

**Sitronix Technology Corporation and
Subsidiaries**

**Consolidated Financial Statements for the
Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and
Independent Auditors' Report**

DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

The entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates of Sitronix Technology Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2022 under the “Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises” are all the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standard 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”. In addition, the relevant information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies. Hence, we did not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Very truly yours,

Sitronix Technology Corporation

By

Vincent Mao
Chairman

March 16, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Shareholders
Sitronix Technology Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Sitronix Technology Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 is described as follows:

Recognition of sales revenue

The Group's main source of revenue comes from the sale of goods. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the revenue recognized was NT\$18,027,827 thousand, refer to Notes 4, 22 and 36 for information on the accounting policies of revenue recognition. Such revenue is recognized when the goods are transferred to the customer and the performance obligations are met. The revenue recognition process is that after receiving customers' orders

and checking the transaction conditions, the business unit creates a manufacturing notice in the system and enters into the production schedule after obtaining the approval from the supervisor. As soon as the production is completed, the production unit would issue packing lists and invoices from the system, then the Group would obtain a signed packing list or the bill of lading on sight from the shipping companies when those shipping companies pick up the goods, then the system would check the shipping-related information, to generate the sales details. The accounting officers would recognize sales revenue according to the sales details.

We have assessed that the customers of the Group whose revenue significantly changed in 2022 are subject to the risk of validity of revenue recognition. Therefore, in order to confirm the validity of the Group's revenue recognition, we performed the following audit procedures on the sales transactions of these customers:

1. We obtained an understanding of the internal controls over revenue recognition, evaluated the design of the key controls, determined that the controls were implemented and tested the operating effectiveness of the controls.
2. We sampled and inspected the existence of the original purchase orders existed for each sale and were appropriately approved.
3. We inspected product names and quantities on notifications of manufacturing, invoices and goods receipts. We also inspected and confirmed the amounts were consistent.
4. We inspected the reasonableness of the collection of accounts receivable and confirmed the collection amounts, and counterparties were consistent with the revenue recognized.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Sitronix Technology Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Cheng-Chih Lin and Mei-Chen Tsai.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

March 16, 2023

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	2022		2021		LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS					CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4, 6 and 30)	\$ 5,661,717	28	\$ 7,930,508	35	Short-term borrowings (Notes 4, 18, 28 and 30)	\$ 18,119	-	\$ 55,360	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 7 and 30)	424,634	2	737,137	3	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 7 and 30)	37,725	-	1,228	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (Notes 4, 8 and 30)	564,206	3	723,885	3	Notes payable and trade payables (Note 30)	992,089	5	2,480,335	11
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4, 9, 30 and 32)	2,416,889	12	3,978,720	18	Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors (Note 23)	611,743	3	1,102,781	5
Notes receivable and trade receivables (Notes 4, 10, 22 and 30)	1,226,520	6	1,951,395	9	Other payables (Notes 19 and 30)	1,853,492	10	1,832,532	8
Notes receivable and trade receivables from related parties (Notes 4, 22, 30 and 31)	1,469	-	715	-	Other payables to related parties (Notes 30 and 31)	182	-	210	-
Other receivables (Notes 4, 10 and 30)	98,837	1	90,899	-	Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)	984,450	5	1,365,698	6
Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 11)	4,399,343	22	2,450,568	11	Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4, 14, 28 and 30)	45,301	-	44,125	-
Prepayments (Notes 17 and 31)	141,882	1	212,207	1	Other current liabilities (Notes 19, 22 and 30)	<u>153,855</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>96,301</u>	<u>1</u>
Other current assets (Notes 4, 17 and 30)	<u>9,941</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,886</u>	<u>-</u>	Total current liabilities	<u>4,696,956</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>6,978,570</u>	<u>31</u>
Total current assets	<u>14,945,438</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>18,086,920</u>	<u>80</u>	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)	11,697	-	10,706	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4, 7 and 30)	435,199	2	168,352	1	Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14, 28 and 30)	87,613	-	121,400	1
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4, 8 and 30)	950,102	5	950,057	4	Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 20)	31,391	-	38,277	-
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (Notes 4, 9 and 30)	30,983	-	28,019	-	Other non-current liabilities (Notes 28, 30, 31 and 33)	<u>362,810</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>326,757</u>	<u>1</u>
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 13)	1,801,838	9	1,460,550	6	Total non-current liabilities	<u>493,511</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>497,140</u>	<u>2</u>
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 14)	129,164	1	163,826	1	Total liabilities	<u>5,190,467</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>7,475,710</u>	<u>33</u>
Investment properties (Notes 4 and 15)	730,506	4	673,098	3	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (Notes 4, 21, 26 and 27)				
Intangible assets (Notes 4 and 16)	76,898	-	48,574	-	Share capital				
Deferred tax assets - non-current (Notes 4 and 24)	9,191	-	12,993	-	Ordinary shares	<u>1,201,369</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>1,201,369</u>	<u>5</u>
Other non-current assets (Notes 4, 17, 30 and 33)	<u>847,020</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1,080,388</u>	<u>5</u>	Capital surplus	<u>1,690,740</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>1,610,911</u>	<u>7</u>
Total non-current assets	<u>5,010,901</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>4,585,857</u>	<u>20</u>	Retained earnings				
					Legal reserve	1,801,820	9	1,200,307	5
					Special reserve	105,464	-	180,223	1
					Unappropriated earnings	<u>6,961,331</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>7,699,611</u>	<u>34</u>
					Total retained earnings	<u>8,868,615</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>9,080,141</u>	<u>40</u>
					Other equity				
					Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	9,186	-	(14,086)	-
					Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>(290,948)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(91,377)</u>	<u>-</u>
					Total other equity	<u>(281,762)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(105,463)</u>	<u>-</u>
					Treasury shares	<u>(56,009)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(31,783)</u>	<u>-</u>
					Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	11,422,953	57	11,755,175	52
					NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Notes 12, 21 and 27)	<u>3,342,919</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>3,441,892</u>	<u>15</u>
					Total equity	<u>14,765,872</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>15,197,067</u>	<u>67</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 19,956,339</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 22,672,777</u>	<u>100</u>	TOTAL	<u>\$ 19,956,339</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 22,672,777</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
NET REVENUE (Notes 4, 22, 31 and 36)	\$ 18,027,827	100	\$ 22,255,670	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 11, 23 and 33)	<u>9,773,803</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>9,904,534</u>	<u>44</u>
GROSS PROFIT	<u>8,254,024</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>12,351,136</u>	<u>56</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 10, 20, 23 and 31)				
Selling and marketing expenses	316,064	1	423,043	2
General and administrative expenses	694,860	4	850,467	4
Research and development expenses	2,502,919	14	2,928,328	13
Expected credit (gain) loss	<u>(1,004)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>849</u>	<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>3,512,839</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>4,202,687</u>	<u>19</u>
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 23)	<u>1,339</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,448</u>	<u>-</u>
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	<u>4,742,524</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>8,156,897</u>	<u>37</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 4, 23 and 31)				
Interest income	97,465	-	50,897	-
Other income	115,334	1	60,964	-
Other gains and losses	155,074	1	90,137	1
Finance costs	<u>(3,919)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,123)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>363,954</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>196,875</u>	<u>1</u>
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	5,106,478	29	8,353,772	38
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 24)	<u>875,775</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>1,280,754</u>	<u>6</u>
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>4,230,703</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>7,073,018</u>	<u>32</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 4, 20 and 21)				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	2,065	-	4,358	-
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(177,014)	(1)	93,840	-

(Continued)

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	\$ 23,770	-	\$ (3,729)	-
Unrealized loss on investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>(9,087)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,903)</u>	<u>-</u>
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year, net of income tax	<u>(160,266)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>92,566</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 4,070,437</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>\$ 7,165,584</u>	<u>32</u>
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Owners of the Company	\$ 3,610,165	20	\$ 6,005,760	27
Non-controlling interests	<u>620,538</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1,067,258</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>\$ 4,230,703</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>\$ 7,073,018</u>	<u>32</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Owners of the Company	\$ 3,456,555	19	\$ 6,089,895	27
Non-controlling interests	<u>613,882</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1,075,689</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>\$ 4,070,437</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>\$ 7,165,584</u>	<u>32</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 25)				
Basic	<u>\$ 30.10</u>		<u>\$ 50.03</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$ 29.57</u>		<u>\$ 49.29</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Company (Notes 4, 21, 26 and 27)											
	Share Capital		Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings			Other Equity		Treasury Share	Total	Non-controlling Interests (Notes 12, 21 and 27)	Total Equity
	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Amount		Legal Reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income				
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2021	120,137	\$ 1,201,369	\$ 1,662,839	\$ 1,082,588	\$ 77,526	\$ 2,805,919	\$ (10,444)	\$ (169,780)	\$ (8,879)	\$ 6,641,138	\$ 2,637,939	\$ 9,279,077
Appropriation of 2020 earnings												
Legal reserve	-	-	-	117,719	-	(117,719)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	102,697	(102,697)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	-	-	-	(901,026)	-	-	-	(901,026)	-	(901,026)
The Company's shares held by its subsidiary treated as treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,904)	(22,904)	(26,821)	(49,725)
Other changes in capital surplus												
Adjustment of capital surplus due to dividends distributed to subsidiaries	-	-	1,658	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,658	-	1,658
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	(53,586)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(53,586)	53,586	-
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	5,016	-	(5,016)	-	-	-	-
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	6,005,760	-	-	-	6,005,760	1,067,258	7,073,018
Other comprehensive income (loss) for year ended December 31, 2021, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	4,358	(3,642)	83,419	-	84,135	8,431	92,566
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	6,010,118	(3,642)	83,419	-	6,089,895	1,075,689	7,165,584
Increase in non- controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	302,816	302,816
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(601,317)	(601,317)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	120,137	1,201,369	1,610,911	1,200,307	180,223	7,699,611	(14,086)	(91,377)	(31,783)	11,755,175	3,441,892	15,197,067
Appropriation of 2021 earnings												
Legal reserve	-	-	-	601,513	-	(601,513)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	-	-	-	(3,844,380)	-	-	-	(3,844,380)	-	(3,844,380)
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	(74,759)	74,759	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Company's shares held by its subsidiary treated as treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24,226)	(24,226)	(28,369)	(52,595)
Other changes in capital surplus												
Adjustment of capital surplus due to dividends distributed to subsidiaries	-	-	6,456	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,456	-	6,456
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	73,373	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,373	(73,373)	-
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	20,624	-	(20,624)	-	-	-	-
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	3,610,165	-	-	-	3,610,165	620,538	4,230,703
Other comprehensive income (loss) for year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	2,065	23,272	(178,947)	-	(153,610)	(6,656)	(160,266)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	3,612,230	23,272	(178,947)	-	3,456,555	613,882	4,070,437
Increase in non- controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	354,995	354,995
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(966,108)	(966,108)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	120,137	\$ 1,201,369	\$ 1,690,740	\$ 1,801,820	\$ 105,464	\$ 6,961,331	\$ 9,186	\$ (290,948)	\$ (56,009)	\$ 11,422,953	\$ 3,342,919	\$ 14,765,872

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 5,106,478	\$ 8,353,772
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	355,839	319,180
Amortization expense	48,183	41,563
Expected credit loss recognized (reversed) on trade receivables	(1,004)	849
Net loss (gain) on fair value changes of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	7,349	(115,795)
Finance costs	3,919	5,123
Interest income	(97,465)	(50,897)
Dividend income	(43,858)	(28,225)
Compensation costs of share-based payments	70	8,605
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	33	(6,383)
Loss on disposal of financial instruments	-	1,797
Write-down of inventories	285,708	59,881
Impairment loss recognized on prepayment for purchase	230,540	-
Unrealized net (gain) loss on foreign currency exchange	(182,911)	29,661
Gain on modification of lease agreements	(215)	(961)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Notes receivable and trade receivables	723,769	(582,130)
Receivables from related parties	(754)	157
Other receivables	(6,198)	(6,315)
Inventories	(2,234,483)	(966,715)
Prepayments	79,933	(457,527)
Other current assets	945	8,976
Notes payable and trade payables	(1,484,301)	600,599
Other payables	38,900	688,669
Other payables to related parties	(28)	(841)
Other current liabilities	57,554	(5,329)
Net defined benefit liabilities	(4,821)	(2,242)
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors	(203,403)	811,991
Cash generated from operations	2,679,779	8,707,463
Interest received	96,751	50,534
Interest paid	(689)	(1,784)
Income tax paid	(1,252,595)	(334,682)
Net cash generated from operating activities	<u>1,523,246</u>	<u>8,421,531</u>

(Continued)

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ (261,334)	\$ (229,348)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	248,086	28,562
Purchase of financial assets measured at amortized cost	(3,479,338)	(6,840,173)
Proceeds from the return of principal of financial assets at amortized cost	5,041,169	4,423,168
Acquisitions of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(542,428)	(491,969)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	617,232	326,777
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(649,183)	(835,529)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	485	9,115
Increase in refundable deposits	(3,177)	(637,862)
Decrease in refundable deposits	60,006	1,629
Payment of intangible assets	(80,470)	(40,792)
Acquisition of investment properties	(67,996)	(308,857)
Dividends received	<u>43,858</u>	<u>28,225</u>
Net cash generated from (used in) investing activities	<u>926,910</u>	<u>(4,567,054)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	659,582	2,574,315
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(697,017)	(2,786,785)
Increase in guarantee deposits	109,079	152,331
Decrease in guarantee deposits	(110,189)	(60,589)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(50,359)	(45,733)
Cash dividends distributed	(3,830,363)	(899,368)
Payments for buy back of treasury shares	(52,595)	(49,725)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(966,108)	(601,317)
Increase in non-controlling interests	58,000	244,519
Employee compensation issued in the form of stock that are not vested	<u>1,729</u>	<u>2,369</u>
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(4,878,241)</u>	<u>(1,469,983)</u>
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES		
	<u>159,294</u>	<u>(40,527)</u>
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,268,791)	2,343,967
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	<u>7,930,508</u>	<u>5,586,541</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 5,661,717</u>	<u>\$ 7,930,508</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sitronix Technology Corporation (the “Company”) was incorporated in Taipei City, Taiwan (ROC) in July 1992 and commenced operations in the same year. The principal place of business is located in Tai Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Hsinchu County. The Company operates principally as a designer, manufacturer and supplier of integrated circuits (ICs) and memory chips and focuses on display driver ICs (DDIs) for entry-level mobile phones, industrial displays and automotive systems.

