.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2024							
]	Level 1]	Level 2		Level 3	 Total
Financial assets at FVTPL							
Domestic corporate funds Convertible bonds Exchangeable bonds Domestic listed shares Limited partnership Derivative instrument	\$	56,785 58,732 30,190 697	\$	- - - -	\$	- - 144,385	\$ 56,785 58,732 30,190 697 144,385
Credit linked notes - linked with convertible bonds Foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign		-		140,543		-	140,543
exchange swap contracts	<u> </u>	-		19,746	<u> </u>	-	 19,746
	\$	146,404	\$	160,289	\$	144,385	\$ 451,078
Financial assets at FVTOCI							
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI							
Domestic listed shares Foreign listed shares Domestic unlisted equity	\$	300,926 10,422	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 300,926 10,422
investments Foreign unlisted equity		-		-		421,800	421,800
investments Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI		-		-		382,931	382,931
Domestic corporate bonds Foreign corporate bonds		-		49,472 64,083		-	49,472 64,083
	\$	311,348	\$	113,555	\$	804,731	\$ 1,229,634
Financial liabilities at FVTPL							
Derivative instruments Foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swap contracts	\$	_	\$	15,813	\$	-	\$ 15,813

December 31, 2023								
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Financial assets at FVTPL								
Domestic corporate funds	\$	214,260	\$	-	\$	-	\$	214,260
Convertible bonds		70,409		-		-		70,409
Exchangeable bonds		20,760		-		-		20,760
Domestic listed shares		476		-		-		476
Limited partnership		-		-		82,174		82,174
Derivative instruments Credit linked notes - linked								
with convertible bonds				215,930				215,930
Foreign exchange forward		-		215,950		-		215,950
contracts and foreign								
exchange swap contracts		_		27,931		_		27,931
Equity linked notes		-		15,466		-		15,466
	\$	305,905	\$	259,327	\$	82,174	\$	647,406
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u> Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI Domestic listed shares Domestic unlisted equity	\$	325,565	\$	-	\$	-	\$	325,565
investments		-		-		183,694		183,694
Foreign unlisted equity						206.077		006.077
investments Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI		-		-		296,877		296,877
Domestic corporate bonds		-		49,738		-		49,738
Foreign corporate bonds		-		61,680	_	-		61,680
	\$	325,565	\$	111,418	\$	480,571	\$	917,554
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u> Derivative instruments Foreign exchange forward								
contracts and foreign exchange swap contracts	\$		\$	20,881	\$		\$	20,881

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

2) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Domestic and Foreign corporate bonds	Based on the public market quotes provided by third-party agencies.
Credit linked notes - linked with convertible bonds	Based on the public market quotation of convertible bond, the parameters of the repurchase, the coupon interest and the interest compensation are considered as the basis for fair value measurement.
Equity linked notes	Based on the public market quotation of stock, the parameters of the repurchase and the interest compensation are considered as the basis for fair value measurement.

(Continued)

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Derivatives - foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swap contracts	Discounted cash flow method: Estimate the future cash flow at the end of the period by observing the forward exchange rate and the exchange rate and interest rate set by the contract, and have already discounted the discount rate of each counterparty's credit risk. (Concluded)

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

Domestic and foreign unlisted equity investments are evaluated by the method of net asset value. The management of the Company evaluates the target of such equity investments with the active market quotation, and the net asset amount tends to the fair value of the equity investments.

The domestic limited partnership are valued using the net asset value method. The management of the Company evaluates that the amount of the net assets of this investment is equivalent to its fair value. The evaluation covers the total value of the investment's individual assets and liabilities, which reflects the value of the entity or business.

4) Adjustment of financial instruments measured using Level 3 fair values

The Company's financial assets under level 3 fair value measurement are financial assets at FVTPL and equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Year Ended December 31, 2024

	instru	ancial ments at /TPL	Equity instruments a FVTOCI	at Total
Balance at January 1 Additions		82,174 56,500	\$ 480,571 220,000	\$ 562,745 276,500
Disposal	(1,905)	-	(1,905)
Recognized under profit or loss Recognized under other comprehensive		7,616	-	7,616
income	_	-	104,160	104,160
Balance at December 31	\$ 1	44,385	\$ 804,731	\$ 949,116

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Financial instruments at FVTPL	Equity instruments at FVTOCI	Total
Balance at January 1	\$ 34,768	\$ 395,349	\$ 430,117
Additions	40,000	-	40,000
Disposal	(467)	-	(467)
Recognized under profit or loss	7,873	-	7,873
Recognized under other comprehensive			
income	-	85,222	85,222
Balance at December 31	\$ 82,174	\$ 480,571	\$ 562,745

c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL			
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	\$ 451,078	\$ 647,406	
Financial assets at amortized cost (1)	4,873,728	5,252,853	
Financial assets at FVTOCI			
Equity instruments	1,116,079	806,136	
Debt instruments	113,555	111,418	
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL			
Held for trading	15,813	20,881	
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (2)	1,769,671	1,468,781	

- 1) The balances include financial assets measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, pledged fixed deposits, time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months, notes receivable and trade receivables (including receivables from related parties), other receivables (including other receivables from related parties), other current assets and refundable deposits.
- 2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise trade payables (including payables to related parties), other payables (including other payables to related parties), temporary receipts and guarantee deposits.
- d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's major financial instruments include equity and debt investments, trade receivables, trade payables and short-term borrowings. The Company's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company seeks to minimize the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Company's policies approved by the board of directors, which provided written principles on foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Company did not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

1) Market risk

The Company's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below). The Company entered into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

There has been no change in the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Company's operating activities are partially denominated in foreign currencies and thus have partial natural hedging effects.

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities and of the derivatives exposed to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 33.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company was mainly exposed to the USD, JPY and CNY.

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the New Taiwan dollar (i.e. the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive (negative) number below indicates an increase (decrease) in pre-tax profit and other equity associated with the New Taiwan dollar weakening (strengthening) 5% against the relevant currency.

	USD I	mpact	JPY I	mpact	CNY	Impact
		Ended		Ended		Ended
	Decem	ber 31	Decen	iber 31	Decem	iber 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Profit or loss	(\$ 9,055)	\$ 8,462	\$ 489	\$ 480	\$ 9,709	\$ 6,521

b) Interest rate risk

The Company was exposed to interest rate risk because the Company borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Fair value interest rate risk Financial assets Financial liabilities Cash flow interest rate risk Financial assets	\$ 3,685,916 39,462 182,886	\$ 2,904,952 65,507 1,053,506	

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the Company's exposure to interest rates for both derivative and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of each liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

If interest rates had been 0.1% higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would increase/decrease by \$183 thousand and \$1,053 thousand, respectively, which was mainly

attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on variable-rate net assets. The Company's pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would decrease/increase by \$114 thousand and \$111 thousand, respectively, which was mainly due to the changes in the fair value of investments in fixed-rate debt instruments at FVTOCI.

c) Other price risk

The Company was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities, convertible bonds, exchangeable bonds, credit linked structured notes of listed companies and mutual fund investments. The Company does not actively trade these investments. The Company's equity price risk is mainly concentrated in equity instruments operating in the semiconductor industry, convertible bonds quoted on the Taiwan Stock Exchange and Taipei Exchange, exchangeable bonds, credit linked structured notes, finance and insurance industries structured notes, and exchange-traded funds quoted on the Taiwan Stock Exchange and the Taipei Exchange.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 5% higher/lower, pre-tax income for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increase/decreased by \$14,347 thousand and \$26,865 thousand, respectively, as a result of changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL. Pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$15,567 thousand and \$16,278 thousand, respectively, as a result of the changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company. At the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk, which would cause a financial loss to the Company due to the failure of the counterparty to discharge its obligation and due to the financial guarantees provided by the Company, could be equal to the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the balance sheets.