The Company’s shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) since December 25, 2003.

In order to improve the Company’s overall operating performance and increase market competitiveness, the Company reorganized the Group’s structure, carried out a professional division of labor and coordinated the allocation of the Group’s resources. On March 18, 2021, according to the Business Mergers And Acquisitions Act and the Company Act, the Company’s board of directors resolved to spin off the automotive business division to the Company’s subsidiary, Forcelead Technology Corp., which issued new ordinary shares as consideration for the transfer. The spin-off completion date is June 1, 2021.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company’s functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company’s board of directors and authorized for issue on March 16, 2023.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the “IFRSs”) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Group’s accounting policies.

- b. The IFRSs endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2023

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB
Amendments to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”	January 1, 2023 (Note 1)
Amendments to IAS 8 “Definition of Accounting Estimates”	January 1, 2023 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 12 “Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction”	January 1, 2023 (Note 3)

Note 1: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Note 2: The amendments will be applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Note 3: Except for deferred taxes that were recognized on January 1, 2022 for temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations, the amendments were applied prospectively to transactions that occurred on or after January 1, 2022.

1) Amendments to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”

The amendments specify that the Group should refer to the definition of material to determine its material accounting policy information to be disclosed. Accounting policy information is material if it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments also clarify that:

- Accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and need not be disclosed;
- The Group may consider the accounting policy information as material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial; and
- Not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The amendments also illustrate that accounting policy information is likely to be considered as material to the financial statements if that information relates to material transactions, other events or conditions and:

- a) The Group changed its accounting policy during the reporting period and this change resulted in a material change to the information in the financial statements;
- b) The Group chose the accounting policy from options permitted by the standards;
- c) The accounting policy was developed in accordance with IAS 8 “Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors” in the absence of an IFRS that specifically applies;
- d) The accounting policy relates to an area for which the Group is required to make significant judgements or assumptions in applying an accounting policy, and the Group discloses those judgements or assumptions; or
- e) The accounting is complex and users of the financial statements would otherwise not understand those material transactions, other events or conditions.

2) Amendments to IAS 8 “Definition of Accounting Estimates”

The amendments define that accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. In applying accounting policies, the Group may be required to measure items at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, the Group uses measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates to achieve the objective. The effects on an accounting estimate of a change in a measurement technique or a change in an input are changes in accounting estimates unless they result from the correction of prior period errors.

3) Amendments to IAS 12 “Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction”

The amendments clarify that the initial recognition exemption under IAS 12 does not apply to transactions in which equal taxable and deductible temporary differences arise on initial recognition. The Group shall recognize a deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations on January 1, 2022, and the Group shall recognize the cumulative effect of initial application in retained earnings at that date. The Group shall apply the amendments prospectively to transactions other than leases and decommissioning obligations that occur on or after January 1, 2022.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group has assessed that the application of other standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the Group’s financial position and financial performance.

c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture”	To be determined by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 16 “Leases Liability in a Sale and Leaseback”	January 1, 2024 (Note 2)
IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 “Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information”	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 “Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current”	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 “Non-current Liabilities with Covenants”	January 1, 2024

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

1) Amendments to IAS 1 “Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current” (referred to as the “2020 amendments”) and “Non-current Liabilities with Covenants” (referred to as the “2022 amendments”)

The 2020 amendments clarify that for a liability to be classified as non-current, the Group shall assess whether it has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. If such rights are in existence at the end of the reporting period, the liability is classified as non-current regardless of whether the Group will exercise that right.

The 2020 amendments also stipulate that, if the right to defer settlement is subject to compliance with specified conditions, the Group must comply with those conditions at the end of the reporting period even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date. The 2022 amendments further clarify that only covenants with which an entity is required to comply on or before the reporting date should affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. Although the covenants to be complied with within twelve months after the reporting period do not affect the classification

of a liability, the Group shall disclose information that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk of the Group that may have difficulty complying with the covenants and repay its liabilities within twelve months after the reporting period.

The 2020 amendments stipulate that, for the purpose of liability classification, the aforementioned settlement refers to a transfer of cash, other economic resources or the Group's own equity instruments to the counterparty that results in the extinguishment of the liability. However, if the terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by a transfer of the Group's own equity instruments, and if such option is recognized separately as equity in accordance with IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation", the aforementioned terms would not affect the classification of the liability.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value, and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e. its subsidiaries). Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposals, as appropriate. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value at the date when control is lost and (ii) the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities and any non-controlling interests of the former subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost. The Group accounts for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

See Note 12 and Tables 8 and 9 for the detailed information of subsidiaries (including the percentages of ownership and main businesses).

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and

losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the functional currencies of the Company and the entities in the Group (including subsidiaries and associates or those that use currencies different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the presentation currency - the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate).

f. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, work in progress, finished goods and merchandise, and are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

g. Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially stated at cost and subsequently stated at cost less recognized accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are measured at cost less any recognized impairment loss. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

Except for freehold land which is not depreciated, the depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

h. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Investment properties of the Group's depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method.

Investment properties is transferred to property, plant and equipment at the carrying amount on the day when the supply for self-use begins.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss.

i. Intangible assets

1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful life, residual value, and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are measured at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

2) Internally-generated intangible assets - research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

3) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset, cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a settlement date basis.

a) Measurement category

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost, investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL include financial assets mandatorily measured or designated as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 30.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables measured at amortized cost, time deposits with original maturities of over 3 months, pledged fixed deposits, and refundable deposits) and are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset.

A credit-impaired financial asset is one where the issuer or debtor has experienced significant financial difficulties, defaults, the debtor is likely to file for bankruptcy or other financial reorganization, or the active market for the financial asset has disappeared due to financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include short-term investments or time deposits with original maturities of three months or less, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- i) The debt instrument is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and the selling of such financial assets; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in the carrying amounts of these debt instruments relating to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest income calculated using the effective interest method and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when the investment is disposed of.

iv. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends are recognized in profit and loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless they clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment, in which case, they are included in OCI.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables), investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss

allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of such a financial asset.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

Derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss, and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity, and its carrying amounts are calculated based on weighted average by share types and calculated separately by repurchase category. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

3) Financial liabilities

a) Subsequent measurement

Except the following situation, all financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

i. Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when such financial liabilities are held for trading as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities held for trading are stated at fair value, with any gain or loss arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 30.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

4) Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including cross currency swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. When the fair value of derivative financial instruments is positive, the derivative is recognized as a financial asset; when the fair value of derivative financial instruments is negative, the derivative is recognized as a financial liability.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts that contain financial asset hosts that is within the scope of IFRS 9 are not separated; instead, the classification is determined in accordance with the entire hybrid contract. Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts that are not financial assets that is within the scope of IFRS 9 (e.g. financial liabilities) are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative; their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts; and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

l. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

1) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of integrated circuits. Sales of integrated circuits are recognized as revenue when the goods are delivered to the customer's specific location because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence.

The Group does not recognize revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors because this delivery does not involve a transfer of control.

2) Rendering of services

Service income is recognized when services are provided.

m. Leasing

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contain a lease.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group subleases a right-of-use asset, the sublease is classified by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. However, if the head lease is a short-term lease that the Group, as a lessee, has accounted for applying the recognition exemption, the sublease is classified as an operating lease.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in the lease terms, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group negotiates with the lessor for rent concessions as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 to change the lease payments originally due by June 30, 2022, that results in the revised consideration for the lease. There is no substantive change to other terms and conditions. The Group elects to apply the practical expedient to all of these rent concessions and, therefore, does not assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications. Instead, the Group recognizes the reduction in lease payment in profit or loss (accounted for as other income) in the period in which the events or conditions that trigger the concession occur, and makes a corresponding adjustment to the lease liability.

n. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

o. Government grants

Government grants are recognized only when it is reasonably certain that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to the government grant and that the grant will be received.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are received.

p. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including current service cost and past service cost) and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities are recognized as employee benefit expenses in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities represent the actual deficit in the Group's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

q. Share-based payment arrangements

The fair value at the grant date of the employee share options is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's best estimates of the number of shares or options that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in non-controlling interests. The expense is recognized in full at the grant date if the grants are vested immediately.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of employee share options that are expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expenses reflect the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to non-controlling interests and capital surplus - employee share options.

r. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (refundable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for as income tax in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, research and development expenditures and personnel training expenditures to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred taxes

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the possible impact of the recent development of the COVID-19 in Taiwan and its economic environment implications when making its critical accounting estimates on cash flow projections, growth rate, discount rate, profitability, etc. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

a. Write-down of inventories

The net realizable value of inventory is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and disposal. The estimation of net realizable value was based on current market conditions and the historical experience with product sales of a similar nature. Changes in market conditions may have a material impact on the estimation of the net realizable value.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
Bank deposits	\$ 4,307,822	\$ 5,406,834
Cash on hand	291	246
Cash equivalents	<u>1,353,604</u>	<u>2,523,428</u>
	<u>\$ 5,661,717</u>	<u>\$ 7,930,508</u>

The market rate intervals of bank deposits and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
Bank deposits	0.001%-4.20%	0.001%-1.80%
Cash equivalents	0.58%-4.20%	0.25%-2.50%

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL - current</u>		
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL		
Derivative financial assets		
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 49,170	\$ 26,044
Credit linked notes - linked with Convertible bonds	22,774	143,929
Equity linked notes	15,355	-
Non-derivative financial assets		
Domestic mutual fund investments	190,223	478,632
Convertible bonds	104,835	85,696
Exchangeable bonds	40,080	-
Domestic listed shares	<u>2,197</u>	<u>2,836</u>
	<u>\$ 424,634</u>	<u>\$ 737,137</u>

(Continued)

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL - non-current</u>		
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL		
Derivative financial assets		
Credit linked notes - linked with Convertible bonds	\$ 400,431	\$ 150,285
Non-derivative financial assets		
Limited partnership	<u>34,768</u>	<u>18,067</u>
	<u>\$ 435,199</u>	<u>\$ 168,352</u>
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL - current</u>		
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL		
Derivative financial liabilities		
Foreign exchange forward contracts	<u>\$ 37,725</u>	<u>\$ 1,228</u> (Concluded)

At the end of the reporting period, outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign exchange swaps not under hedge accounting were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2022</u>			
Sell forward exchange contracts	USD/NTD	2023.01.17-2023.09.26	US\$44,000/NT\$1,322,023
Buy forward exchange contracts	NTD/USD	2023.01.13-2023.09.28	NT\$1,310,577/US\$44,000
<u>December 31, 2021</u>			
Sell forward exchange contracts	USD/NTD	2022.01.20-2022.12.21	US\$52,000/NT\$1,441,886
Buy forward exchange contracts	NTD/USD	2022.01.18-2022.12.19	NT\$1,444,750/US\$53,000

The Group entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage exposures to exchange rate fluctuations of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Current</u>		
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 474,029	\$ 723,885
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	<u>90,177</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 564,206</u>	<u>\$ 723,885</u> (Continued)

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Non-current</u>		
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 640,322	\$ 790,532
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	<u>309,780</u>	<u>159,525</u>
	<u>\$ 950,102</u>	<u>\$ 950,057</u> (Concluded)

a. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Current</u>		
Domestic investments		
Listed shares (1) and (2)	\$ 474,029	\$ 683,740
Foreign investments		
Listed shares (3)	<u>-</u>	<u>40,145</u>
	<u>\$ 474,029</u>	<u>\$ 723,885</u>
<u>Non-current</u>		
Domestic investments		
Unlisted equity investments (1) and (5)	\$ 193,708	\$ 213,829
Foreign investments		
Unlisted equity investments (1)	<u>446,614</u>	<u>576,703</u>
	<u>\$ 640,322</u>	<u>\$ 790,532</u>

- 1) These investments in equity instruments are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for purposes.
- 2) In 2022 and 2021, the Group acquired the ordinary shares of domestic listed companies at \$10,035 thousand and \$129,348 thousand for strategic investment purposes. The management designated these investments as at FVTOCI.
- 3) In order to manage credit concentration risk, the Group sold its ordinary shares and preferred shares of domestic and foreign listed companies in 2022 in the amounts of \$248,086 thousand; and transferred a gain of \$20,624 thousand from other equity to retained earnings.
- 4) During 2022 and 2021, the Group purchased domestic unlisted equity investments at \$15,000 thousand and \$160,000 thousand, respectively, for strategic investment purposes. The management designated the investment as at FVTOCI, and prepaid \$60,000 thousand for the investment on December 31, 2020.