To mitigate credit risk, the management of the Company assigns a dedicated team responsible for credit line decisions, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure appropriate actions are taken for the collections of overdue receivables. In addition the Company reviews conditions on each collecting receivable to ensure the uncollectible amounts are provided with appropriate impairment losses. Accordingly, the management of the Company believes that the credit risk of the Company has been significantly reduced.

In addition, since the counterparties of liquidity and derivative financial instruments are banks with sound credit ratings, the credit risk is limited.

Apart from customers whose accounts receivable constitute more than 10% of the Company's total trade receivables, the Company did not have significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The credit risk is minimal because the customers which account for more than 10% of the Company's trade receivables balance are creditworthy companies.

3) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Company relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had available unutilized short-term bank loan facilities set out in (c) below.

a) Liquidity and interest rate risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Company's remaining contractual maturities for its nonderivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The table included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed repayment dates.

December 31, 2024

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities	\$ 851,944 2,280	\$ 887,967 4,560	\$ 447,604 20,227	\$ - 12,772	\$ 2,187,515 39,839
December 31, 2023					
	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities	\$ 731,388 2,280	\$ 712,095 4,534	\$ 476,549 20,290	\$- 39,479	\$ 1,920,032 66,583

b) Liquidity and interest rate risk table for derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Company's liquidity analysis of its derivative financial instruments. The table is based on the undiscounted contractual net cash inflows and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis, and the undiscounted gross inflows and outflows on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When the amount payable or receivable is not fixed, the amount disclosed is determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves at the end of the reporting period.

December 31, 2024

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swaps contracts Inflows Outflows	\$ 129,850 (129,432) \$ 418	\$ 387,517 (385,437) \$ 2,080	\$ 581,510 (580,075) \$ 1,435	\$ - - \$ -
December 31, 2023	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swaps contracts Inflows Outflows	\$ 153,495 (152,760) \$ 735	\$ 863,229 (860,156) \$ 3,073	\$ 988,535 (985,293) \$ 3,242	\$ - - \$ -
Financing facilities				

c)	Financing facilities	
C)	Financing facilities	

	December 31		
2024		2023	
\$	-	\$ -	
	2,673,738	3,236,920	
\$	2,673,738	\$ 3,236,920	
	\$	2024 \$ 2,673,738	

30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, detail of transactions between the Company and related parties are disclosed below:

a. Related party name and category

Related Party Name	Related Party Category
Sensortek Technology Corp.	Subsidiary
Forcelead Technology Corp.	Subsidiary
mCore Technology Corp.	Subsidiary
INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Subsidiary
Sync-Tech System Corp.	Subsidiary
Sitronix Investment Corp.	Subsidiary
CELEFIDE CO., LTD.	Subsidiary
HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary
HeFei ezGreen Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary
ezGreen Inc.	Subsidiary
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary
	(Continued)

Related Party Category

Seer Microelectronics, Inc. Silicon Power Computer & Communications Inc. ezGlobal Corp. Subsidiary (Note) Substantive related party Substantive related party

(Concluded)

- Note : In 2023, the Company acquired Seer Microelectronics, Inc. by subscribing to its issued shares through capital increase. As a result, the Company has accumulated a 72.66% equity stake therefore, it is classified as a subsidiary.
- b. Sales of goods

	Years Ended December 31				
Related Party Category		2024		2023	
Subsidiary Substantive related party	\$	161,064 373	\$	142,413 102	
	\$	161,437	\$	142,515	

The transactions for related parties were negotiated under the terms of general transactions and prices.

c. Purchases

	Years Ended December 31			
Related Party Category/Name	2024	2023		
Subsidiary				
Sensortek Technology Corp.	\$ 2,264,188	\$ 1,733,011		
Forcelead Technology Corp.	92,902	74,941		
Others	48,452	22,034		
	\$ 2,405,542	\$ 1,829,986		

The transactions in which the Company purchases goods from related parties were negotiated under the terms of general transactions and prices.

d. Manufacturing expenses

	Years Ended December 31						
Related Party Category	2024			2023			
Subsidiary	\$	58,223	\$	40,808			

The transactions in which the Company made payments of manufacturing expenses to related parties were subject to contractual agreements as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

e. Operating expenses

	Years Ended December 31						
Related Party Category	2024	2023					
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	\$ 224,705	\$ 177,367					
Subsidiary	18	153					
Substantive related party	1,360	1,034					
	\$ 226,083	\$ 178,554					

The transactions in which the Company made payments of operating expenses to related parties were subject to contractual agreements as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

f. Other operating income and expenses

	Years Ended December 31					
Related Party Category	2024			elated Party Category 2024 20		.023
Subsidiary	\$	648	\$	381		

The transactions in which the Company made collections or payments of other operating income and expenses to related parties were subject to contractual agreements as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

g. Handling fee revenue

	Years Ended December 31						
Related Party Category		2023					
Subsidiary	\$	1,796	\$	686			

The transactions in which the Company made collections of handling fees to related parties were subject to contractual agreements as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

h. Other income

	Years Ended December 31						
Related Party Category	20	024		2023			
Subsidiary	\$	45	\$	2,854			

The transactions in which the Company made collections of other income to related parties primarily involve proceeds generated from transactions of patent rights, there were subjects to contractual agreements as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

i. Trade receivables from related parties

		December 31						
Line Item	Related Party Category	2024	2023					
Trade receivables from related parties	Subsidiary	\$ 41,600	\$ 28,887					
Other receivables from related parties	Subsidiary	\$ 19,268	\$ 14,616					

The outstanding trade receivables from related parties were unsecured. No loss allowance losses were recognized for trade receivables from related parties.

Other receivables from related parties were mainly generated from endorsement guarantee fees and collection and payment.

j. Prepayment

	December 31						
Related Party Category	20	24	2	023			
Substantive related party	\$	-	\$	20			
Subsidiary		-		18			
	\$	-	\$	38			

k. Trade payables to related parties

	Related Party	December 31						
Line Item	Category/Name		2024		2023			
Trade payables to related parties	Subsidiary							
	Sensortek Technology Corp. CELEFIDE CO., LTD. Forcelead Technology Corp.	\$	368,677 31,657 11,534	\$	339,158 3,638 10,865			
		\$	411,868	\$	353,661			
Other payables to related parties	Subsidiary Substantive related party	\$	14,218 354 14,572	\$	7,686 353 8,039			

The outstanding trade payables to related parties were unsecured.

Other payables to related parties were mainly due to technical service expenditure and manufacturing expenses.