5) Dividends of \$43,728 thousand and \$28,225 thousand were recognized for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Those related to investments held on December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$38,479 thousand and \$28,225 thousand, respectively.

b. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Current</u>		
Foreign corporate bonds	\$ <u>90,177</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
<u>Non-current</u>		
Foreign corporate bonds	\$ <u>309,780</u>	\$ <u>159,525</u>

In 2020, the Group purchased foreign corporate bonds for US\$5,822 thousand with a coupon rate of 3.375%-5.65%.

In 2022, the Group purchased foreign corporate bonds for US\$8,012 thousand with a coupon rate of 2.75%-4.125%.

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Current</u>		
Domestic investments		
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months (a)	\$ 1,659,100	\$ 3,257,000
Pledged fixed deposits (b)	<u>757,789</u>	<u>721,720</u>
	<u>\$ 2,416,889</u>	<u>\$ 3,978,720</u>
<u>Non-current</u>		
Foreign investments		
Foreign corporate bonds (c)	\$ <u>30,983</u>	\$ <u>28,019</u>

a. The interest rates for time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months ranged from 0.27%-1.60% and 0.10%-0.80% per annum as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

b. Refer to Note 32 for information relating to investments in financial assets at amortized cost pledged as security.

c. In August 2016, the Group purchased the priority unsecured US dollar debt issued by Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited at US\$1,028 thousand, with an expiry date of April 22, 2025 and the coupon rate of 3.375%.

10. NOTES RECEIVABLE, TRADE RECEIVABLES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Notes receivable</u>		
At amortized cost		
Gross carrying amount	\$ 79	\$ -
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 79</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>Trade receivables</u>		
At amortized cost		
Gross carrying amount	\$ 1,247,779	\$ 1,975,184
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	<u>(21,338)</u>	<u>(23,789)</u>
	<u>\$ 1,226,441</u>	<u>\$ 1,951,395</u>
<u>Other receivables</u>		
Income tax refund receivable	\$ 73,876	\$ 67,133
Interest receivables	13,449	11,709
Others	<u>11,512</u>	<u>12,057</u>
	<u>\$ 98,837</u>	<u>\$ 90,899</u>

The credit period of sales of goods was 5-135 days. No interest was charged on trade receivables. The Group adopted a policy of obtaining advance payment or sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group uses other publicly available financial information or its own historical trading records to rate its major customers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the Group annually.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to the past default records of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix:

December 31, 2022

	Not Past Due	Up to 60 Days	61 to 90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$ 1,241,830	\$ 1,313	\$ 2	\$ 4,634	\$ 1,247,779
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	<u>(15,389)</u>	<u>(1,313)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(4,634)</u>	<u>(21,338)</u>
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 1,226,441</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,226,441</u>

December 31, 2021

	Not Past Due	Up to 60 Days	61 to 90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$ 1,959,680	\$ 4,878	\$ 4,259	\$ 6,367	\$ 1,975,184
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	<u>(15,995)</u>	<u>(155)</u>	<u>(1,272)</u>	<u>(6,367)</u>	<u>(23,789)</u>
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 1,943,685</u>	<u>\$ 4,723</u>	<u>\$ 2,987</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,951,395</u>

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance at January 1	\$ 23,789	\$ 22,943
Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance (a)	-	849
Less: Net remeasurement of loss allowance (a)	(1,004)	-
Less: Amounts written off (b)	(1,458)	-
Change in exchange rates or others	<u>11</u>	<u>(3)</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 21,338</u>	<u>\$ 23,789</u>

- a. Compared with January 1, 2022, the total carrying amount of trade receivables as of December 31, 2021 decreased by a net amount of \$727,405 thousand, and the loss allowance decreased by \$2,451 thousand; the total carrying amount of trade receivables as of December 31, 2020 increased by a net amount of \$578,824 thousand, and the loss allowance increased by \$846 thousand, which was due to changes in accounts receivable of different risk groups.
- b. The Group wrote off trade receivables of \$1,458 thousand and the related loss allowance of \$1,458 thousand due to the liquidation of one customer, in the years ended 2022.

11. INVENTORIES

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Finished goods	\$ 1,452,658	\$ 1,057,090
Work in progress	2,356,694	1,137,427
Raw materials	585,369	250,686
Merchandise	<u>4,622</u>	<u>5,365</u>
	<u>\$ 4,399,343</u>	<u>\$ 2,450,568</u>

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$9,773,803 thousand and \$9,904,534 thousand, respectively.

The cost of goods sold included inventory write-downs of \$285,708 thousand and \$59,881 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

a. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Investor	Investee	Main Business	Proportion of Ownership (%)	
			December 31	
			2022	2021
Sitronix Technology Corporation	Sitronix Investment Corp.	Investment	100.00	100.00
	Sensortek Technology Corp.	R&D, design and sales of sensor integrated circuit products	46.06	46.06
	INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Comprehensive line of Power supervisor IC design	58.42	58.42
	mCore Technology Corp.	Providing solutions for consumer display and voice/audio related applications.	90.73	90.73
	Forcelead Technology Corp.	R&D and sale of multi-functional integrated automotive display driver ICs	70.76	83.48
	Sync-Tech System Corp.	Design, manufacturing and maintenance of semiconductor consumables and testing equipment	42.86	45.73
	Sitronix Holding International Ltd. (Holding Ltd.)	Investment	100.00	100.00
	HeFei ezGreen Co., Ltd.	Design, sales and technical services of Supplier management software development	100.00	100.00
	HeFei Sitronix Co., Ltd.	R&D, design, sales and technical services of integrated circuits and system hardware and software	90.00	90.00
	ezGreen Inc.	Software design and electronic information supply services	100.00	100.00
	Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Computer software and hardware development, sales and after-sales service business and related technical consulting services	100.00	100.00
	HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	R&D, sale and provision of after-sales services and related technical consultancy services of integrated circuits and system hardware and software	100.00	100.00
	Sitronix Investment Corp.	Sensortek Technology Corp.	R&D, design and sales of sensor integrated circuit products	-
INFSitronix Technology Corp.		Comprehensive line of Power supervisor IC design	-	-

As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, the Group's shareholding ratio of Sensortek Technology Corp. were both 46.06%. Since Sensortek Technology Corp. is a TPEX listed company in the Republic of China, the remaining 53.94% of the shares held are widely dispersed. After considering the absolute number, relative size and distribution of shareholding held by the other shareholders, the Group was judged to have the substantive ability to dominate the relevant activities of Sensortek Technology Corp., therefore, it is classified as a subsidiary.

As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, the Group's shareholding ratio of Sync-Tech System Corp. were 42.86% and 45.73%, respectively, and was the largest single shareholder of the latter. After considering the absolute number, relative size and distribution of shareholding held by the other shareholders, the Group was judged to have the substantive ability to dominate the relevant activities of Sync-Tech System Corp., therefore, it is classified as a subsidiary.

The Group invested CNY30,000 thousand to establish HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd. on October 18, 2021, with a shareholding ratio of 100.00%.

Refer to Note 27 for the acquisitions and disposals of investments in subsidiaries.

b. Details of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

Name of Subsidiary	Principal Place of Business	Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights Held by Non-controlling Interests	
		December 31	
		2022	2021
Sensortek Technology Corp.	Taiwan	53.94%	53.94%
INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Taiwan	41.58%	41.58%
Forcelead Technology Corp.	Taiwan	29.24%	16.52%
Sync-Tech System Corp.	Taiwan	57.14%	54.27%

Name of Subsidiary	Profit (Loss) Allocated to Non-controlling Interests		Accumulated Non-controlling Interests	
	For the Year Ended December 31		December 31	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Sensortek Technology Corp.	\$ 446,984	\$ 896,039	\$ 2,352,651	\$ 2,725,019
INFSitronix Technology Corp.	(8,643)	11,769	48,092	56,735
Forcelead Technology Corp.	117,109	46,089	460,157	276,184
Sync-Tech System Corp.	53,997	93,137	423,804	334,584
Others	<u>11,091</u>	<u>20,224</u>	<u>58,215</u>	<u>49,370</u>
Total	<u>\$ 620,538</u>	<u>\$ 1,067,258</u>	<u>\$ 3,342,919</u>	<u>\$ 3,441,892</u>

Summarized financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarized financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Current assets	\$ 6,994,769	\$ 9,235,863
Non-current assets	2,106,299	1,861,252
Current liabilities	(1,921,690)	(3,227,258)
Non-current liabilities	<u>(273,354)</u>	<u>(280,842)</u>
Equity	<u>\$ 6,906,024</u>	<u>\$ 7,589,015</u>
Equity attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	\$ 3,621,320	\$ 4,196,493
Non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	<u>3,284,704</u>	<u>3,392,522</u>
	<u>\$ 6,906,024</u>	<u>\$ 7,589,015</u>

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Revenue	\$ <u>7,585,496</u>	\$ <u>10,360,906</u>
Profit for the year	\$ 1,495,891	\$ 2,984,846
Other comprehensive income for the year	<u>(63,617)</u>	<u>48,831</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 1,432,274</u>	<u>\$ 3,033,677</u>
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	\$ 873,122	\$ 1,936,746
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	<u>608,753</u>	<u>1,046,441</u>
	<u>\$ 1,481,875</u>	<u>\$ 2,983,187</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	\$ 866,969	\$ 1,943,928
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	<u>601,599</u>	<u>1,054,959</u>
	<u>\$ 1,468,568</u>	<u>\$ 2,998,887</u>
Net cash inflow (outflow) from:		
Operating activities	\$ 839,890	\$ 2,944,248
Investing activities	589,982	(2,234,645)
Financing activities	(2,564,292)	(1,012,193)
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currencies	<u>48,793</u>	<u>(14,579)</u>
Net cash outflow	<u>\$ (1,085,627)</u>	<u>\$ (317,169)</u>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ 963,363</u>	<u>\$ 599,302</u>

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Machinery Equipment	Test Equipment	Office Equipment	Property Under Construction	Total
<u>Cost</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 132,476	\$ 508,020	\$ 174,070	\$ 876,448	\$ 11,995	\$ 133,308	\$ 1,836,317
Additions	136,686	433,599	70,291	171,434	17,298	-	829,308
Disposals	-	(7,583)	(10,505)	(23,753)	(1,077)	-	(42,918)
Reclassification	-	5,308	-	-	-	(133,308)	(128,000)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	(111)	(16)	(149)	(28)	-	(304)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 269,162</u>	<u>\$ 939,233</u>	<u>\$ 233,840</u>	<u>\$ 1,023,980</u>	<u>\$ 28,188</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,494,403</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ -	\$ 171,092	\$ 94,334	\$ 537,190	\$ 11,167	\$ -	\$ 813,783
Additions	-	22,617	32,428	203,318	2,033	-	260,396
Disposals	-	(7,175)	(8,181)	(23,753)	(1,077)	-	(40,186)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	(50)	(7)	(57)	(26)	-	(140)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 186,484</u>	<u>\$ 118,574</u>	<u>\$ 716,698</u>	<u>\$ 12,097</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,033,853</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 269,162</u>	<u>\$ 752,749</u>	<u>\$ 115,266</u>	<u>\$ 307,282</u>	<u>\$ 16,091</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,460,550</u>

(Continued)

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Machinery Equipment	Test Equipment	Office Equipment	Property Under Construction	Total
<u>Cost</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 269,162	\$ 939,233	\$ 233,840	\$ 1,023,980	\$ 28,188	\$ -	\$ 2,494,403
Additions	29,561	39,169	54,339	299,883	2,692	211,301	636,945
Disposals	-	(2,378)	(3,547)	(418,989)	(127)	-	(425,041)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	1,105	29	425	78	(666)	971
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 298,723</u>	<u>\$ 977,129</u>	<u>\$ 284,661</u>	<u>\$ 905,299</u>	<u>\$ 30,831</u>	<u>\$ 210,635</u>	<u>\$ 2,707,278</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ -	\$ 186,484	\$ 118,574	\$ 716,698	\$ 12,097	\$ -	\$ 1,033,853
Additions	-	31,796	38,661	221,467	3,827	-	295,751
Disposals	-	(2,378)	(3,119)	(418,906)	(120)	-	(424,523)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	116	20	184	39	-	359
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 216,018</u>	<u>\$ 154,136</u>	<u>\$ 519,443</u>	<u>\$ 15,843</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 905,440</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 298,723</u>	<u>\$ 761,111</u>	<u>\$ 130,525</u>	<u>\$ 385,856</u>	<u>\$ 14,988</u>	<u>\$ 210,635</u>	<u>\$ 1,801,838</u>

(Concluded)

The Group's property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	
Main buildings	40-51 years
Renovation construction / Lease improvement	3-15 years
Machinery equipment	3-6 years
Test equipment	1-6 years
Office equipment	3-6 years

14. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Carrying amount</u>		
Buildings	\$ 122,161	\$ 154,556
Office equipment	6,666	8,836
Machinery equipment	<u>337</u>	<u>434</u>
	<u>\$ 129,164</u>	<u>\$ 163,826</u>
	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 20,998</u>	<u>\$ 137,985</u>
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets		
Buildings	\$ 43,295	\$ 43,032
Office equipment	6,109	5,606
Machinery equipment	<u>96</u>	<u>48</u>
	<u>\$ 49,500</u>	<u>\$ 48,686</u>

Except for the addition and recognition of depreciation expenses listed above, there was no significant sublease or impairment of the Group's right-of-use assets in 2022 and 2021.

b. Lease liabilities

	December 31	
	2022	2021
<u>Carrying amount</u>		
Current	<u>\$ 45,301</u>	<u>\$ 44,125</u>
Non-current	<u>\$ 87,613</u>	<u>\$ 121,400</u>

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Buildings	1.250%-4.750%	1.250%-4.750%
Office equipment	1.250%-1.920%	1.250%-1.895%
Machinery equipment	1.250%	1.250%

c. Material lease activities and terms

The Group leases certain buildings for the use of plants and offices, rental cars, and machinery equipment with lease terms between 2-6 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase or renewal options to acquire or renew the leases when they expire.

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 on the market economy in 2020, the Group's lessor in China agreed to unconditionally reduce the rental amount of the Group's lease of office space from February 1, 2020 to April 30, 2021 and May 1, 2022 to November 30, 2022. The Group recognized the impact of the aforementioned rent reduction of \$847 and \$105 thousand in 2022 and 2021, respectively (accounted for as other income).

d. Other lease information

Lease arrangements under operating leases for the leasing out of investment properties are set out in Note 15.

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Expenses relating to short-term leases	<u>\$ 1,904</u>	<u>\$ 1,874</u>
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 156</u>	<u>\$ 50</u>
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ 52,419</u>	<u>\$ 47,657</u>

The Group's leases of certain parking spaces qualify as short-term leases and leases of machinery qualify as low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Land	Buildings	Total
<u>Cost</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 80,060	\$ 201,883	\$ 281,943
Additions	130,588	178,269	308,857
Transferred from properties, plant and equipment	<u>-</u>	<u>128,000</u>	<u>128,000</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 210,648</u>	<u>\$ 508,152</u>	<u>\$ 718,800</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ -	\$ 35,604	\$ 35,604
Depreciation expense	<u>-</u>	<u>10,098</u>	<u>10,098</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 45,702</u>	<u>\$ 45,702</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 210,648</u>	<u>\$ 462,450</u>	<u>\$ 673,098</u>
<u>Cost</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 210,648	\$ 508,152	\$ 718,800
Additions	<u>34,618</u>	<u>33,378</u>	<u>67,996</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 245,266</u>	<u>\$ 541,530</u>	<u>\$ 786,796</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ -	\$ 45,702	\$ 45,702
Depreciation expense	<u>-</u>	<u>10,588</u>	<u>10,588</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 56,290</u>	<u>\$ 56,290</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 245,266</u>	<u>\$ 485,240</u>	<u>\$ 730,506</u>

Except for Sync-Tech System Corp. has not leased the investment properties, the above-mentioned investment properties were leased out for 1 to 5 years. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the investment properties at the expiry of the lease periods.

The future minimum lease payments of operating lease commitments in 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Year 1	\$ 17,095	\$ 13,288
Year 1-5	<u>23,600</u>	<u>8,910</u>
	<u>\$ 40,695</u>	<u>\$ 22,198</u>

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 50-51 years.

The determination of fair values of the Group's investment properties was performed by independent qualified professional vaulters of the China Real Estate Appraising Firm using Level 3 inputs. The evaluation is based on the cost method and the weighted average of the income method and the market comparison method. The significant unobservable input used include the discount rate. The management of the Group considered that there was no significant impact to the fair value on December 31, 2022 compared with the amount of December 31, 2021.

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Fair value	<u>\$ 904,343</u>	<u>\$ 822,144</u>

All of the Group's investment properties were held under freehold interests.

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Royalty	Computer Software	Specialized Technology	Total
<u>Cost</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 126,932	\$ 103,137	\$ -	\$ 230,069
Additions	9,287	37,095	-	46,382
Disposals	-	(1,452)	-	(1,452)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	(16)	-	(16)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 136,219</u>	<u>\$ 138,764</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 274,983</u>
<u>Accumulated amortization</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 107,227	\$ 79,076	\$ -	\$ 186,303
Amortization expenses	16,033	25,530	-	41,563
Disposals	-	(1,452)	-	(1,452)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	(5)	-	(5)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 123,260</u>	<u>\$ 103,149</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 226,409</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 12,959</u>	<u>\$ 35,615</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 48,574</u>
<u>Cost</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 136,219	\$ 138,764	\$ -	\$ 274,983
Additions	7,139	68,844	500	76,483
Disposals	(2,447)	(5,745)	-	(8,192)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	(71)	-	(71)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 140,911</u>	<u>\$ 201,792</u>	<u>\$ 500</u>	<u>\$ 343,203</u>

(Continued)

	Royalty	Computer Software	Specialized Technology	Total
<u>Accumulated amortization</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 123,260	\$ 103,149	\$ -	\$ 226,409
Amortization expenses	11,543	36,619	21	48,183
Disposals	(2,447)	(5,745)	-	(8,192)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	-	(95)	-	(95)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 132,356</u>	<u>\$ 133,928</u>	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ 266,305</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 8,555</u>	<u>\$ 67,864</u>	<u>\$ 479</u>	<u>\$ 76,898</u> (Concluded)

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Royalty	2-8 years
Computer software	2-10 years
Specialized technology	2 years

17. OTHER ASSETS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
<u>Other current assets</u>		
Provisional payments	\$ 3,143	\$ 6,081
Others	<u>6,798</u>	<u>4,805</u>
	<u>\$ 9,941</u>	<u>\$ 10,886</u>
<u>Prepayments</u>		
Prepayment for purchase (a)	\$ 8,291	\$ 8,172
Input tax and offset against business tax	50,796	119,204
Prepayments	34,085	48,384
Prepaid probe cards	42,245	30,546
Others	<u>6,465</u>	<u>5,901</u>
	<u>\$ 141,882</u>	<u>\$ 212,207</u>
<u>Other non-current assets</u>		
Refundable deposits (b)	\$ 651,206	\$ 644,679
Repayments for purchase (a)	179,402	419,185
Prepayments for equipment	<u>16,412</u>	<u>16,524</u>
	<u>\$ 847,020</u>	<u>\$ 1,080,388</u>

- a. The Group has signed long-term purchase agreements with fabs, and the prepayment has been made in advance according to the agreements, please refer to Note 33 for the details.

- b. Please refer to Note 33 for details of the contract terms related to the long-term capacity guarantee agreements.

18. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
<u>Short-term unsecured borrowings</u>		
Bank loans	<u>\$ 18,119</u>	<u>\$ 55,360</u>

The range of weighted average effective interest rates on bank loans was 4.97% and 0.58% as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

19. OTHER LIABILITIES

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
<u>Current</u>		
Other payables		
Payables for salaries and bonuses	\$ 1,464,877	\$ 1,428,733
Payables for equipment	51,691	64,055
Payables for research	40,588	36,259
Others	<u>296,336</u>	<u>303,485</u>
	<u>\$ 1,853,492</u>	<u>\$ 1,832,532</u>
Other liabilities		
Contract liabilities	\$ 135,268	\$ 75,623
Temporary receipts	5,967	11,182
Others	<u>12,620</u>	<u>9,496</u>
	<u>\$ 153,855</u>	<u>\$ 96,301</u>

20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

- a. Defined contribution plans

The Group adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Group makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

- b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Group in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the 6 months before retirement. The Group contributes amounts equal to 2% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Group assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the

pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Group is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the “Bureau”); the Group has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The amounts based on the actuarial report of the Group’s defined benefit plans were as follows:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 94,582	\$ 94,994
Fair value of the plan assets	<u>(63,191)</u>	<u>(56,717)</u>
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u>\$ 31,391</u>	<u>\$ 38,277</u>

Movements in net defined benefit liabilities were as follows:

	Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 98,281	\$ (53,404)	\$ 44,877
Net interest expense (income)	<u>292</u>	<u>(162)</u>	<u>130</u>
Recognized in profit or loss	<u>292</u>	<u>(162)</u>	<u>130</u>
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest)	-	(779)	(779)
Actuarial loss - change in demographic assumptions	471	-	471
Actuarial gain - change in financial assumptions	(4,092)	-	(4,092)
Actuarial loss - experience adjustments	<u>42</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>42</u>
Recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>(3,579)</u>	<u>(779)</u>	<u>(4,358)</u>
Contributions from the employer	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,372)</u>	<u>(2,372)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>94,994</u>	<u>(56,717)</u>	<u>38,277</u>
Service cost			
Gain on settlements	(626)	-	(626)
Net interest expense (income)	<u>660</u>	<u>(401)</u>	<u>259</u>
Recognized in profit or loss	<u>34</u>	<u>(401)</u>	<u>(367)</u>
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest)	-	(4,312)	(4,312)
Actuarial loss - change in demographic assumptions	42	-	42
Actuarial gain - change in financial assumptions	(5,770)	-	(5,770)
Actuarial loss - experience adjustments	<u>7,975</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,975</u>
Recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>2,247</u>	<u>(4,312)</u>	<u>(2,065)</u>
Contributions from the employer	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,603)</u>	<u>(2,603)</u>
Benefit payments	<u>(2,693)</u>	<u>842</u>	<u>(1,851)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 94,582</u>	<u>\$ (63,191)</u>	<u>\$ 31,391</u>

An analysis by function of the amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Selling and marketing expenses	\$ 26	\$ 15
General and administrative expenses	56	32
Research and development expenses	<u>(449)</u>	<u>83</u>
	<u>\$ (367)</u>	<u>\$ 130</u>

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Group is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Discount rate	1.30%	0.70%
Expected rate of salary increase	4.00%	4.00%

If possible reasonable change in each of the significant actuarial assumptions occurs and all other assumptions remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation will increase (decrease) as follows:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Discount rate		
0.25% increase	<u>\$ (2,253)</u>	<u>\$ (2,470)</u>
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ 2,333</u>	<u>\$ 2,564</u>
Expected rate of salary increase/decrease		
0.25% increase	<u>\$ 2,266</u>	<u>\$ 2,475</u>
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ (2,200)</u>	<u>\$ (2,399)</u>

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Expected contributions to the plan for the next year	\$ <u>2,607</u>	\$ <u>2,391</u>
Average duration of the defined benefit obligation	9 years	10 years

21. EQUITY

a. Share capital

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	<u>200,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>
Share capital	\$ <u>2,000,000</u>	\$ <u>2,000,000</u>
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	<u>120,137</u>	<u>120,137</u>
Shares issued	\$ <u>1,201,369</u>	\$ <u>1,201,369</u>

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

The authorized shares include 20,000 thousand shares reserved for the exercise of employee stock options.

b. Capital surplus

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)		
Issuance of ordinary shares	\$ 401,995	\$ 401,995
Conversion of bonds	335,041	335,041
Treasury share transactions	8,114	1,658
<u>May be used to offset a deficit only</u>		
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries (2)	<u>945,590</u>	<u>872,217</u>
	\$ <u>1,690,740</u>	\$ <u>1,610,911</u>

1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).

2) Such capital surplus arises from the effect of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries resulting from equity transactions other than actual disposals or acquisitions, or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.

c. Retained earnings and dividends policy

Under the dividends policy as set in the Company's Articles of Incorporation (the "Articles"), the board of directors is authorized to adopt a special resolution to distribute all or part of the dividends and bonuses in cash, and a report of such distribution should be submitted in the latest shareholders' meeting.

Under the dividends policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be distributed in the following order:

- 1) Utilized for paying taxes.
- 2) Offsetting losses of previous years.
- 3) Setting aside as a legal reserve of 10% of the remaining profit (legal reserve that has reached the company's paid-in capital is not subject to this condition).
- 4) Setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations.
- 5) Any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders.

For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors, refer to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors in Note 23(h).

The distribution of dividends to shareholders of the Company can be made in cash or shares, but the proportion of cash dividends distributed should not be less than 10% of the total dividends distributed. The dividends policy is dependent on the Company's current and future investment environment, capital needs, domestic and international competition and capital budget, etc., taking into account the interests of shareholders, balance of dividends and long-term financial planning of the Company, the board of directors plans to distribute the case to the shareholders' meeting.

Appropriation of earnings to the legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings for 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	
	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Legal reserve	\$ 601,513	\$ 117,719
(Reversals) appropriations of special reserve	\$ (74,759)	\$ 102,697
Cash dividends	\$ 3,844,380	\$ 901,026
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 32	\$ 7.5

The above appropriations for cash dividends were resolved by the Company's board of directors on March 17, 2022 and March 18, 2021, respectively; the other proposed appropriations were resolved by the shareholders in their meeting on June 23, 2022 and July 27, 2021, respectively.