1. Lease arrangement – the Company is lessor

Operating lease rental

Future lease receivable are as follows:

	December 31				
Related Party Category	2024	2023			
Subsidiary	\$ 80,566	\$101,939			
Substantive related party	2,542	508			
	\$ 83,108	\$102,447			

Lease income were as follows:

	Years Ended	Years Ended December 31					
Related Party Category/Name	2024	2023					
Subsidiary							
Sync-Tech System Corp.	\$ 8,259	\$ 7,248					
Forcelead Technology Corp.	7,694	6,310					
Others	4,812	4,193					
Subtotal	20,765	17,751					
Substantive related party	2,039	2,039					
	\$ 22,804	\$ 19,790					

The Company leases investment properties to subsidiaries and substantive related parties mainly through operating leases and the lease period is 1 to 5 years. Rental income from related parties were based on contractual agreements as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

Years Ended December 31						
2	2023					
\$	52	\$	41			
	6	_	5			
\$	58	\$	46			
	2	2024 \$ 52 6	2024 20 \$ 52 \$ 6			

m. Disposal of specialized technology

			Years	Proceed Ended Iber 31	ds	G	ain (Loss) (No Years Decem	ote) Ende	ed
Line Item	Related Party Category	202	4	20	23		2024		2023
Long-term equity investment accounted for using	Subsidiary	\$		\$		\$	15,738	\$	17,101

the equity method

Note : Since there were no related similar transactions for comparison for the transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, the transaction terms were calculated in accordance with the contractual agreements. And \$15,738 thousand and \$17,101 thousand had been realized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively; the remaining disposal gain will be deferred.

n. Guarantee deposits received

	Decen	iber 31	
Related Party Category/Name	 2024		2023
Subsidiary			
Sync-Tech System Corp.	\$ 1,441	\$	1,237
Forcelead Technology Corp.	961		7,402
Others	836		790
Subtotal	 3,238		9,429
Substantive related party	356		356
	\$ 3,594	\$	9,785

The guarantee deposits received were mainly generated from the related parties jointly obtain the purchase quota guarantee from the supplier and the rental deposits.

o. Loans to related parties

	Dec	cember 31
Related Party Category	2024	2023
Other receivables from related parties		
Subsidiary	\$ 19,114	\$ 6,000
	Years End	led December 31
Related Party Category	2024	2023

The Company provides short-term loans to subsidiaries with interest rates ranging from $2.19\% \sim 6.00\%$ and 1.95% in December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As there were no similar transactions for comparison, the terms of the transaction were subject to contractual agreements.

p. Endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company

	Decem	ber 31
Related Party Category	2024	2023
Subsidiary		
Amount endorsed	\$ 1,200,000	\$900,000
Actual amount borrowed	\$ 447,392	\$ 91,397

The Company provides endorsement guarantees for subsidiaries to obtain purchase contracts from suppliers and bank credit lines. The terms and conditions of the transaction for the collection of relevant handling fees shall be subject to contractual agreements, as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

q. Remuneration of key management personnel

	Years	Ended December 31
	2024	2023
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 65	,258 \$ 104,093 651 807
	\$ 65	,909 \$ 104,900

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee based on the performance of individuals and the Company's profits.

31. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for the tariff of imported raw materials guarantees:

	 Decen	ber 31	l
	 2024		2023
Pledged time deposits	\$ 29,811	\$	29,535

Pledged time deposits are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost - current.

32. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, the significant commitments of the Company at the balance sheet date are as follows:

a. Long-term supply agreements

The Company entered into long-term supply agreements of products with clients from 2021 to 2022. Both parties agreed that during the contract period, the Company would deliver the products to clients in accordance with the agreements. As of December 31, 2024, the Company has collected USD507 thousand as guarantee to ensure the supply of products. The rights and obligations of both parties are based on the content of each agreement.

As of December 31, 2024, the balance of the guarantee deposits received was USD507 thousand.

b. Acquisition of Property

The Company's Board of Directors approved on May 2, 2024, to purchase the office premises and entered into a purchase agreement with Winsome Development Co., Ltd. to acquire office on the 7th floors and parking spaces of Building 2B, Phase 10 of Tai Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park, in the amounting of NT\$468,800 thousand (including tax). As of December 31, 2024, NT\$60,960 thousand was paid as consideration.

33. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Company's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were as follows:

		Decem	ber 31	
	20	24	20	23
	Foreign	Exchange	Foreign	Exchange
	Currency	Rate	Currency	Rate
Financial assets				
Monetary items				
USD	\$ 42,269	32.785	\$ 47,465	30.705
JPY	48,547	0.2099	50,919	0.2172
CNY	43,361	4.478	30,143	4.3270
Non-monetary items				
USD	13,953	32.785	12,181	30.705
Financial liabilities				
Monetary items				
USD	47,793	32.785	41,953	30.705
JPY	1,921	0.2099	6,724	0.2172

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, please refer to Note 22(i) for the information of realized and unrealized net foreign exchange gains (losses). It is impractical to disclose net foreign exchange gains (losses) by each significant foreign currency due to the variety of the foreign currency transactions of the entities in the Company.

34. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information on significant transactions and b. information on investees:
 - 1) Financing provided to others: Table 1 (attached)
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: Table 2 (attached)
 - 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investment in subsidiaries): Table 3 (attached)
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached)
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 5 (attached)
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 6 (attached)
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 9) Trading in derivative instruments: Note 7 and Note 29
 - 10) Information on investee: Table 7 (attached)

- c. Information on investments in mainland China: Tables 8 and 9 (attached)
- d. Information of major shareholders: list all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder: None

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

			Financial Statement	Related	Highest Balance		Actual Amount		Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	Colla	iteral	Financing Limit	Aggregate
No.	Lender	Borrower	Account	Parties	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Borrowed	Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower	Financing Limits
0		mCore Technology Corp.	from related parties		\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 6,721	5.68%~6.0%	For financing	\$-	Working capital	\$ -	_	\$-	\$ 2,372,192	\$ 4,744,384
		Seer Microelectronics, Inc INFSitronix Technology Corp.	from related parties from related parties from related parties	Yes	60,000 100,000	50,000 100,000	12,393	- 2.19%~6.0%	For financing For financing	-	Working capital Working capital	-	_	-	2,372,192 2,372,192	4,744,384 4,744,384

Note 1: The description is as follows

- 1. Lender is numbered as 0.
- 2. Investee is numbered sequentially from 1.

Note 2: According to the "Financing providing and operation management method", the total amount and the available amount to any individual for lending are as follows:

1. The total amount for lending shall not exceed 40% of SITRONIX's net worth. However the total amount lendable to any subsidiary for short-term financing could upper to the total available amount of the company.

2. The total amount for lending to or lending from any directly or indirectly hold foreign subsidiaries with 100% ownership, shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the lending company. The total amount for lending to any individual shall not exceed 50% of the total available amount.

3. Where funds are lent to a company or business with business relationships with the Company, the total amount for lending to any individual shall not exceed the amount of business transaction between the two parties. Amount of business transaction defines the highest amount of purchase or sales.

4. The total amount for lending to any individual shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth for the company or firm that needs short-term financing.