The appropriation of earnings for 2022 had been proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 16, 2023. The appropriation and dividends per share were as follows:

	2022
Legal reserve	\$ 363,285
Special reserve	<u>\$ 182,761</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 2,643,011</u>
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 22

The aforementioned distribution of cash dividends has been resolved by the board of directors, and the rest has yet to be resolved at the shareholders' meeting to be held on June 21, 2023.

d. Special reserve

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
Balance at January 1	\$ 180,223	\$ 77,526
(Reversals) appropriations of special reserve		
Debits to other equity items	<u>(74,759)</u>	<u>102,697</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 105,464</u>	<u>\$ 180,223</u>

e. Other equity items

1) Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
Balance at January 1	\$ (14,086)	\$ (10,444)
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	<u>23,272</u>	<u>(3,642)</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 9,186</u>	<u>\$ (14,086)</u>

2) Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
Balance at January 1	\$ (91,377)	\$ (169,780)
Recognized for the year		
Unrealized loss - debt instruments	(10,592)	(542)
Unrealized (loss) gain - equity instruments	(168,355)	83,961
Cumulative unrealized gain of equity instruments transferred to retained earnings due to disposal	<u>(20,624)</u>	<u>(5,016)</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (290,948)</u>	<u>\$ (91,377)</u>

f. Non-controlling interests

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Balance at January 1	\$ 3,441,892	\$ 2,637,939
Share attributable to non-controlling interests:		
Share in profit for the year	620,538	1,067,258
Exchange difference on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	498	(87)
Financial assets at FVTOCI	(7,154)	8,518
The Company's shares held by its subsidiaries treated as treasury shares	(28,369)	(26,821)
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries	(966,108)	(601,317)
Changes in non-controlling interests in the current period (Note 27)	<u>281,622</u>	<u>356,402</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 3,342,919</u>	<u>\$ 3,441,892</u>

g. Treasury shares

Purpose of Buy-Back	Shares Held by Subsidiary
Number of shares at January 1, 2022	329,000
Increase during the year	<u>277,000</u>
Number of shares at December 31, 2022	<u>606,000</u>
Number of shares at January 1, 2021	138,000
Increase during the year	<u>191,000</u>
Number of shares at December 31, 2021	<u>329,000</u>

The Company's shares held by its subsidiary at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Number of Shares Held	Carrying Amount	Market Price
<u>December 31, 2022</u>			
Sensortek Technology Corp.	606,000	\$ 107,565	\$ 107,565
<u>December 31, 2021</u>			
Sensortek Technology Corp.	329,000	\$ 105,280	\$ 105,280

The Company's shares held by its subsidiary are treated as treasury shares.

22. REVENUE

a. Disaggregation of revenue

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
<u>Product</u>		
Integrated circuits	\$ 17,520,329	\$ 21,609,644
Others	<u>507,498</u>	<u>646,026</u>
	<u>\$ 18,027,827</u>	<u>\$ 22,255,670</u>
<u>Primary geographical markets</u>		
Hong Kong	\$ 14,708,794	\$ 19,217,111
Taiwan	1,001,199	1,395,909
Vietnam	999,340	714,887
China	539,207	428,136
Others	<u>779,287</u>	<u>499,627</u>
	<u>\$ 18,027,827</u>	<u>\$ 22,255,670</u>

The basis of calculation of the Group's revenue segregated by geographical location is mainly based on the location the goods were shipped as designated by the customers.

b. Contract balances

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	January 1, 2021
Notes receivables and trade receivables (Note 10)	\$ 1,259,785	\$ 1,951,395	\$ 1,373,417
Trade receivables from related parties (Note 31)	<u>1,469</u>	<u>715</u>	<u>872</u>
	<u>\$ 1,261,254</u>	<u>\$ 1,952,110</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,289</u>
Contract liabilities - current (Note 19)			
Sales of goods	<u>\$ 135,268</u>	<u>\$ 75,623</u>	<u>\$ 25,163</u>

Revenue recognized in the current year that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
<u>From contract liabilities at the start of the year</u>		
Sales of goods	<u>\$ 68,980</u>	<u>\$ 15,175</u>

Changes in contract liabilities are mainly due to the timing difference between the satisfaction of performance obligations and customer payment.

23. NET PROFIT

a. Other operating income and expense

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Gain on sublease of right-of-use assets	\$ 1,157	\$ 1,104
Gain on modification of lease agreements	215	961
Gain (loss) gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	<u>(33)</u>	<u>6,383</u>
	<u>\$ 1,339</u>	<u>\$ 8,448</u>

b. Interest income

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Financial assets at amortized cost	\$ 78,275	\$ 42,415
Financial asset at FVTPL	8,530	2,687
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	10,615	5,716
Others	<u>45</u>	<u>79</u>
	<u>\$ 97,465</u>	<u>\$ 50,897</u>

c. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Dividend income	\$ 43,858	\$ 28,225
Rental income	24,583	13,299
Government grants	22,540	5,365
Others	<u>24,353</u>	<u>14,075</u>
	<u>\$ 115,334</u>	<u>\$ 60,964</u>

d. Other gains and losses

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)	\$ 173,022	\$ (13,122)
Gain (loss) on financial assets designated as at FVTPL	(7,349)	115,795
Loss on disposal of financial instruments	-	(1,797)
Depreciation of investment property	(10,588)	(10,098)
Other losses	<u>(11)</u>	<u>(641)</u>
	<u>\$ 155,074</u>	<u>\$ 90,137</u>

e. Finance costs

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Interest on lease liabilities	\$ 3,149	\$ 3,354
Interest on loans	586	1,566
Other interest expenses	<u>184</u>	<u>203</u>
	<u>\$ 3,919</u>	<u>\$ 5,123</u>

f. Depreciation and amortization

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 295,751	\$ 260,396
Investment properties	10,588	10,098
Right-of-use assets	49,500	48,686
Intangible assets	<u>48,183</u>	<u>41,563</u>
	<u>\$ 404,022</u>	<u>\$ 360,743</u>
 An analysis of depreciation by function		
Operating expenses	\$ 269,262	\$ 244,632
Operating costs	75,989	64,450
Depreciation of investment property	<u>10,588</u>	<u>10,098</u>
	<u>\$ 355,839</u>	<u>\$ 319,180</u>
 An analysis of amortization by function		
Operating expenses	\$ 46,429	\$ 39,751
Operating costs	<u>1,754</u>	<u>1,812</u>
	<u>\$ 48,183</u>	<u>\$ 41,563</u>

g. Employee benefits expense

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Short-term benefits	\$ 2,835,920	\$ 3,674,150
Post-employment benefits		
Defined contribution plans	57,312	49,484
Defined benefit plans (Note 20)	(348)	153
Share-based payments		
Equity-settled	<u>70</u>	<u>8,605</u>
Total employee benefits expense	<u>\$ 2,892,954</u>	<u>\$ 3,732,392</u>
 An analysis of employee benefits expense by function		
Operating expenses	\$ 2,623,892	\$ 3,452,200
Operating costs	<u>269,062</u>	<u>280,192</u>
	<u>\$ 2,892,954</u>	<u>\$ 3,732,392</u>

h. Employees' compensation and remuneration of directors

According to the articles of incorporation of the Company, the Company accrued employees' compensation and remuneration of directors at rates of no less than 1% and no higher than 25%, and rates of no higher than 3%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, employees' compensation, and remuneration of directors.

The employees' compensation and the remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, which were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 16, 2023 and March 17, 2022, respectively, are as follows:

<u>Amount</u>	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2022		2021	
	Cash	Shares	Cash	Shares
Employees' compensation	\$ 317,180	\$ -	\$ 539,474	\$ -
Remuneration of directors	58,816	-	96,163	-

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate. There is no difference between the actual amounts of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors in 2022 and 2021 is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

i. Gains or losses on foreign currency exchange

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Foreign exchange gains	\$ 709,211	\$ 188,212
Foreign exchange losses	<u>(536,189)</u>	<u>(201,334)</u>
Net gains (losses)	<u>\$ 173,022</u>	<u>\$ (13,122)</u>

24. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	\$ 845,721	\$ 1,274,990
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	85,126	5,299
Adjustments for prior years	<u>(59,865)</u>	<u>(5,612)</u>
	870,982	1,274,677
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	<u>4,793</u>	<u>6,077</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 875,775</u>	<u>\$ 1,280,754</u>

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expenses is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Profit before tax	<u>\$ 5,106,478</u>	<u>\$ 8,353,772</u>
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate	\$ 1,204,266	\$ 2,054,062
Deductible expenses in determining taxable income	(203,865)	(429,299)
Non-deductible expenses in determining taxable income	461	-
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	85,126	5,299
Impact of the temporary differences	93,942	(13,034)
Effects of investment credits	(243,468)	(319,223)
Unrecognized tax-deductible loss	(822)	(11,439)
Adjustments for prior years' tax	<u>(59,865)</u>	<u>(5,612)</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 875,775</u>	<u>\$ 1,280,754</u>

b. Current tax liabilities

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Current tax liabilities		
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 984,450</u>	<u>\$ 1,365,698</u>

c. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Deferred Tax Assets	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Closing Balance
Temporary differences	<u>\$ 12,993</u>	<u>\$ (3,802)</u>	<u>\$ 9,191</u>

Deferred Tax Liabilities	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Closing Balance
Temporary differences	<u>\$ 10,706</u>	<u>\$ 991</u>	<u>\$ 11,697</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Deferred Tax Assets	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Closing Balance
Temporary differences	<u>\$ 15,214</u>	<u>\$ (2,221)</u>	<u>\$ 12,993</u>

Deferred Tax Liabilities	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Closing Balance
Temporary differences	<u>\$ 6,850</u>	<u>\$ 3,856</u>	<u>\$ 10,706</u>

- d. Deductible temporary differences for which no deferred assets have been recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Deductible temporary differences	<u>\$ 415,545</u>	<u>\$ 198,167</u>

- e. Information on unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there were no recognized taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries for which no deferred tax liabilities were recognized.

- f. Income tax assessments

The Company's tax returns through 2020 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

25. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 30.10</u>	<u>\$ 50.03</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 29.57</u>	<u>\$ 49.29</u>

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share are as follows:

Net Income for the Year

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Net income for the year	<u>\$ 3,610,165</u>	<u>\$ 6,005,760</u>
Earnings used in the computation of basic earnings per share	\$ 3,610,165	\$ 6,005,760
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares		
Employees' compensation	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>
Earnings used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 3,610,165</u>	<u>\$ 6,005,760</u>

Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands of shares):

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in computation of basic earnings per share	119,928	120,036
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:		
Employees' compensation	<u> 2,164</u>	<u> 1,803</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u> 122,092</u>	<u> 121,839</u>

The Company may settle compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Company assumes the entire amount of the compensation or bonus will be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the

computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

- a. Issuance of shares from cash capital increase reserved for employees' subscription - INFSitronix Technology Corp.

The board of directors of INFSitronix Technology Corp. decided to increase the capital in cash on March 31, 2021, and reserved 600 thousand shares for employees' subscription. The grant date of the shares is April 20, 2021.

The Black-Scholes pricing model was used to calculate the fair value of the shares; the input values used in the option pricing model are as follows:

	April 2021
Measurement date share price (NT\$)	\$ 9.78
Exercise price (NT\$)	\$ 10.00
Expected volatility rate	34.07%
Option life	0.0083 years
Dividend yield	-
Risk-free interest rate	0.1241%
Fair value of stock options (NT\$)	\$ 0.0427

Compensation costs recognized that are related to the Group's issuance of shares from the cash capital increase reserved for employees' subscription amounted to \$25 thousand in the second quarter of 2021.

- b. Employee share option plan of Forcelead Technology Corp.

The board of directors of Forcelead Technology Corp. approved the issuance of 1,000 thousand and 3,000 thousand units of employee share option certificates on August 16, 2022 and November 2, 2021, respectively. Each unit of share option certificate can be exchanged for 1 ordinary share. The share option certificates can be issued all at once or split into several issues after the approval date of the board of directors, and the actual issuance date will be determined by the Chairman. Eligible employees are limited to full-time employees and those under certain requirements within Forcelead Technology Corp. and the employees of a controlling or controlled entity that meet certain terms. The holder of the share option certificates can exercise the options at any time after the date of issuance.

The information on employee share option is summarized as follows:

	2022-Year Share Option Plan		2021-Year Share Option Plan	
	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Weighted-average Exercise Price (NT\$)	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Weighted-average Exercise Price (NT\$)
Balance at January 1	-	\$ -	-	\$ -
Options granted	1,000	58.00	3,000	45.00
Options exercised	(1,000)	58.00	(3,000)	45.00
Options forfeited	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31	-	-	-	-

Options granted from Forcelead Technology Corp. on August 16, 2022, and November 2, 2021 are priced using the Black-Scholes Pricing Model, and the inputs to the model are as follows:

	August 16, 2022	November 2, 2021
Grant date share price (NT\$)	\$ 54.83	\$ 46.92
Exercise price (NT\$)	\$ 58.00	\$ 45.00
Expected volatility rate	35.61%	47.28%
Option life	0.012 years	0.04 years
Dividend yield	-	-
Risk-free interest rate	0.73%	0.21%
Share options fair value (NT\$)	\$ 0.07	\$ 2.86

Compensation costs of the Group's employee share option plans were \$70 thousand and \$8,580 thousand of 2022 and 2021, respectively.

27. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

On August 24, 2022, due to the Forcelead Technology Corp.'s employees execute options to issue new shares, the Group shareholding percentage decreased from 72.88% to 70.76%.

Due to the distribution of employees' compensation in the form of shares by Forcelead Technology Corp. on June 28, 2022, the Group's shareholding percentage decreased from 83.48% to 72.88%.

On December 6, 2021, due to the Forcelead Technology Corp.'s employees execute options to issue new shares, the Group's shareholding percentage decreased from 93.05% to 83.48%.

Due to the distribution of employees' compensation in the form of shares by Forcelead Technology Corp. on August 11, 2021, the Group's shareholding percentage decreased from 100% to 93.05%.

Due to the distribution of employees' compensation in the form of shares by Sync-Tech system Corp. on July 17, 2022, the Group's shareholding percentage decreased from 45.73% to 42.86%.

Due to the distribution of employees' compensation in the form of shares by Sync-Tech system Corp. on July 13, 2021, the Group's shareholding percentage decreased from 48.31% to 45.73%.

On January 31, 2021, the Group subscribed for additional new shares of Sync-Tech system Corp. at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, decreasing its continuing interest from 48.75% to 48.31%.

On April 27, 2021, the Group subscribed for additional new shares of INFSitronix Technology Corp. at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, decreasing its continuing interest from 63.99% to 58.42%.

The above transactions were accounted for as equity transactions, since the Group did not cease to have control over these subsidiaries.

2022

	Sync-Tech System Corp.	Forcelead Technology Corp.
Cash consideration received	\$ 1,729	\$ 58,000
Non-cash transaction	44,611	243,082
The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary transferred from non-controlling interests	<u>(46,010)</u>	<u>(228,039)</u>
Differences recognized from equity transactions	<u>\$ 330</u>	<u>\$ 73,043</u>

Line items adjusted for equity transactions

Capital surplus - changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	<u>\$ 330</u>	<u>\$ 73,043</u>
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2021

	Sync-Tech System Corp.	INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Forcelead Technology Corp.
Cash consideration received	\$ 79,387	\$ 30,946	\$ 136,555
Non-cash transaction	19,587	25	33,736
The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary transferred from non-controlling interests	<u>(98,566)</u>	<u>(27,735)</u>	<u>(227,521)</u>
Differences recognized from equity transactions	<u>\$ 408</u>	<u>\$ 3,236</u>	<u>\$ (57,230)</u>

Line items adjusted for equity transactions

Capital surplus - changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	<u>\$ 408</u>	<u>\$ 3,236</u>	<u>\$ (57,230)</u>
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28. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

2022

	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	Non-cash Changes				Closing Balance
			Foreign Exchange Movement	New Leases	Lease Modification	Others (Note)	
Shortterm borrowings	\$ 55,360	\$ (37,435)	\$ 194	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,119
Lease liabilities	165,525	(50,359)	551	20,059	(6,011)	3,149	132,914
Guarantee deposits received	<u>316,468</u>	<u>(1,110)</u>	<u>37,013</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>352,371</u>
	<u>\$ 537,353</u>	<u>\$ (88,904)</u>	<u>\$ 37,758</u>	<u>\$ 20,059</u>	<u>\$ (6,011)</u>	<u>\$ 3,149</u>	<u>\$ 503,404</u>

2021

	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	Non-cash Changes				Closing Balance
			Foreign Exchange Movement	New Leases	Lease Modification	Others (Note)	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 267,776	\$ (212,470)	\$ 54	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,360
Lease liabilities	82,173	(45,733)	(410)	135,177	(9,036)	3,354	165,525
Guarantee deposits received	<u>230,065</u>	<u>91,742</u>	<u>(5,339)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>316,468</u>
	<u>\$ 580,014</u>	<u>\$ (166,461)</u>	<u>\$ (5,695)</u>	<u>\$ 135,177</u>	<u>\$ (9,036)</u>	<u>\$ 3,354</u>	<u>\$ 537,353</u>

Note: Others comprises with interest expense of lease liabilities.

29. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (borrowings offset by cash and cash equivalents) and equity of the Group (comprising issued capital, reserves, retained earnings and other equity).

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements are relatively close to their fair values.

b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Domestic corporate funds	\$ 190,223	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 190,223
Convertible bonds	104,835	-	-	104,835
Exchangeable bonds	40,080	-	-	40,080
Domestic listed shares	2,197	-	-	2,197
Limited partnership	-	-	34,768	34,768
Derivative instrument				
Credit linked notes - linked with convertible bonds	-	423,205	-	423,205
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	49,170	-	49,170
Equity-linked notes	-	15,355	-	15,355
	<u>\$ 337,335</u>	<u>\$ 487,730</u>	<u>\$ 34,768</u>	<u>\$ 859,833</u>

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI				
Domestic listed shares	\$ 474,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 474,029
Foreign listed shares	-	-	-	-
Domestic unlisted equity investments	-	-	193,708	193,708
Foreign unlisted equity investments	-	-	446,614	446,614
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI				
Foreign corporate bonds	-	399,957	-	399,957
	<u>\$ 474,029</u>	<u>\$ 399,957</u>	<u>\$ 640,322</u>	<u>\$ 1,514,308</u>

(Continued)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative instruments				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ _____	\$ <u>37,725</u>	\$ _____	\$ <u>37,725</u> (Concluded)

December 31, 2021

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Domestic corporate funds	\$ 478,632	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 478,632
Convertible bonds	85,696	-	-	85,696
Domestic listed shares	2,836	-	-	2,836
Limited partnership	-	-	18,067	18,067
Derivative instruments				
Credit linked notes - linked with convertible bonds	-	294,214	-	294,214
Foreign exchange forward contracts	_____	<u>26,044</u>	_____	<u>26,044</u>
	<u>\$ 567,164</u>	<u>\$ 320,258</u>	<u>\$ 18,067</u>	<u>\$ 905,489</u>

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI				
Domestic listed shares	\$ 683,740	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 683,740
Foreign listed shares	40,145	-	-	40,145
Domestic unlisted equity investments	-	-	213,829	213,829
Foreign unlisted equity investments	-	-	576,703	576,703
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI				
Foreign corporate bonds	_____	<u>159,525</u>	_____	<u>159,525</u>
	<u>\$ 723,885</u>	<u>\$ 159,525</u>	<u>\$ 790,532</u>	<u>\$ 1,673,942</u>

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Derivative instruments				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ _____	\$ <u>1,228</u>	\$ _____	\$ <u>1,228</u>

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 in 2022 and 2021.

2) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

<u>Financial Instruments</u>	<u>Valuation Techniques and Inputs</u>
Convertible bonds	Based on the public market quotes provided by third-party agencies.
Credit linked notes - linked with Convertible bonds	Based on the public market quotation of convertible bond, the parameters of the repurchase, the coupon interest and the interest compensation are considered as the basis for fair value measurement.
Equity-linked notes	Based on the public market quotation of stock, the parameters of repurchase, the interest compensation are considered as the basis for fair value measurement.
Derivatives - foreign exchange forward contracts	Discounted cash flow method: Estimate the future cash flow at the end of the period by observing the forward exchange rate and the exchange rate and interest rate set by the contract, and have already discounted the discount rate of each counterparty's credit risk.

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

Domestic and foreign unlisted equity investments are evaluated by the net asset value method. The management of the Group evaluates the target of such equity investments with the active market quotation, and the net asset amount tends to the fair value of the equity investments.

Domestic unlisted equity investment and the domestic limited partnership is valued using the net asset value method. The management of the Group evaluates that the amount of the net assets of this investment is equivalent to its fair value. The evaluation covers the total value of the investment's individual assets and liabilities, which reflects the value of the entity or business.

4) Adjustment of financial instruments measured using Level 3 fair values

The Group's financial assets under level 3 fair value measurement are financial assets at FVTOCI equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

2022

	Financial assets at FVTPL	Financial assets at FVTOCI	Total
Balance at January 1	\$ 18,067	\$ 790,532	\$ 808,599
Additions	20,000	15,000	35,000
Recognized under profit or loss	(3,299)	-	(3,299)
Recognized under other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u>(165,210)</u>	<u>(165,210)</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 34,768</u>	<u>\$ 640,322</u>	<u>\$ 675,090</u>

2021

	Financial assets at FVTPL	Financial assets at FVTOCI	Total
Balance at January 1	\$ -	\$ 553,404	\$ 553,404
Additions	12,500	160,000	172,500
Recognized under profit or loss	5,567	-	5,567
Recognized under other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u>77,128</u>	<u>77,128</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 18,067</u>	<u>\$ 790,532</u>	<u>\$ 808,599</u>

c. Categories of financial instruments

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>		
Financial assets at FVTPL		
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	\$ 859,833	\$ 905,489
Financial assets at amortized cost (1)	10,097,562	14,635,821
Financial assets at FVTOCI		
Equity instruments	1,114,351	1,514,417
Debt instruments	399,957	159,525
<u>Financial liabilities</u>		
Financial liabilities at FVTPL		
Held for trading	37,725	1,228
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (2)	3,222,220	4,696,087

1) The balances include financial assets measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months, pledged fixed deposits, notes receivable and trade receivables (including receivables from related parties), other receivables, other current assets and refundable deposits.

2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise short-term borrowings, notes and trade payable, other payables (including other payables to related parties), other current liabilities and guarantee deposits.

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity and debt investments, trade receivables, trade payables and borrowings. The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group seeks to minimize the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's policies approved by the board of directors, which provided written principles on foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on

a continuous basis. The Group did not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below). The Group entered into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

There has been no change in the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group's operating activities are partially denominated in foreign currencies and thus have partial natural hedging effects.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) and of the derivatives exposed to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 34.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group was mainly exposed to the USD, JPY and CNY.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the New Taiwan dollar (i.e. the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive (negative) number below indicates an increase (decrease) in pre-tax profit and other equity associated with the New Taiwan dollar weakening (strengthening) 5% against the relevant currency.

	<u>USD Impact</u>		<u>JPY Impact</u>		<u>CNY Impact</u>	
	<u>For the Year Ended</u>		<u>For the Year Ended</u>		<u>For the Year Ended</u>	
	<u>December 31</u>		<u>December 31</u>		<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Profit or loss	\$ 56,794	\$ 68,000	\$ 683	\$ 246	\$ 9,096	\$ 4,698

b) Interest rate risk

The Group was exposed to interest rate risk because the Group borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Fair value interest rate risk		
Financial assets	\$ 5,658,100	\$ 8,707,977
Financial liabilities	18,147	55,381
Cash flow interest rate risk		
Financial assets	2,841,123	3,387,803

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for both derivative and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of each liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

If interest rates had been 0.1% higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would increase/decrease by \$2,841 thousand and \$3,388 thousand, which was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on variable-rate net assets. The Group's pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would decrease/increase by \$400 thousand and \$160 thousand, respectively, which was mainly a result of the changes in the fair value of investments in fixed-rate debt instruments at FVTOCI.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities, convertible bonds, credit linked structured notes of listed companies and mutual fund investments. The Group does not actively trade these investments. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated in equity instruments operating in the semiconductor industry, credit linked structured notes, finance and insurance industries, and exchange-traded funds quoted on the Taiwan Stock Exchange and the Taipei Exchange.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 5% higher/lower, pre-tax income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$38,795 thousand and \$43,069 thousand, respectively, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL. Pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$23,701 thousand and \$36,194 thousand, respectively, as a result of the changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which would cause a financial loss to the Group due to the failure of the counterparty to discharge its obligation and due to the financial guarantees provided by the Group, could be equal to the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the balance sheets.

To mitigate credit risk, the management of the Group assigns a dedicated team responsible for credit line decisions, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure appropriate actions are taken for the collections of overdue receivables. In addition the Group reviews conditions on each collecting receivable to ensure the uncollectible amounts are provided with appropriate impairment losses. Accordingly, the management of the Group believes that the credit risk of the Group has been significantly reduced.

In addition, since the counterparties of liquidity and derivative financial instruments are banks with sound credit ratings, the credit risk is limited.

Apart from customers whose accounts receivable constitute more than 10% of the Group's total accounts receivable, the Group did not have significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Group's concentration of credit risk was 16% and 13% of total trade receivables as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The credit risk is minimal because the customers which account for more than 10% of the Group's accounts receivable balance are creditworthy companies.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group had available unutilized short-term bank loan facilities set out in (c) below.

a) Liquidity and interest rate risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed repayment dates.

December 31, 2022

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	Total
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>					
Non-interest bearing liabilities	\$ 917,812	\$ 710,676	\$ 1,223,214	\$ -	\$ 2,851,702
Lease liabilities	4,140	8,137	35,289	89,558	137,124
Fixed interest rate liabilities	18,147	-	-	-	18,147

December 31, 2021

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	Total
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>					
Non-interest bearing liabilities	\$ 1,357,324	\$ 1,624,205	\$ 1,342,209	\$ 500	\$ 4,324,238
Lease liabilities	3,940	7,918	34,856	125,147	171,861
Fixed interest rate liabilities	55,381	-	-	-	55,381

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for both non-derivative financial assets and liabilities were subject to change if changes in variable interest rates were to differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

b) Liquidity and interest rate risk table for derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's liquidity analysis of its derivative financial instruments. The table is based on the undiscounted contractual net cash inflows and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis, and the undiscounted gross inflows and outflows on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When the amount payable or receivable is not fixed, the amount disclosed is determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves at the end of the reporting period.