TABLE 1

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Endorsee/Guar	antee						Ratio of				
No. (Note 1)	Endorser/ Guarantor	Name	Relationship	Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party (Note 2)	Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Amount Borrowed	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit (Note 2)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China
0	The Company	HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	\$ 5,930,481	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 327,850	\$-	5.06	\$ 5,930,481	Yes	_	Yes
		mCore Technology Corp.	Subsidiary	5,930,481	100,000	100,000	26,104	-	0.84	5,930,481	Yes	-	_
		CELEFIDE CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	5,930,481	400,000	200,000	75,406	-	1.69	5,930,481	Yes	_	Yes
		Seer Microelectronics, Inc.	Subsidiary	5,930,481	200,000	200,000	9,836	-	1.69	5,930,481	Yes	_	_
		INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Subsidiary	5,930,481	100,000	100,000	8,196	-	0.84	5,930,481	Yes	-	_

Note 1: The description is as follows

- 1. Lender is numbered as 0.
- 2. Investee is numbered sequentially from 1.
- Note 2: According to the "endorsement guarantee operation management measures" of Sitronix Technology Corp. The total amount of endorsement guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the net value in the latest year's financial statements audited by CPA. The amount of endorsement guarantee for a single enterprise shall not exceed 25% of the net value of the latest year's financial statements audited by CPA. However, the amount of endorsement guarantee for the company that directly and indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares of a company shall not exceed 50% of the net value of the latest year's financial statements audited by CPA.

TABLE 2

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					Decembe	er 31, 2024		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
The Company	Bond				¢ 22.044		¢ 22.044	
	FORCAY 3.375% 04/22/2025, USD Bond	-	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	\$ 32,844	-	\$ 32,844	Note 2
	GS 5.8% 12/18/2033, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income -	-	32,131	-	32,131	Note 1
	TAIWAN MOBILE first Unsecured Straight	_	non-current Investments in debt instruments at fair value	_	49,472	_	49,472	Note 1
	Corporate Bond in 2023	-	through other comprehensive income - non-current	_	-7,-72		-7,-72	Note 1
	TSMC ARIZONA CORP 4.125% 04/22/2029, USD	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value	-	31,952	-	31,952	Note 1
	Bond		through other comprehensive income - non-current				,	
	Yulon Finance Corp. second Unsecured Convertible	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	100,000	9,500	-	9,500	Note 1
	Bond		loss - current					
	Ennoconn Corporation fifth Unsecured Convertible	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	100,000	11,325	-	11,325	Note 1
	Bond		loss - current					
	Gloria Material Technology Corp. seventh	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	100,000	10,355	-	10,355	Note 1
	Unsecured Convertible Bond Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. third Unsecured Convertible		loss - current	<i>(5</i> ,000	6 422		C 122	Note 1
	Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	65,000	6,422	-	6,422	Note 1
	Topco Technologies Corp. first Unsecured		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	200,000	21,130	_	21,130	Note 1
	Convertible Bond		loss - current	200,000	21,100		21,100	11000 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. first Unsecured	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	200,000	20,610	-	20,610	Note 1
	Exchangeable Bond		loss - current					
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation second	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	100,000	9,580	-	9,580	Note 1
	Unsecured Exchangeable Bond		loss - non - current					
	Derivatives	-					2 0 1 00	
	Giant Manufacturing Co., Ltd. first Credit Linked	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	20,138	-	20,138	Note 1
	Structured Product Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. E1 Credit	-	loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or		35,106		35,106	Note 1
	Linked Structured Product	-	loss - current	-	55,100	-	55,100	Note 1
	Weikeng Industrial Co., Ltd. seventh Credit Linked	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	_	15,028	-	15,028	Note 1
	Structured Product		loss - non - current		10,020		10,020	110101
	Huaku Development Co., Ltd. third Credit Linked	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	40,171	-	40,171	Note 1
	Structured Product		loss - non - current					
	Gloria Material Technology Corp. seventh Credit	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	5,032	-	5,032	Note 1
	Linked Structured Product		loss - non - current					_
	Yulon Finance Corp. second Credit Linked	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	20,062	-	20,062	Note 1
	Structured Product		loss - non - current		5.000		5 000	
	Champion Microelectronic Corp. first Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	5,006	-	5,006	Note 1
	Suructured Product		loss - non - current					

TABLE 3

		Relationship with the		December 31, 2024				
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
	Provid							
he Company	<u>Fund</u> Jih Sun Taiwan Quality Multi-Asset Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,000,000	\$ 10,000	-	\$ 10,000	Note 1
	Eastspring Investments-US Corporate Bond Fund A-USD	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	11,687	5,374	-	5,374	Note 1
	Cathay U.S. Treasury 20+ Year Bond ETF	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	950,000	28,291	-	28,291	Note 1
	UPAMC Taiwan Smart Strategy fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,000,000	13,120	-	13,120	Note 1
	<u>Stock</u> Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share E	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	189,000	9,753	-	9,753	Note 1
	KGI Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share B	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	2,834,000	22,360	-	22,360	Note 1
	Intel Corporation	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	15,855	10,422	-	10,422	Note 1
	Kwong Lung Enterprise Co., Ltd	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	146,000	8,410	-	8,410	Note 1
	Nan Ya Plastics Corporation	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	150,000	4,485	-	4,485	Note 1
	Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	131,000	7,991	-	7,991	Note 1
	Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	175,000	11,060	-	11,060	Note 1
	WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	1,000,000	49,800	-	49,800	Note 1
	Chailease Holding Company Limited Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	250,000	24,525	-	24,525	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share F (2)	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	661,000	30,703	-	30,703	Note 1
	Silicon Power Computer & Communications Inc.	Substantive related party		4,198,701	131,839	-	131,839	Note 1
	Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	7,721	697	-	697	Note 1
	G-tech Electronics Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	307,000	-	2	-	Note 2

		Relationship with the				er 31, 2024		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
The Company	<u>Equity Investment</u> HANS GLOBAL SELECT FUND LIMITED	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income -	120,000	\$ 382,931	-	\$ 382,931	Note 3
	Fong Huang VI Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	non-current Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income -	22,000,000	214,683	11	214,683	Note 3
	Fong Huang IV Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	non-current Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income -	1,500,000	21,172	6	21,172	Note 3
	Top Taiwan XIII Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	non-current Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income -	10,000,000	102,371	12	102,371	Note 3
Fong	Fong Huang II Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	non-current Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income -	3,000,000	41,331	7	41,331	Note 3
	Fong Huang Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	non-current Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	3,000,000	42,243	9	42,243	Note 3
	<u>Limited Partnership</u> CDIB-Innolux II Limited Partnership	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	53,945	-	53,945	Note 3
	Megawood Green Technology Fund L.P.	-	loss - non-current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	24,705	-	24,705	Note 3
	CDIB-Innolux Limited Partnership	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	65,735	-	65,735	Note 3
Forcelead Technology Corp.	<u>Fund</u> TAISHIN JU LONG Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,746,862	22,842	-	22,842	Note 1
ensortek Technology Corp.	Bond FORCAY 3.375% 04/22/2025 ,USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	-	16,291	-	16,291	Note 1
	CITI 2.80% 06/15/2025 ,USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	-	32,362	-	32,362	Note 1
	China Huadian Corporation 3.375% Perpetual, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	32,071	-	32,071	Note 1
	TSMC ARIZONA CORP 4.125% 04/22/2029, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	31,952	-	31,952	Note 1
	TSMC ARIZONA CORP 3.875% 04/22/2027, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	32,222	-	32,222	Note 1
	TSMC ARIZONA CORP 2.5% 10/25/2031, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	28,160	-	28,160	Note 1
	GS 5.8% 12/18/2033, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	32,131	-	32,131	Note 1