December 31, 2022

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Foreign exchange forward and foreign exchange swaps contracts				
Inflows	\$ 526,353	\$ 693,678	\$ 1,453,231	\$ -
Outflows	<u>(524,836)</u>	<u>(690,702)</u>	<u>(1,446,279)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 1,517</u>	<u>\$ 2,976</u>	<u>\$ 6,952</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

December 31, 2021

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Foreign exchange forward and foreign exchange swaps contracts				
Inflows	\$ 166,588	\$ 664,822	\$ 2,077,516	\$ -
Outflows	<u>(165,940)</u>	<u>(661,311)</u>	<u>(2,056,859)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 648</u>	<u>\$ 3,511</u>	<u>\$ 20,657</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

c) Financing facilities

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2022	2021
Unsecured bank overdraft facilities, reviewed annually and payable on demand:		
Amount used	\$ 323,119	\$ 55,360
Amount unused	<u>6,602,121</u>	<u>5,470,760</u>
	<u>\$ 6,925,240</u>	<u>\$ 5,526,120</u>

The amount of used bank facilities includes a performance guarantee of \$305,000 thousand, which were guaranteed by the bank in respect of the Supplier purchase guarantee letter opened by the Group.

31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, detail of transactions between the Group and related parties are disclosed below:

- a. Related party name and category

<u>Related Party Name</u>	<u>Related Party Category</u>
Silicon Power Computer & Communications Inc. ezGlobal Corp.	Substantive related party Substantive related party

- b. Sales of goods

<u>Related Party Category</u>	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Substantive related party	<u>\$ 3,084</u>	<u>\$ 2,319</u>

The transactions for related parties were negotiated under the terms of general transactions and prices.

- c. Operating expenses

<u>Related Party Category</u>	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Substantive related party	<u>\$ 986</u>	<u>\$ 1,947</u>

The transaction in which the Group made payments of operating expenses to a related party was subject to a contractual agreement as there is no similar transaction for comparison.

- d. Receivables from related parties

<u>Related Party Category</u>	<u>Line Item</u>	<u>December 31</u>	
		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Substantive related party	Trade receivables from related parties	<u>\$ 1,469</u>	<u>\$ 715</u>

The outstanding trade receivables from related parties were unsecured. No impairment losses were recognized for trade receivables from related parties as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

- e. Prepayments

<u>Related Party Category</u>	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Substantive related party	<u>\$ 258</u>	<u>\$ 497</u>

- f. Payables to related parties

<u>Related Party Category</u>	<u>Line Item</u>	<u>December 31</u>	
		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Substantive related party	Other payables to related parties	<u>\$ 182</u>	<u>\$ 210</u>

The outstanding trade payables to related parties are unsecured.

- g. Lease arrangement - the Group is lessor

Future lease receivables are as follows:

Related Party Category	December 31	
	2022	2021
Substantive related party	<u>\$ 508</u>	<u>\$ 508</u>

Lease income was as follows:

Related Party Category	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Substantive related party	<u>\$ 2,036</u>	<u>\$ 2,036</u>

The terms of transactions between the Group and its related parties for the collection of rent are based on the terms of contractual agreements as there were no similar transactions for comparison.

Related Party Category	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
<u>Deposit interest</u>		
Substantive related party	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>

- h. Guarantee deposits received

Related Party Category	December 31	
	2022	2021
Substantive related party	<u>\$ 356</u>	<u>\$ 356</u>

The guarantee deposits received are mainly generated from the rental deposits.

- i. Remuneration of key management personnel

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 260,418	\$ 290,760
Post-employment benefits	1,796	1,900
Share-based payments	<u>8</u>	<u>1,841</u>
	<u>\$ 262,222</u>	<u>\$ 294,501</u>

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee based on the performance of individuals and the Group's profits.

32. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for the tariff of imported raw materials guarantees:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Pledged deposits	<u>\$ 757,789</u>	<u>\$ 721,720</u>

Pledged deposits are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost - current.

33. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, the significant commitments of the Group at the balance sheet date were as follows:

a. Long-term purchase agreements

The Group entered into long-term purchase agreements of materials with suppliers during 2021. Both parties agreed that during the contract period, the suppliers would deliver the materials to the Group in accordance with the agreements. The Group has paid the suppliers USD35,649 thousand as guarantee to ensure the supply of materials. The rights and obligations of both parties are based on the content of each agreement. During 2022, The Group evaluates that one of the obligation of long-term purchase agreement can't be fulfilled. Hence, the Company decided to write off some portion of prepayments of the purchase, the impairment loss was classified as operating costs. This estimation could be adjusted due to the market demand fluctuates in the future.

b. Long-term supply agreements

The Group entered into long-term supply agreements of products with clients from 2021 to December 31, 2022. Both parties agreed that during the contract period, the Group would deliver the products to clients in accordance with the agreements. The Group collected the amount of USD3,347 thousand as guarantee to the supply of products. The rights and obligations of both parties are based on the content of each agreement.

34. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between the foreign currencies and the respective functional currencies were as follows:

	December 31			
	2022		2021	
	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate
<u>Financial assets</u>				
Monetary items				
USD	\$ 85,538	30.710	\$ 161,721	27.680
CNY	41,270	4.4080	21,629	4.344
JPY	90,498	0.2324	79,577	0.2405
Non-monetary items				
USD	22,770	30.710	26,373	27.680
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
Monetary items				
USD	48,551	30.710	112,588	27.680
JPY	31,704	0.2324	59,156	0.2405

The Group is mainly exposed to the USD, CNY and JPY. The following information was aggregated by the functional currencies of the Group, and the exchange rates between the respective functional currencies and the presentation currency were disclosed. The significant realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2022		2021	
Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)
NTD	1 (NTD:NTD)	\$ 172,140	1 (NTD:NTD)	\$ (12,422)
CNY	4.4080 (CNY:NTD)	<u>882</u>	4.344 (CNY:NTD)	<u>(700)</u>
		<u>\$ 173,022</u>		<u>\$ (13,122)</u>

35. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

a. Information on significant transactions and b. information on investees:

- 1) Financing provided to others: Table 1 (attached)
- 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: Table 2 (attached)
- 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investment in subsidiaries): Table 3 (attached)
- 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached)
- 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 5 (attached)
- 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 6 (attached)
- 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 9) Trading in derivative instruments: Note 7 and Note 31.
- 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Table 7 (attached)
- 11) Information on investees: Table 8 (attached)

c. Information on investments in mainland China: Table 9 and 10 (attached)

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, major transactions between parent and subsidiary companies and their balances have been fully eliminated.

d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder: None

36. SEGMENT INFORMATION

a. Segment revenues, results and assets

The operating decision makers of the Group use the distribution of resources and the evaluation of segment performance to focus on the financial information of the Group as a whole, while individual companies have similar economic characteristics, and individual companies have used similar processes to produce similar products and sell them through the same sales method, so the Company and its subsidiaries are reported by the single operating department.

The Company and its subsidiaries provide the segment information reviewed by the operating decision maker on the same basis as the financial statements, and the profit and loss, assets and liabilities of the operating department are measured on the same basis as the combined financial Report preparation. Therefore, the segment income and operating results to be reported in 2022 and 2021 can be referenced by the combined consolidated income and loss Statement for 2022 and 2021.

Segment assets that should be reported can be found in the consolidated balance sheets for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

b. Revenue from major products and services

The following was an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Integrated circuits	\$ 17,520,329	\$ 21,609,644
Others	<u>507,498</u>	<u>646,026</u>
Total	<u>\$ 18,027,827</u>	<u>\$ 22,255,670</u>

c. Geographical information

The Group's net operating revenue from external customers by location based on the location where the goods were shipped as designated by the customers and information about its non-current assets by location of assets are detailed below:

	Revenue from External Customers		Non-current Assets	
	For the Year Ended December 31		December 31	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Hong Kong	\$ 14,708,794	\$ 19,217,111	\$ -	\$ -
Taiwan	1,001,199	1,395,909	2,413,893	2,225,865
Vietnam	999,340	714,887	-	-
China	539,207	428,136	324,513	120,183
Others	<u>779,287</u>	<u>499,627</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 18,027,827</u>	<u>\$ 22,255,670</u>	<u>\$ 2,738,406</u>	<u>\$ 2,346,048</u>

Non-current assets exclude financial instruments and other assets.

d. Information on major customers

Single customer contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue is below:

Customer Name	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022		For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	
	Amount	As a percentage of net sales (%)	Amount	As a percentage of net sales (%)
A	\$ 1,819,027	10	Note	Note

Note: The amount of revenue did not reach 10% of the consolidated Company's net revenue.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No.	Lender	Borrower	Financial Statement Account	Related Parties	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Actual Amount Borrowed	Interest Rate	Nature of Financing	Business Transaction Amounts	Reasons for Short-term Financing	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Collateral		Financing Limit for Each Borrower	Aggregate Financing Limits
													Item	Value		
0	The Company	mCore Technology Corp.	Other receivables from related parties	Yes	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	-	For financing	\$ -	Working capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 2,284,591	\$ 4,569,181
		INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Other receivables from related parties	Yes	100,000	100,000	10,000	1.9%-2.1%	For financing	-	Working capital	-	-	-	2,284,591	4,569,181

Note 1: The description is as follows

1. Lender is numbered as 0.
2. Investee is numbered sequentially from 1.

Note 2: According to the "Financing providing and operation management method", the total amount and the available amount to any individual for lending are as follows:

1. The total amount for lending shall not exceed forty percent of SITRONIX's net worth. However the total amount lendable to any subsidiary for short-term financing could upper to the total available amount of the company.
2. The total amount for lending to or lending from any directly or indirectly hold foreign subsidiaries with 100% ownership, shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the lending company. The total amount for lending to any individual shall not exceed 50% of the total available amount.
3. Where funds are lent to a company or business with business relationships with the Company, the total amount for lending to any individual shall not exceed the amount of business transaction between the two parties. Amount of business transaction defines the highest amount of purchase or sales.
4. The total amount for lending to any individual shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth for the company or firm that needs short-term financing.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No. (Note 1)	Endorser/ Guarantor	Endorsee/Guarantee		Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party (Note 2)	Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Amount Borrowed	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit (Note 2)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship										
0	The Company	HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	\$ 5,711,477	\$ 600,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	0.88	\$ 5,711,477	Yes	-	Yes
		mCore Technology Corp.	Subsidiary	5,711,477	100,000	100,000	11,661	-	0.88	5,711,477	Yes	-	-
		INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Subsidiary	5,711,477	100,000	100,000	4,607	-	0.88	5,711,477	Yes	-	-
		HeFei Sitronix Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	5,711,477	400,000	400,000	159,692	-	3.50	5,711,477	Yes	-	Yes

Note 1: The description is as follows

1. Lender is numbered as 0.
2. Investee is numbered sequentially from 1.

Note 2: According to the “endorsement guarantee operation management measures” of Sitronix Technology Corp. The total amount of endorsement guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the net value in the latest year’s financial statements audited by CPA. The amount of endorsement guarantee for a single enterprise shall not exceed 25% of the net value of the latest year’s financial statements audited by CPA. However, the amount of endorsement guarantee for the company that directly and indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares of a company shall not exceed 50% of the net value of the latest year’s financial statements audited by CPA.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	December 31, 2022				Note
				Number of Shares (Note 5)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
The Company	<u>Bond</u>							
	FORCAY 3.375% 04/22/2025, USD bond	-	Financial assets at amortized cost - non - current	-	\$ 30,983	-	\$ 30,983	Note 2
	TSMC ARIZONA CORP 4.125% 04/22/29, USD bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	29,370	-	29,370	Note 1
	Savior Lifetec Corporation second Secured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	30,302	-	30,302	Note 1
	Chailease Holding Company Limited first Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	9,810	-	9,810	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co, Ltd. first Unsecured Exchangeable Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	20,040	-	20,040	Note 1
	Topco Technologies Corp. first Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	20,600	-	20,600	Note 1
	<u>Derivatives</u>							
	3M USD FCN [TSM+GOOGL] 10.01% 03/30/2023	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	15,355	-	15,355	
	Taiwan Mask Corp. third Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	40,165	-	40,165	Note 1
	Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd. fifth Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	30,058	-	30,058	Note 1
	Ultra Chip Inc. second Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	29,968	-	29,968	Note 1
	Ennoconn Corporation third Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	50,044	-	50,044	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co, Ltd. E1 Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	25,112	-	25,112	Note 1
	Wah Lee Industrail Corp. third Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	20,062	-	20,062	Note 1
	<u>Fund</u>							
	KGI Taiwan Assets Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	5,504	60,526	-	60,526	Note 1
	UPAMC CB Strategy fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	10,000	100,198	-	100,198	Note 1
	UPAMC Taiwan Smart Strategy fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,000	8,490	-	8,490	Note 1

(Continued)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	December 31, 2022				Note
				Number of Shares (Note 5)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
The Company	<u>Stock</u>							
	Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	7	\$ 394	-	\$ 394	Note 1
	Silicon Power Computer & Communications Inc.	Substantive related party	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	4,199	91,742	-	91,742	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share E	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	29	1,496	-	1,496	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share E (2)	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	181	8,579	-	8,579	Note 1
	Kwong Lung Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	146	7,738	-	7,738	Note 1
	WPG Holdings Limited Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	690	33,810	-	33,810	Note 1
	Chailease Holding Company Limited Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	250	24,475	-	24,475	Note 1
	WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	1,000	47,750	-	47,750	Note 1
	Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	175	10,570	-	10,570	Note 1
	Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	131	7,415	-	7,415	Note 1
	Nan Ya Plastics Corporation	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	150	10,650	-	10,650	Note 1
	<u>Equity Investment</u>							
	HANS GLOBAL SELECT FUND LIMITED	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	120	231,506	-	231,506	Note 3
	Fong Huang Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	3,000	30,787	9	30,787	Note 3
	Fong Huang II Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	3,000	29,865	7	29,865	Note 3
Top Taiwan XIII Venture Capital Co.,Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	10,000	86,844	12	86,844	Note 3	