		Relationship with the	December 31, 2024					
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
ensortek Technology Corp.	Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. first Unsecured Exchangeable Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	200,000	\$ 20,610	-	\$ 20,610	Note 1
	Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. third Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	40,000	3,952	-	3,952	Note 1
	Gloria Material Technology Corp. seventh Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	100,000	10,355	-	10,355	Note 1
	Alltop Technology Co., Ltd. sixth Unsecured Convertible Bond Derivatives	<u>.</u>	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	50,000	6,375	-	6,375	Note 1
	RiTdisplay Corporation second Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	4,534	-	4,534	Note 1
,	Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. E1 Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	35,106	-	35,106	Note 1
	Giant Manufacturing Co., Ltd. first Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	20,138	-	20,138	Note 1
	Gloria Material Technology Corp. seventh Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	20,138	-	20,138	Note 1
	Phison Electronics Corp. second Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	15,064	-	15,064	Note 1
	Alltop Technology Co., Ltd. sixth Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	15,076	-	15,076	Note 1
	Scientech Corp. first Credit Linked Structured Product Huaku Development Co., Ltd. third Credit Linked	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	5,009 40,171	-	5,009 40,171	Note 1 Note 1
	Structured Product Weikeng Industrial Co., Ltd. seventh Credit Linked	-	loss - non-current Financial assets at fair value through profit or	-	10,022	_	10,022	Note 1
	Structured Product Group Up Industrial Co., Ltd. second Credit Linked	-	loss - non-current Financial assets at fair value through profit or	_	5,010	-	5,010	Note 1
	Structured Product Fund		loss - non-current					
	Cathay U.S. Treasury 20+ Year Bond ETF	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	658,000	19,595	-	19,595	Note 1
	Stock Chailease Holding Company Limited Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	300,000	29,430	-	29,430	Note 1
	WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	2,000,000	99,600	-	99,600	Note 1
	Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	800,000	50,560	-	50,560	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share E	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	609,000	31,424	-	31,424	Note 1
,	Taiwan Cement Corp.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	69,450	2,202	-	2,202	Note 1

		Relationship with the			Decemb	er 31, 2024		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
Sensortek Technology Corp.	Powertech Technology Inc.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	100,000	\$ 12,200	-	\$ 12,200	Note 1
	Sitronix Technology Corp.	The Parent Company	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	606,000	128,775	-	128,775	Note 1
	<u>Equity Investment</u> Fong Huang II Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	3,000,000	41,331	7	41,331	Note 3
	Fong Huang VI Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	6,000,000	58,550	3	58,550	Note 3
	<u>Limited Partnership</u> CDIB-Innolux II Limited Partnership	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	21,554	-	21,554	Note 3
Sitronix Investment Corp.	Equity Investment HANS GLOBAL SELECT FUND LIMITED	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	111,500	355,806	-	355,806	Note 3
	<u>Bond</u> CITI 2.80% 06/15/2025, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	-	USD 987	-	USD 987	Note 1
	NDAQ 5.55 02/15/34, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 1,011	-	USD 1,011	Note 1
	GS 5.75% 05/22/34, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 978	-	USD 978	Note 1
	CATLIF 5.3 09/05/39, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 195	-	USD 195	Note 1
	MCD 2 1/8 03/01/30, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 874	-	USD 874	Note 1
	GS 5.8% 12/18/2033, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 980	-	USD 980	Note 1
	AVGO 5.05 07/12/29, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 603	-	USD 603	Note 1
	AT&T INC 5.35% 11/01/2066 (TBB), USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 593	-	USD 593	Note 1
	China Huadian Corporation 3.375% Perpetual, USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	USD 978	-	USD 978	Note 1

Note 1: Calculated based on the closing price on December 31, 2024.

- Note 2: Listed based on book value.
- Note 3: Calculated based on the net value on December 31, 2024.
- Note 4: As of December 31, 2024, the above listed marketable securities were neither provided as guarantee nor pledged as collateral for loans.
- Note 5: The marketable securities listed in the table above refer to the securities, bonds, beneficiary certificates and securities that fall within the scope of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments".

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED OR DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Type and Name	Financial Statement			January 1, 2024		024	Acquisition		Disposal				December 31, 2024	
Company Name	of Marketable Securities (Note)		Counterparty	Relationship	Shares/Units	Aı	mount	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Amount	Carrying Amount	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Shares/Units	Amount
The Company	Sync-Tech System Corp.	Investments accounted for using the equity method	Sync-Tech System Corp.	Subsidiary	12,403,511	\$ 10	160,554	2,593,344	\$ 351,791	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	14,996,855	\$ 512,345

Note: The securities referred to the document are stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other securities derived from the aforementioned items.

ACQUISTION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Company Name	Property Event Date Transaction Payment Counter	Counternarty	Relationship	C	ation on Previounterparty Is			Pricing Reference	Purpose of	Other Terms		
	Amount Status		Status	r	Property Owner	Relationship	Transaction Date	Amount		Acquisition		
The Company	Land and buildings	2024.5.2	\$ 468,800	\$ 60,960 Winsome Development (Note 1) Co., Ltd.	None	_	_	_	\$-	Real estate valuation report and board of	Operating Purpose	None
Sync-Tech System Corp.	Buildings	2024.6.26	About 495,000 (Note 2)	113,850 Verizon Construction (Note 3) Ltd.	None	_	_	_	-	directors Price comparison and price negotiation	Operating Purpose	None

Note 1: The payments are recognized as prepayments for buildings.

Note 2: The total price of the construction order signed.

Note 3: The payments made by Sync-Tech System Corp. are recognized as property under construction and equipment under installation.

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Buyer	Related Party	Relationship		Trar	nsaction D	etails	Abnorma	I Transaction	Notes/Trade F (Payab		Note	
Buyer	Related Farty	Kelauoliship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% of Total	Title	
The Company	Sensortek Technology Corp.	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$ 2,264,188	34%	Net 60 days from the ship date	\$-	_	(\$ 368,677)	(25%)	_	
Forcelead Technology Corp.	Sitronix Technology Corp.	The Parent Company	Sale	92,902	3%	Net 45 days monthly settlement	-	_	11,534	5%	_	

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

						ent Amount s in Thousands)	Balanc	e as of Decembe	er 31, 2024	Net Income (Loss)	Sha	are of (Loss)
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 3 2024	1,	December 31, 2023	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Carrying Amount	of the Investee		Profit (Note 2)
The Company	Sitronix Investment Corp. Forcelead Technology Corp. Sensortek Technology Corp.	Taiwan Taiwan Taiwan	Investment R&D design and sales of multi-functional integrated automotive display driver ICs R&D, design and sales of sensor integrated circuit	\$ 367,27 681,09 113,31	9	\$ 367,270 684,047 113,318	33,249,060 23,097,545 22,529,596	100.00 55.10 46.06	\$ 357,270 1,494,717 1,954,146	(\$ 3,085) 588,556 540,477	(\$	3,085) 357,073 245,599
	mCore Technology Corp.	Taiwan	products Providing solutions for consumer display and voice/audio related applications.	,		131,074	9,583,010	90.73	142,516	41,674		37,811
	Sync-Tech System Corp.	Taiwan	Design, manufacturing and maintenance of semiconductor consumables and testing equipment	512,34	5	160,554	14,996,855	45.48	628,388	169,652		72,463
	INFSitronix Technology Corp. ezGreen Inc.	Taiwan Taiwan	Comprehensive line of Power supervisor IC design Software design and electronic information supply services	193,55 220,00		193,559 160,000	9,796,220 22,000,000	58.42 100.00	33,926 60,220	(31,725) (45,660)	(18,534) 45,660)
	Seer Microelectronics, Inc.	Taiwan	High performance sensor IC with single photon design and applications	95,00	0	95,000	9,500,000	72.66	55,942	(25,404)	(18,458)
	Sitronix Holding International Ltd.	Samoa	Investment	196,71 (USD 6,00		196,710 USD 6,000)	6,000,000	100.00	243,388	10,279		10,279
Sitronix Investment Corp.	Sensortek Technology Corp.	Taiwan	R&D, design and sales of sensor integrated circuit products	1	0	10	2,290	-	206	540,477		25
ezGreen Inc.	INFSitronix Technology Corp. esGMeta Co.,Ltd.	Taiwan Taiwan	Comprehensive line of Power supervisor IC design Carbon footprint verification, analysis of data on carbon system platforms, execution of carbon reduction projects and commissioning of carbon trading rights	1 9,50	0 0	10 9,500	266 9,500,000	33.93	1 5,213	(31,725) (6,201)	(1) 2,017)