(Continued)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	December 31, 2022				Note
				Number of Shares (Note 5)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
The Company	Fong Huang IV Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,500	\$ 16,347	6	\$ 16,347	Note 3
	<u>Limited Partnership</u> CDIB-Innolux Limited Partnership	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	3,250	34,768	-	34,768	Note 3
Sitronix Investment Corp.	<u>Equity Investment</u> HANS GLOBAL SELECT FUND LIMITED	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	112	215,108	-	215,108	Note 3
Sensortek Technology Corp.	<u>Bond</u> CHLEAS 3.75% 10/22/2023 USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	-	60,118	-	60,118	Note 1
	TSMC ARIZONA CORP 4.125% 04/22/29 USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	29,370	-	29,370	Note 1
	China Huadian Corporation 3.375% perpetual USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	28,963	-	28,963	Note 1
	CITI 2.80% 06/15/2025 USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	28,775	-	28,775	Note 1
	HSBC 3.75% 05/24/2024USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	15,096	-	15,096	Note 1
	FORCAY 3.375% 04/22/2025 USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	14,636	-	14,636	Note 1
	Chailease Holding Company Limited first Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	28,155	-	28,155	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co, Ltd. Limited first Unsecured Exchangeable Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	20,040	-	20,040	Note 1
	Acbel Polytech Inc. first Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	7,908	-	7,908	Note 1
	Elite Material Co., Ltd. fifth Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	4,910	-	4,910	Note 1
	MIC fourth Unsecured Convertible Bond	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	3,150	-	3,150	Note 1
	<u>Derivatives</u> Yeong Guan Energy Technology Group Co., Ltd. third Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	12,903	-	12,903	Note 1
	Anli International Co., Ltd first Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	9,871	-	9,871	Note 1
	Taishin Financial Holding Co, Ltd. E1 Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	35,112	-	35,112	Note 1
	Taiwan Mask Corp. third Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	30,117	-	30,117	Note 1

(Continued)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	December 31, 2022				Note
				Number of Shares (Note 5)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
Sensortek Technology Corp.	Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd. fifth Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	\$ 30,057	-	\$ 30,057	Note 1
	Ennoconn Corporation third Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	30,026	-	30,026	Note 1
	Ultra Chip, Inc. second Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	29,968	-	29,968	Note 1
	Wah Lee Industrial Corp. third Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	20,063	-	20,063	Note 1
	Gloria Material Technology Corp. sixth Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	10,061	-	10,061	Note 1
	RiTdisplay Corporation second Credit Linked Structured Product	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	9,618	-	9,618	Note 1
	<u>Stock</u> WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	2,000	95,500	-	95,500	Note 1
	FuBon Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	800	48,320	-	48,320	Note 1
	Tai Shin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Share E	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	609	31,424	-	31,424	Note 1
	Chailease Holding Company Limited Preferred Shares A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	300	29,370	-	29,370	Note 1
	Powertech Technology Inc.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	171	13,543	-	13,543	Note 1
	Taiwan Cement Corp.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	69	2,337	-	2,337	Note 1
	Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	32	1,803	-	1,803	Note 1
	Sitronix Technology Corp.	The Parent Company	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	606	107,565	-	107,565	Note 1
	<u>Equity Investment</u> Fong Huang II Innovation Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	3,000	29,865	7	29,865	Note 3
Forcelead Technology Corp.	<u>Fund</u> TAISHIN JU LONG Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,747	21,009	-	21,009	Note 1
	<u>Stock</u> WPG Holdings Limited Preferred Share A	-	Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	190	9,310	-	9,310	Note 1

(Continued)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	December 31, 2022				Note
				Number of Shares (Note 5)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
Sitronix Holding International Ltd.	<u>Bond</u> AT&T INC 5.35% 11/01/66 (TBB) USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	\$ 16,169	-	\$ 16,169	Note 1
	China Huadian Corporation 3.375% perpetual USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	28,963	-	28,963	Note 1
	CITI 2.75% 04/08/2024 USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	89,663	-	89,663	Note 1
	CITI 2.80% 06/15/2025 USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	-	28,775	-	28,775	Note 1
	Chailease Finance 3.75% 10/22/2023 USD Bond	-	Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	-	30,059	-	30,059	Note 1

Note 1: Calculated based on the closing price on December 31, 2022.

Note 2: Listed based on book value.

Note 3: Calculated based on the net value on December 31, 2022.

Note 4: As of December 31, 2022, the above listed marketable securities were neither provided as guarantee nor pledged as collateral for loans.

Note 5: The number of shares/units are in thousands.

Note 6: The marketable securities listed in the table above refer to the securities, bonds, beneficiary certificates and securities that fall within the scope of IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”.

(Concluded)

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED OR DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Financial Statement Account	Beginning Balance		Acquisition		Disposal			Ending Balance		
			Number of Units (Note 1)	Amount	Number of Units (Note 1)	Amount	Number of Units (Note 1)	Amount	Carrying Amount	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Number of Units (Note 1)	Amount
Sensortek Technology Corp.	Fund KGI Taiwan Assets Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	20,009	\$ 235,848	-	\$ -	20,009	\$ 225,676	\$ 200,000	\$ 25,676	-	\$ -

Note 1: The number of units are in thousands.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Buyer	Property	Event Date	Transaction Amount	Payment Status	Counterparty	Relationship	Information on Previous Title Transfer If Counterparty Is A Related Party				Pricing Reference	Purpose of Acquisition	Other Terms
							Property Owner	Relationship	Transaction Date	Amount			
Sync-Tech System Corp.	Land, buildings and investment properties	2022.3.17	\$ 129,113	Paid in all	Kaifeng International Real Estate Co.	-	-	-	-	-	Valuation report issued by China Real Estate Appraising Firm	Space requirements for future business expansion and operational considerations	None

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Buyer/ Seller	Related Party	Relationship	Transaction Details				Abnormal Transaction		Notes/Trade Receivable (Payable)		Note
			Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% of Total	
The Company	Sensortek Technology Corp.	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$ 1,411,260	21%	Net 60 days from shipping date	\$ -	-	\$ (168,438)	26%	-
Forcelead Technology Corp.	Sitronix Technology Corporation	Parent company	Sale	92,514	3%	45 days for the monthly balance	-	-	10,334	5%	-

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No.	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship	Transaction Details			
				Financial Statement Account	Amount	Payment Terms	% of Total Sales or Assets
0	The Company	Sensortek Technology Corp.	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Sales	\$ 57,789	-	-
				Purchases	1,411,260	-	8%
				Trade receivables	14,509	-	-
				Other receivable	4,852	-	-
				Trade payables	168,438	-	-
		Forcelead Technology Corp.	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Sales	63,343	-	-
				Purchases	92,514	-	-
				Rental income	5,085	-	-
				Other receivables	9,969	-	-
				Trade receivables	11,631	-	-
				Trade payables	10,334	-	-
		INFSitronix Technology Corp.	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Sales	13,493	-	-
Other receivables	11,401			-	-		
mCore Technology Corp.	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Sales	21,537	-	-		
		Purchases	2,115	-	-		
		Rental income	2,214	-	-		
		Trade receivables	6,156	-	-		
Sync-Tech System Corp.	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Sales	2,122	-	-		
		Other receivables	3,501	-	-		
		Other payables	21,527	-	-		
		Rental income	7,240	-	-		
		Manufacturing expenses	55,141	-	-		
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Professional service fees	162,438	-	-		
		HeFei Sitronix Co., Ltd.	from the parent company to the subsidiary	Sales	9,487	-	-
1	Forcelead Technology Corp.	Sync-Tech System Corp.	from the subsidiary to the subsidiary	Purchases	4,165	-	-
				Manufacturing expenses	28,392	-	-
1	mCore Technology Corp.	HeFei Sitronix Co., Ltd.	from the subsidiary to the subsidiary	Purchases	18,571	-	-

Note 1: The purchase transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries, their trading prices and collection conditions, are not significantly different from those of non-subsidiaries, and the rest of the transactions with the subsidiaries are calculated in accordance with the contractual agreements.

Note 2: The transaction of the Forcelead Technology Corp. and the Sync-Tech System Corp. is calculated according to mutual agreements.

Note 3: The purchase transactions of the mCore Technology Corp. and HeFei Sitronix Co., Ltd., their trading prices and collection conditions, are not significantly different from those of non-subsidiaries.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTEEES (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA)
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Investment Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)		Balance as of December 31, 2022			Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Share of (Loss) Profit
				December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Carrying Amount		
The Company	Sitronix Investment Corp.	Taiwan	Investment	\$ 367,270	\$ 367,270	33,249	100.00	\$ 224,163	\$ (4,359)	\$ (4,359)
	Forcelead Technology Corp.	Taiwan	R&D and sale of multi-functional integrated automotive display driver ICs	717,634	717,634	24,337	70.76	1,112,835	576,706	459,597
	Sensortek Technology Corp.	Taiwan	R&D, design and sales of sensor integrated circuit products	113,318	113,318	22,530	46.06	1,964,628	842,773	381,734
	mCore Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Providing solutions for consumer display and voice/audio related applications.	131,074	131,074	9,583	90.73	118,911	17,793	16,143
	Sync-Tech System Corp.	Taiwan	Design, manufacturing and maintenance of semiconductor consumables and testing equipment	160,554	160,554	12,160	42.86	319,695	97,199	43,896
	INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Comprehensive line of Power supervisor IC design	193,559	193,559	9,796	58.42	68,082	(20,788)	(12,144)
	ezGreen Inc.	Taiwan	Software design and electronic information supply services	100,000	100,000	10,000	100.00	9,541	(28,193)	(28,193)
	Sitronix Holding International Ltd.	Samoa	Investment	184,260	61,420	6,000	100.00	204,268	5,134	5,134
Sitronix Investment Corp.	Sensortek Technology Corp.	Taiwan	R&D, design and sales of sensor integrated circuit products	(USD 6,000)	(USD 2,000)	10	-	210	842,773	39
	INFSitronix Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Comprehensive line of Power supervisor IC design	10	10	-	-	2	(20,788)	-

Note : Foreign currencies is converted into NTD using the exchange rates of the US dollar to NTD on December 31, 2022.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Method of Investment	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2022 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Remittance of Funds		Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2022 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership for Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2022	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2022
					Outward (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Inward						
Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Computer software and hardware development, sales and after-sales service business and related technical consulting services	\$ 12,284 (USD 400)	Note 1	\$ 12,284 (USD 400)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,284 (USD 400)	\$ 4,558	100%	\$ 4,558	\$ 27,022	\$ 10,237
HeFei ezGreen Co., Ltd.	Design, sales and technical services of Supplier management software development	44,080 (CNY 10,000)	Note 4	22,040 (CNY 5,000)	22,040 (CNY 5,000)	-	44,080 (CNY 10,000)	(7,562)	100%	(7,562)	20,579	-
HeFei Sitronix Co., Ltd.	R&D, design, sales and technical services of integrated circuits and system hardware and software	110,200 (CNY 25,000)	Note 5	99,180 (CNY 22,500)	-	-	99,180 (CNY 22,500)	94,419	90%	84,978	415,216	-
HeFei Sitronix Technology Co., Ltd.	R&D and sale of integrated circuits; R&D, service and sales of integrated circuits chip	132,240 (CNY 30,000)	Note 6	132,240 (CNY 30,000)	-	-	132,240 (CNY 30,000)	(3,987)	100%	(3,987)	128,300	-

Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Investment Amount Authorized by the Investment Commission, MOEA (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Upper Limit on the Amounts of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA
\$ 302,401 (US\$ 9,847)	\$ 715,881 (US\$ 23,311)	\$6,853,772

Note 1: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2022, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is US\$400 thousand, and the investment amount of US\$400 thousand has been remitted.

Note 2: Foreign currencies are converted into NTD using the exchange rates of the US dollar and CNY to NTD on December 31, 2022.

Note 3: According to the Investment Commission, MOEA, 60% of the net value of investments in mainland China is set.

Note 4: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2022, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is CNY10,000 thousand, and the investment amount of CNY10,000 thousand has been remitted.

Note 5: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2022, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is CNY45,000 thousand, and the investment amount of CNY22,500 thousand has been remitted.

Note 6: Direct Investment, as of December 31, 2022, the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, is CNY90,000 thousand, and the investment amount of CNY30,000 thousand has been remitted.

SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A THIRD PARTY, AND THEIR PRICES, PAYMENT TERMS, AND UNREALIZED GAINS OR LOSSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investor Company	Investee Company	Relationship	Transaction Type	Total Operating Expenses		Price	Transaction Details		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		Unrealized (Gain) Loss	Note
				Amount	%		Payment Terms	Comparison with Normal Transactions	Ending Balance	%		
The Company	Sitronix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd	From the parent company to the subsidiary	Professional service fees	\$ 162,438	8%	Calculated based on the contract	Calculated based on the contract	No related similar transactions to follow	\$ -	-	\$ -	-