Note 1: Foreign currencies is converted into NTD using the exchange rates of the US dollar to NTD on December 31, 2024.

Note 2: The investment income or loss recognized for the current period is calculated based on the investee's financial statements and the percentage of ownership.

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Accumulated	Remittanc	e of Funds						
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Method of Investment	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Outward (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Inward (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2024 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership for Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 7)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2024	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2024
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Computer software and hardware development, sales and after-sales service business and related technical consulting services	\$ 13,114 (USD 400)	Note 3	\$ 13,114 (USD 400)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,114 (USD 400)	\$ 4,477	100%	\$ 4,477	\$ 34,085	\$ 10,237
HeFei ezGreen Co., Ltd.	Design, sales and technical services of Supplier management software development	67,170 (CNY 15,000)	Note 4	44,780 (CNY 10,000)	22,390 (CNY 5,000)	-	67,170 (CNY 15,000)	(10,786)	100%	(10,786)	22,879	-
CELEFIDE CO., LTD.	R&D, design, sales and technical services of integrated circuits and system hardware and software	223,900 (CNY 50,000)	Note 5	100,755 (CNY 22,500)	-	-	100,755 (CNY 22,500)	45,317	90%	40,785	506,013	-
HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	R&D and sale of integrated circuits; R&D, service and sales of integrated circuits chip	156,730 (CNY 35,000)	Note 6	156,730 (CNY 35,000)	-	-	156,730 (CNY 35,000)	10,187	100%	10,187	154,219	-

Investor Company	in Mainland China	d Remittance for Investment as of December 31, 2024 encies in Thousands)	Commission, MOI	Authorized by the Investment EA (Foreign Currencies in nousands)	Upper Limit on the Amounts of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 2)
Sitronix Technology Corporation	\$ (US\$	371,520 11,332)	\$ (US\$	784,742 23,936)	\$7,116,577
Forcelead Technology Corp.	(US\$ (US\$	-)	(US\$ (US\$	25,507 778)	\$1,627,351

Note 1: Foreign currencies are converted into NTD using the exchange rates of the US dollar and CNY to NTD on December 31, 2024.

Note 2: According to the Investment Commission, MOEA, 60% of the net value of investments in mainland China is set.

Note 3: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2024, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is US\$400 thousand, and the investment amount of US\$400 thousand has been remitted.

Note 4: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2024, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is CNY20,000 thousand, and the investment amount of CNY15,000 thousand has been remitted.

Note 5: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2024, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is CNY45,000 thousand, and the investment amount of CNY22,500 thousand has been remitted, and the capital increase from capital surplus in the amount of CNY22,500 thousand.

Note 6: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2024, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is CNY90,000 thousand, and the investment amount of CNY35,000 thousand has been remitted.

Note 7: The investment income or loss recognized for the current period is calculated based on the investee's financial statements and the percentage of ownership.

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A THIRD PARTY, AND THEIR PRICES, PAYMENT TERMS, AND UNREALIZED GAINS OR LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Lauraton Common	Langetes Commons	Deletionskin	Transaction	Total Operating Expenses			Trans	Transaction Details		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		Note
Investor Company	Investee Company	Relationship	Туре	Amount	%	Price	Payment Terms	Comparison with Normal Transactions	Ending Balance	%	(Gain) Loss	INOLE
The Company	Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Professional service fees	\$ 224,705	12%	Calculated based on the contract	Calculated based on the contract	No related similar transactions to follow	\$ -	-	\$ -	_

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STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Item	Description	Amount
Cash on hand	Including NT\$45 thousand, CNY\$4 thousand and HKD\$2 thousand	\$ 73
Bank deposits		
Demand deposits	Including NT\$71,602 thousand, JPY48,547 thousand, US\$2,919 thousand, CNY\$349 thousand, HKD\$99 thousand, AUD\$9 thousand and EUR\$1 thousand	179,699
Check deposits	Including NT\$6,845 thousand	6,845
		186,544
Cash equivalents		
Bonds with repurchase agreements	Including NT\$179,121 thousand, with an annual interest rate ranging from 1.300% ~ 1.600%	179,121
Time deposits	Including NT\$468,000 thousand, CNY\$43,000 thousand and US\$14,800 thousand, with an annual interest rate ranging from 1.700% ~ 4.430%	1,145,772
		1,324,893
Total		\$ 1,511,510

The foreign currency exchange rates are as follows:

AUD1=TWD20.39

CNY1=TWD4.478

EUR1=TWD34.14

HKD1=TWD4.222

JPY1=TWD0.2099

USD1=TWD32.785

STATEMENT 2

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Number of	Par Value		Carrying	Fair	Value	
	Shares	(NT\$)	Amount	Amount	Unit price	Total Amount	Note
CURRENT ASSETS Bond							
Yulon Finance Corp. second							
Unsecured Convertible Bond Ennoconn Corporation fifth	100,000	101.00	\$ 10,100	\$ 10,100	95.00	\$ 9,500	Note
Unsecured Convertible Bond	100,000	100.50	10,050	10,050	113.25	11,325	Note
Gloria Material Technology							
Corp. seventh Unsecured Convertible Bond	100,000	100.50	10.050	10,050	103.55	10,355	Note
Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. third	100,000	100.50	10,050	10,050	105.55	10,555	Note
Unsecured Convertible Bond	65,000	102.00	6,630	6,630	98.80	6,422	Note
Topco Technologies Corp. first Unsecured Convertible Bond	200,000	100.40	20,080	20,080	105.65	21,130	Note
Taishin Financial Holding Co.,	,		,	_0,000			
Ltd. first Unsecured	200,000	100 50	20,100	20,100	102.05	20,610	Note
Exchangeable Bond Fund	200,000	100.50	20,100	20,100	103.05	20,610	Note
Jih Sun Taiwan Quality							
Multi-Asset Fund Eastspring Investments-US	1,000,000	10.00	10,000	10,000	10.00	10,000	Note
Corporate Bond Fund A-USD	11,687	427.81	5,000	5,000	459.81	5,374	Note
Cathay U.S. Treasury 20+ Year Bond ETF	050.000	20.48	28.006	28.006	20.78	28 201	Note
UPAMC Taiwan Smart Strategy	950,000	29.48	28,006	28,006	29.78	28,291	Note
fund	1,000,000	10.00	10,000	10,000	13.12	13,120	Note
Stock Fubon Financial Holding Co.,							
Ltd.	7,721	50.89	393	393	90.30	697	Note
Derivatives							
Giant Manufacturing Co., Ltd. first Credit Linked Structured							
Product	-	100.00	20,000	20,000	100.69	20,138	Note
Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. E1 Credit Linked							
Structured Product	-	100.00	35,000	35,000	100.30	35,106	Note
Subtotal			185,409	185,409		192,068	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Bond							
Far Eastern New Century							
Corporation second Unsecured Exchangeable							
Bond	100,000	99.20	9,920	9,920	95.80	9,580	Note
Limited partnership CDIB-Innolux II Limited							
Partnership	-	10.00	53,500	53,500	10.08	53,945	Note
Megawood Green Technology		10.00	27.700		0.50	24 505	
Fund L.P. CDIB-Innolux Limited	-	10.00	25,500	25,500	9.69	24,705	Note
Partnership	-	10.00	47,628	47,628	13.80	65,735	Note
Derivatives Waiteng Industrial Co. 1 td							
Weikeng Industrial Co., Ltd. seventh Credit Linked							
Structured Product	-	100.00	15,000	15,000	100.18	15,028	Note
Huaku Development Co., Ltd. third Credit Linked							
Structured Product	-	100.00	40,000	40,000	100.43	40,171	Note
Gloria Material Technology							
Corp. seventh Credit Linked Structured Product	-	100.00	5,000	5,000	100.63	5,031	Note
							ntinued)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Number of	Par Value		Carrying	Fair	Value	
	Shares	(NT\$)	Amount	Amount	Unit price	Total Amount	Note
Yulon Finance Corp. second Credit Linked Structured Product Champion Microelectronic Corp. first Credit Linked	-	100.00	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	100.31	\$ 20,062	Note
Structured Product Subtotal	-	100.00	5,000 221,548	5,000 221,548	100.13	5,007 239,264	Note
Total			\$ 406,957	\$ 406,957		<u>\$ 431,332</u> (C	onclued)

Note: The above financial assets were unsecured or provided as guarantee.

STATEMENT 3

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					Fair		
	Number of Shares	Par Value (NT\$)	Amount	Carrying Amount	Unit price (NT\$)	Total Amount	Note
CURRENT ASSETS							
Foreign listed shares							
Intel Corporation	15,855	761.61	\$ 12,075	\$ 12,075	657.34	\$ 10,422	Note
Domestic listed shares							
Taishin Financial Holding Co.,	100.000	51.10	0.676	0.676	51.60	0.750	N7 .
Ltd. Preferred Share E KGI Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	189,000	51.19	9,676	9,676	51.60	9,753	Note
Preferred Share B	2,834,000	7.80	22,092	22,092	7.89	22,360	Note
Kwong Lung Enterprise Co.,	2,034,000	7.00	22,072	22,072	7.07	22,500	Note
Ltd.	146,000	52.24	7,627	7,627	57.60	8,410	Note
Nan Ya Plastics Corporation	150,000	66.90	10,035	10,035	29.90	4,485	Note
Cathay Financial Holding Co.,							
Ltd. Preferred Share A	131,000	62.59	8,199	8,199	61.00	7,991	Note
Fubon Financial Holding Co.,							
Ltd. Preferred Share A	175,000	62.95	11,016	11,016	63.20	11,060	Note
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	1 000 000	50.00	50.000	50.000	40.90	40,800	Nete
Chailease Holding Company	1,000,000	50.00	50,000	50,000	49.80	49,800	Note
Limited Preferred Share A	250,000	100.00	25,000	25,000	98.10	24,525	Note
Taishin Financial Holding Co.,	230,000	100.00	25,000	25,000	90.10	24,525	note
Ltd. Preferred Share F (2)	661,000	48.30	31,927	31,927	46.45	30,703	Note
Silicon Power Computer &	,		- ,	- ,		,	
Communications Inc.	4,198,701	24.54	103,023	103,023	31.40	131,839	Note
Subtotal			290,670	290,670		311,348	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Foreign corporate bonds GS 5.8% 12/18/2033, USD Bond	-	3.123.50	31,235	31,235	3,213.09	32,131	Note
TSMC ARIZONA CORP							
4.125% 04/22/2029, USD Bond		3,001.25	30,013	30,013	3,195.16	31,952	Note
Foreign unlisted equity	-	3,001.23	30,013	30,013	5,195.10	51,952	Note
investments HANS GLOBAL SELECT FUND LIMITED	120,000	3,002.00	360,240	360,240	3,191.09	382,931	Note
Domestic corporate bonds TAIWAN MOBILE first							
Unsecured Straight Corporate Bond in 2023 Domestic unlisted equity	-	100.00	50,000	50,000	98.94	49,472	Note
investments							
Fong Huang VI Innovation							
Investment Co., Ltd.	22,000,000	10.00	220,000	220,000	9.76	214,683	Note
Fong Huang IV Innovation							
Investment Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	10.00	15,000	15,000	14.11	21,172	Note
Top Taiwan XIII Venture							
Capital Co., Ltd.	10,000,000	10.00	100,000	100,000	10.24	102,371	Note
Fong Huang II Innovation	2 000 000	10.00	20,000	20.000	12 70	41 221	Mete
Investment Co., Ltd. Fong Huang Innovation	3,000,000	10.00	30,000	30,000	13.78	41,331	Note
Investment Co., Ltd.	3,000,000	10.00	30,000	30,000	14.08	42,243	Note
Subtotal	5,000,000	10.00	866,488	866,488	14.00	918,286	1,010
Success			230,100	000,100		, 10,200	
Total			\$1,157,158	\$1,157,158		\$1,229,634	

Note: The above financial assets were unsecured or provided as guarantee.

STATEMENT OF NOTES AND TRADE RECEIVABLES, NET DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Client Name	Amount
Notes receivable - non-related parties Others (Note)	\$ 79
Trade receivables - non-related parties	
A Client	246,912
B Client	128,011
C Client	114,940
D Client	72,517
E Client	66,138
Others (Note)	245,417
Allowance for impairment loss	(17,572)
Subtotal	856,363
Total	\$ 856,442

Note: The amount of individual client in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT 5

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Am	ount		
Item	Cost	Market Price (Note)		
Finished goods	\$ 361,073	\$ 590,899		
Work in progress	628,035	947,012		
Raw materials	125,410	132,427		
Merchandise	4	4		
	\$ 1,114,522	\$ 1,670,342		

Note : The market price is determined by the net realizable value.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

January 1, 2024		January 1, 2024 Additions in Investment Decrease in Investmen		in Investment	(Loss) Gain On Investments Accounted for Using the			Unrealized Profit/ Loss on		December 31, 2024					
Investees	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Equity Method (Notes 1 and 2)	Other Equity	Capital Surplus	Intercompany Transactions	Number of Shares	%	Amount	Value or Net Value Total	Collateral
Sitronix Investment Corp.	33,249,060	\$ 280,473	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	(\$ 3,162)	\$ 79,959	\$ -	\$ -	33,249,060	100.00	\$ 357,270	\$ 357,257	None
Forcelead Technology Corp.	23,197,545	1,021,604	-	-	(100,000)	(244,143)	357,303	367	359,586	-	23,097,545	55.10	1,494,717	5,404,826	None
Sensortek Technology Corp.	22,529,596	1,959,092	-	-	-	(281,620)	248,948	11,988	-	15,738	22,529,596	46.06	1,954,146	5,632,399	None
mCore Technology Corp.	9,583,010	113,139	-	-	-	(7,824)	37,201	-	-	-	9,583,010	90.73	142,516	142,407	None
Sync-Tech System Corp.	12,403,511	359,425	2,593,344	351,791	-	(12,404)	71,636	-	(142,060)	-	14,996,855	45.48	628,388	628,920	None
INFSitronix Technology Corp.	9,796,220	52,932	-	-	-	-	(19,006)	-	-	-	9,796,220	58.42	33,926	33,839	None
Sitronix Holding International Ltd.	6,000,000	217,255	-	-	-	-	10,279	15,854	-	-	6,000,000	100.00	243,388	243,388	None
CELEFIDE CO., LTD.	-	449,489	-	-	-	-	40,950	15,574	-	-	-	90.00	506,013	505,847	None
HeFei ezGreen Co., Ltd.	-	10,906	-	22,475	-	-	(10,786)	284	-	-	-	100.00	22,879	22,879	None
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	-	28,514	-	-	-	-	4,477	1,094	-	-	-	100.00	34,085	34,085	None
HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	-	139,304	-	-	-	-	10,187	4,728	-	-	-	100.00	154,219	154,219	None
ezGreen Inc.	16,000,000	45,694	6,000,000	60,000	-	-	(45,660)	-	186	-	22,000,000	100.00	60,220	60,220	None
Seer Microelectronics, Inc.	9,500,000	76,007	-		-		(20,065)				9,500,000	72.66	55,942	39,221	None
		\$ 4,753,834		\$ 434,266		(\$ 545,991)	\$ 682,302	\$ 129,848	\$ 217,712	\$ 15,738			\$ 5,687,709	\$ 13,259,507	

Note 1: The differences between the subsidiaries's current gain and loss and the gain and loss mecognized by the Company using the equity method are the recognition difference of IFRS 16, unrealized profit or loss of the upstream transaction made with subsidiaries and the amortization of the differences between consideration received and the carrying amount of subsidiaries' net assets. Note 2: Investment (loss) income recognized under the equity method, excluding the capital surplus adjustment of \$3,349 thousand related to subsidiary dividend distributions.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Item	Buildings	Office Equipment	Total		
Cost					
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 181,243	\$ 11,339	\$ 192,582		
Additions	874	-	874		
Disposal	(58,611)	(5,606)	(64,217)		
Balance at December 31, 2024	123,506	5,733	129,239		
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance at January 1, 2024	120,693	7,634	128,327		
Depreciation	24,615	1,910	26,525		
Disposal	(58,611)	(5,606)	(64,217)		
Balance at December 31, 2024	86,697	3,938	90,635		
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	\$ 36,809	\$ 1,795	\$ 38,604		

STATEMENT OF TRADE PAYABLES DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name	Amount
A vendor	\$ 360,436
B vendor	220,775
C vendor	180,567
D vendor	57,303
Others (Note)	216,288
Total	\$1,035,369

Note: The amount of individual vendor in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF NET REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Item	Shipment Qty (In Thousands of Pieces)	Amount
Integrated circuits	1,008,949	\$ 10,516,806
Others		199,827
		10,716,633
Sales returns and discounts		(58,749)
		\$ 10,657,884

STATEMENT OF OPERATING COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount
Raw materials used	
Raw materials, beginning of year	\$ 92,674
Plus: raw materials purchased for the year	4,297,498
Raw materials, end of year	(125,410)
Others	1,053
Subtotal	4,265,815
Manufacturing expenses	1,282,923
Manufacturing costs	5,548,738
Work in progress, beginning of year	630,206
Work in progress, end of year	(628,035)
Less: transferred to manufacturing or operating	
expenses	(1,146)
Cost of finished goods	5,549,763
Finished goods, beginning of year	196,451
Plus: finished goods purchased for the year	2,356,272
Others	(417)
Finished goods, end of year	(361,073)
Production and marketing cost	7,740,996
Merchandise, beginning of year	18
Plus: merchandise purchased for the year	194
Others	(39)
Merchandise, end of year	(4)
Less: other operating costs	(27,534)
Total	\$ 7,713,631

STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Selling and Marketing Expenses	General and Administrative Expenses	Research and Development Expenses		
Wages and salaries	\$ 48,579	\$ 143,383	\$ 746,978		
Professional service fees	122,152	1,948	108,887		
Depreciation expense	4,872	20,349	123,313		
Commission expense	-	-	83,412		
Contracted research expense	-	-	78,006		
Remuneration of directors	-	25,460	-		
Others (Note)	31,886	46,109	225,484		
	\$ 207,489	\$ 237,249	\$ 1,366,080		

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF LABOR, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Years Ended December 31												
				2024			2023						
	OI	ssified as perating Costs	0	assified as perating Expenses		Total	O	ssified as perating Costs	0	assified as perating Expenses		Total	
Labor expenses													
Wages and salaries	\$	-	\$	938,940	\$	938,940	\$	-	\$	921,060	\$	921,060	
Labor and health insurance		-		58,221		58,221		-		68,679		68,679	
Pension expense		-		29,373		29,373		-		28,291		28,291	
Remuneration of directors		-		25,460		25,460		-		25,437		25,437	
Other labor expense		-		30,136		30,136		-		20,917		20,917	
Share-based payments		-		-		-		-		3,092		3,092	
Total	\$	-	\$	1,082,130	\$	1,082,130	\$	-	\$	1,067,476	\$	1,067,476	
Depreciation expense	\$	17,489	\$	148,534	\$	166,023	\$	19,623	\$	121,460	\$	141,083	
Amortization expense	\$	-	\$	57,795	\$	57,795	\$	-	\$	41,195	\$	41,195	

- Note 1: For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had 397 and 383 employees, respectively. There were both 7 non-employee directors, respectively.
- Note 2: For companies have been listed on the Taiwan stock exchange or are traded on the Taipei Exchange, the following information should be disclosed:
 - (a) Average labor expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 was 2,709 thousand (Total labor expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 - total remuneration of directors / Total number of employees for the year ended December 31, 2024 non-employee directors).

Average labor expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 was 2,771 thousand (Total labor expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 - total remuneration of directors / Total number of employees for the year ended December 31, 2023 - non-employee directors).

(b) Average wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2024 was 2,408 thousand (Total wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2024 / Total number of employees for the year ended December 31, 2024 - non-employee directors).

Average wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2023 was 2,450 thousand (Total wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2023 / Total number of employees for the year ended December 31, 2023 - non-employee directors).

- (c) The average wages and salaries decreased by 1.71% year over year. (Average wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2024 - Average wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2023 / Average wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2023).
- (d) The Company had established an audit committee, so there was no remuneration of the supervisor to disclose.
- (e) According to the Articles of the Company, if the Company makes a profit during the year, the Company accrued employees' compensation and remuneration of directors at rates of no less than 1% and no higher than 25%, and rates of no higher than 3%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, employees' compensation, and remuneration of directors.